

4<sup>th</sup> edition

# eReadiness 2023

## Survey Report

Customer needs and recommended actions for e-mobility players

September 2023



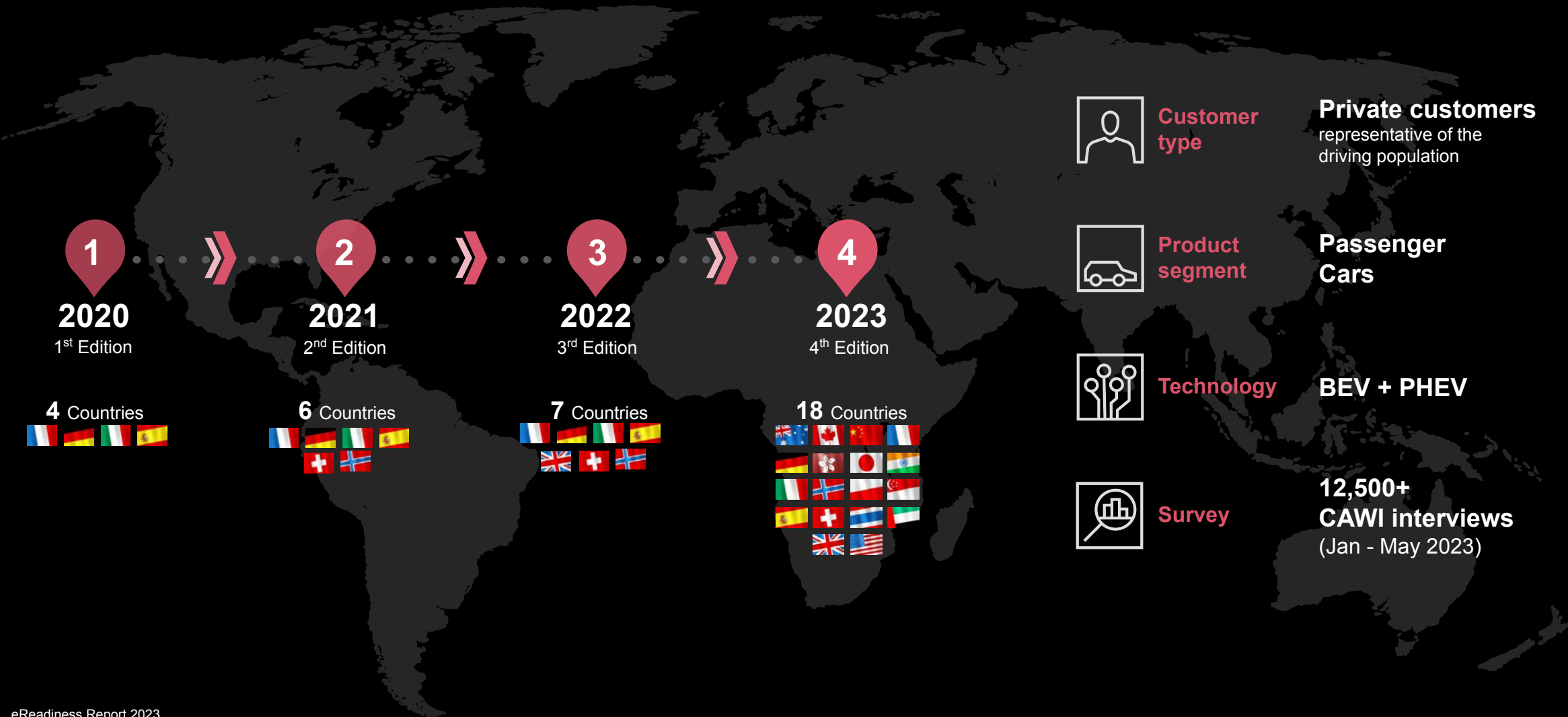
# Agenda

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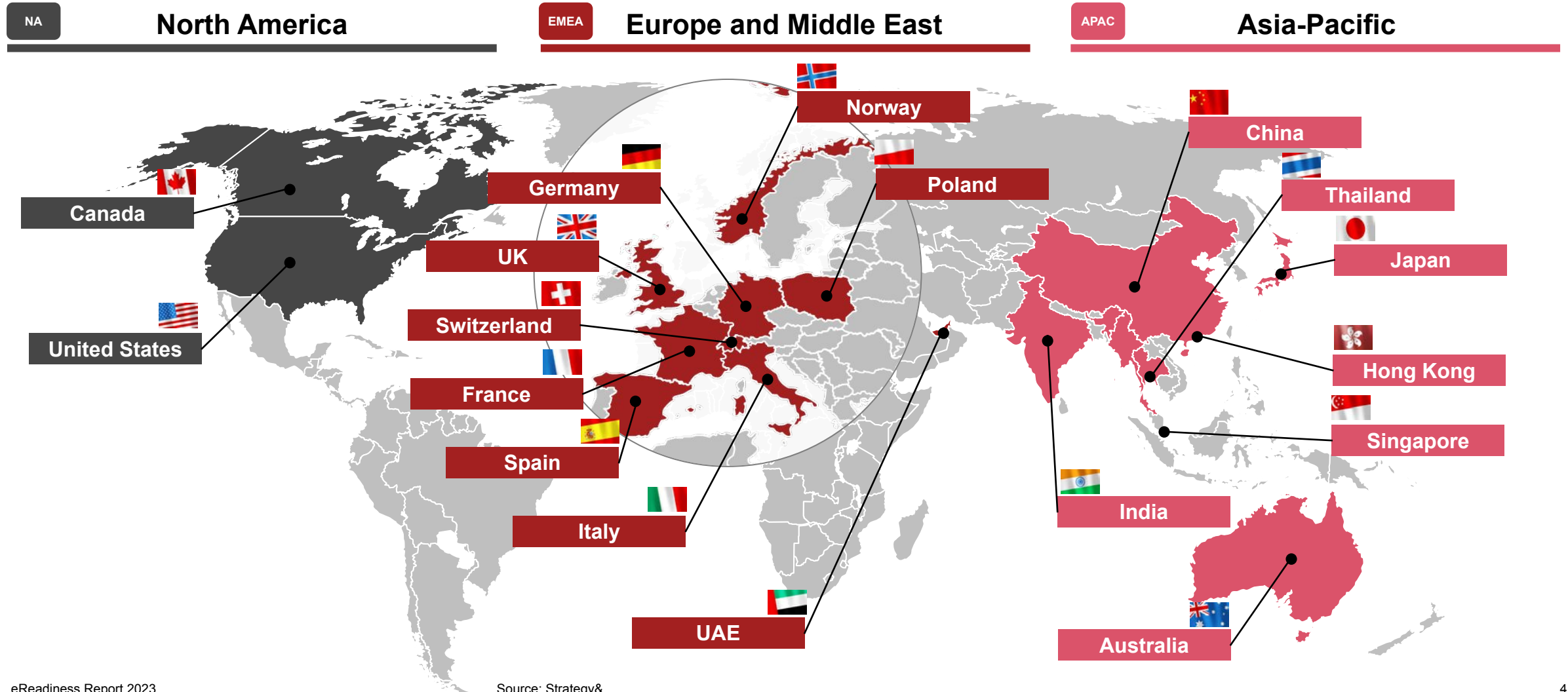
# The 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the study provides updated perspectives on the short-term development of the e-mobility business in 18 markets

## About the study



# This year edition covers 18 countries across the globe, grouped into three regions

eReadiness 2023 – Countries in scope





01.

# Executive Summary

# Key insights from the consumer research sample

## Consumers demand

- Consumers show a strong interest in e-mobility, with c. 30% of those surveyed disclosing an intention to buy an EV in the next 2 years
- EV Owners (6% of the respondents) are mainly high-income, middle-aged males living in city centres with access to private parking spaces
- EV Prospects (61% of the respondents) have ~20% less income than EV Owners. Of the 6 personas identified, Tech Enthusiasts, Dreamers and Pragmatic are the 3 determined to have the greatest intention of buying an EV and represent c. 70% of the demand in the next 2 years, suggesting that the EV market is shifting towards a mass market
- Sceptics (31% of the respondents) are predominantly women with a lower available income and c. 6 years older than EV Prospects
- Online vehicle sales represent 20% of EV sales, mainly for premium vehicles, with 65% of consumers considering purchasing their next vehicle online, this is driven primarily by convenience and price transparency
- Used EV interest is significant, with 60% of EV owners declaring an interest in purchasing a used car due to the lower costs and immediate availability. However, uncertainty surrounding battery state of health (SoH) remains a key barrier

## eReadiness Index

- In Europe, Norway, Switzerland and Germany are the most e-ready countries, driven by a mature charging infrastructure and a high consumer demand. Italy and Spain lag behind despite generous government incentives
- In APAC, Hong Kong, China and Singapore are the most e-ready countries with high customer demand and, especially in Hong Kong and China, a well established charging infrastructure
- Australia appears to be the least eReady country across the entire panel

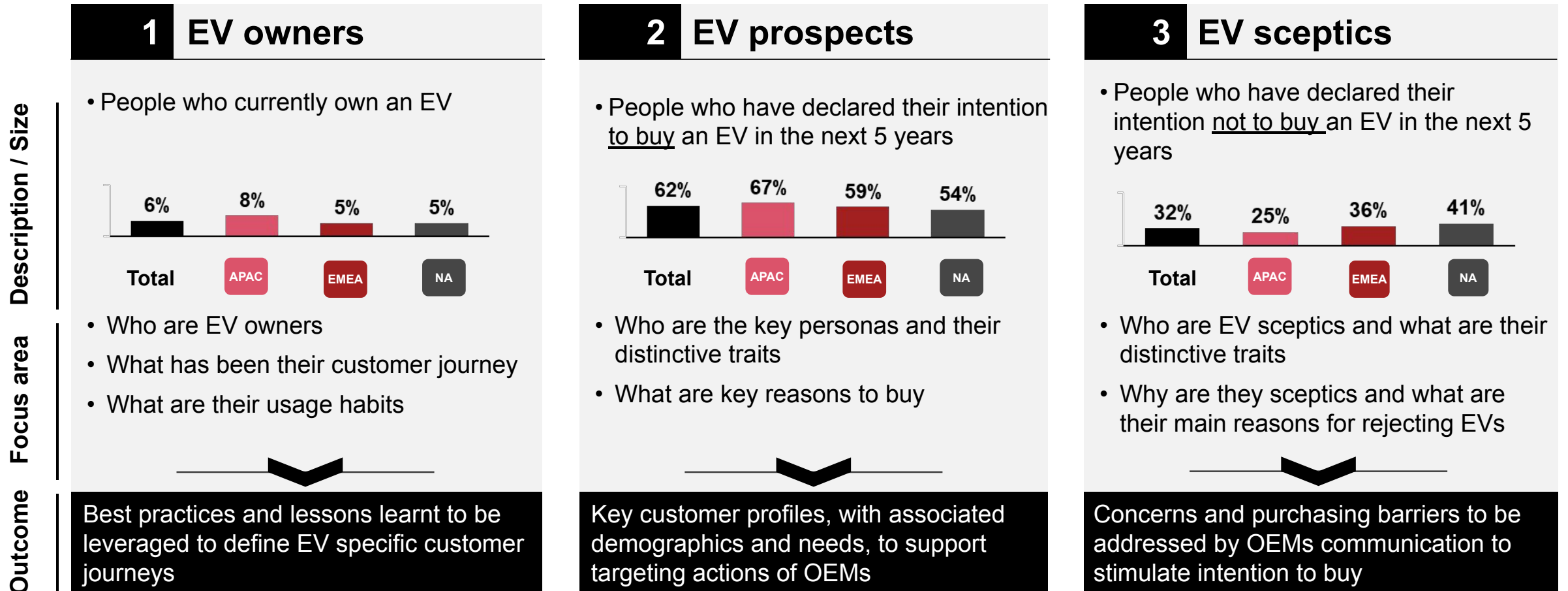
02.

# Consumer viewpoints

# Consumers have been grouped into 3 main clusters within 3 regions: EV owners, EV prospects and EV sceptics

## Consumer survey – Clusters and investigation areas

# 12,816 respondents








# Overall, EV owners are younger, wealthier and with greater access to private parking spaces compared to prospects and sceptics


## Consumer survey – Cluster profiles


# 12,816 respondents

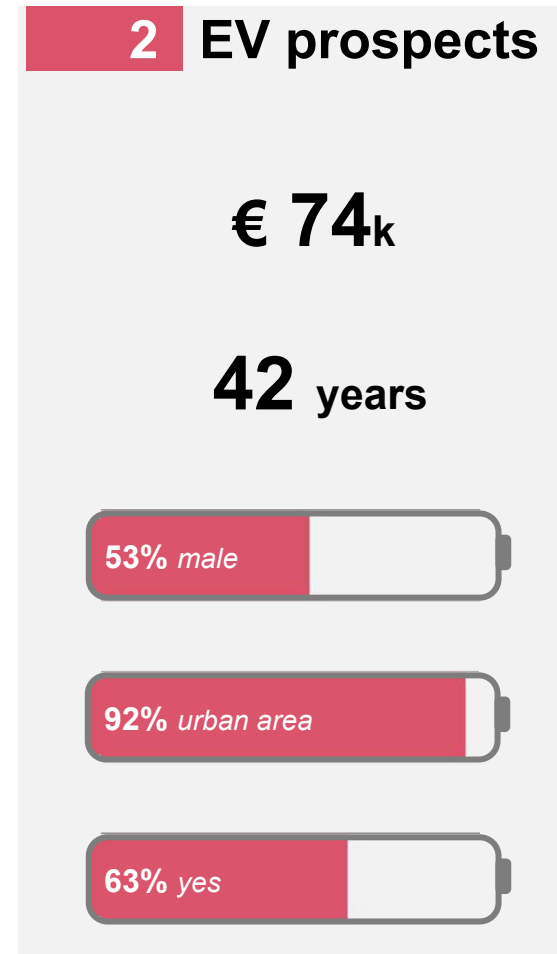
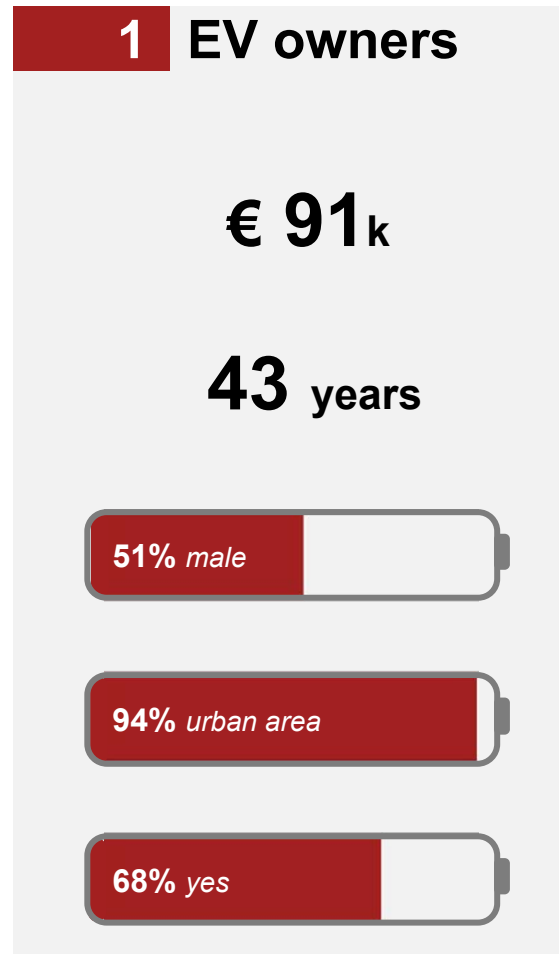
 What is your annual gross income?

 What is your age?

 What is your gender?

 Where do you live?

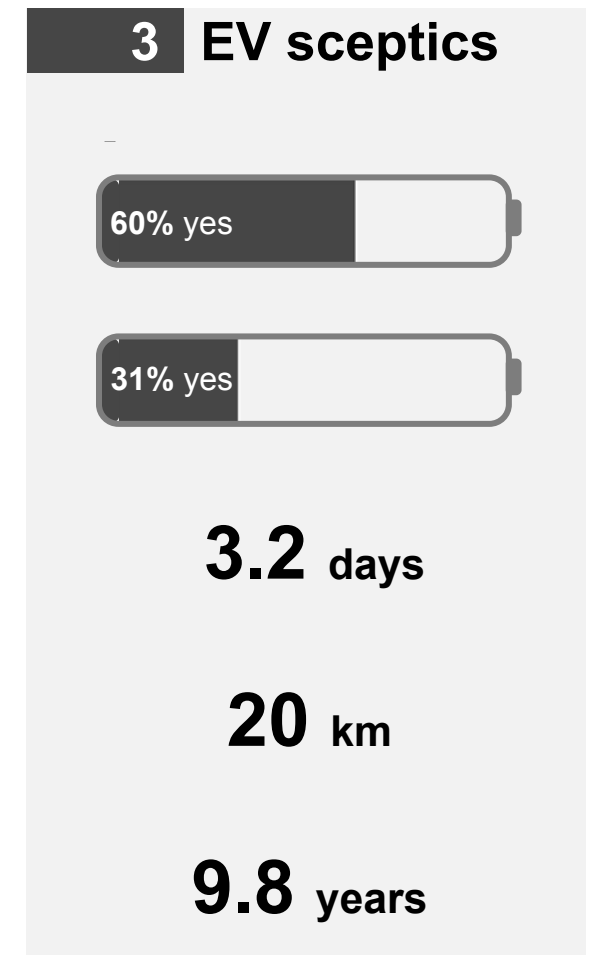
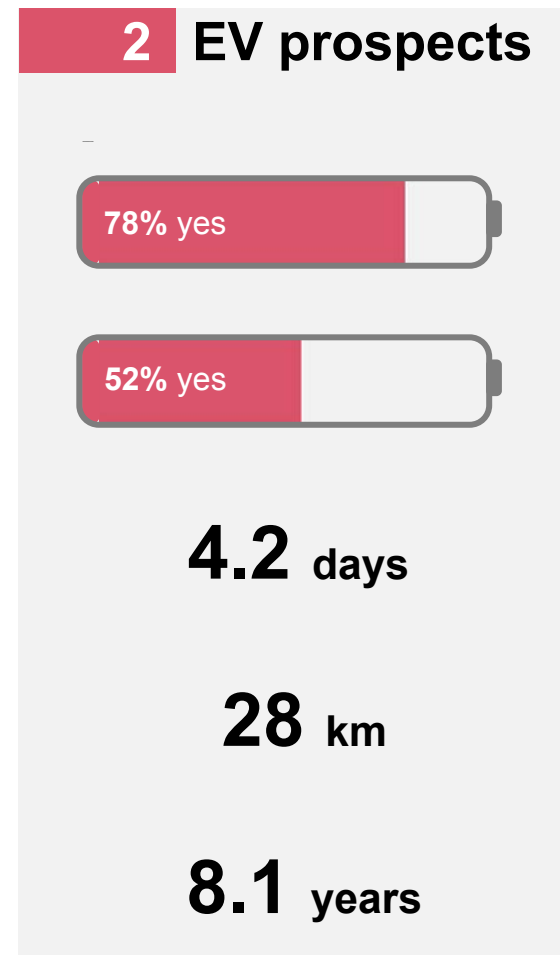
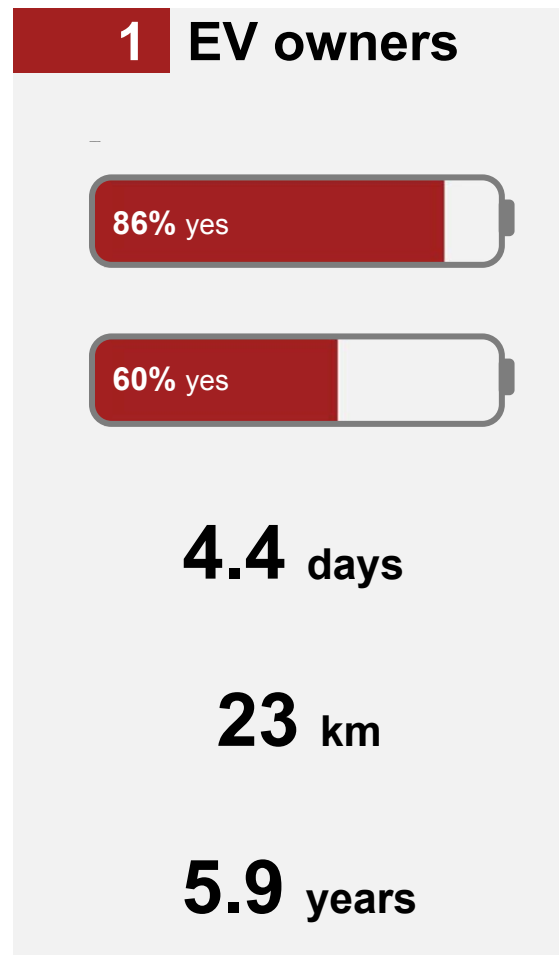
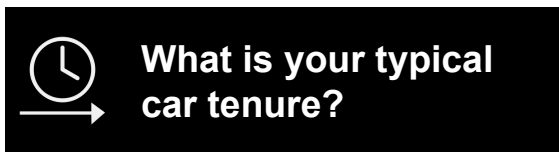
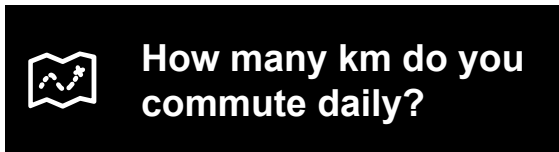
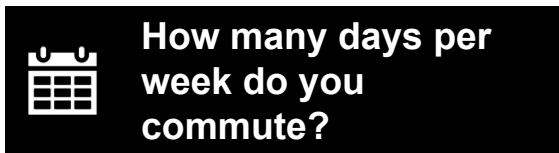
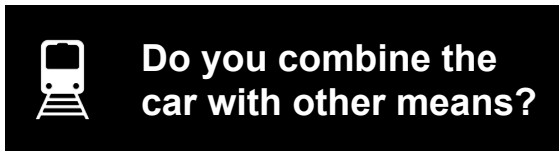
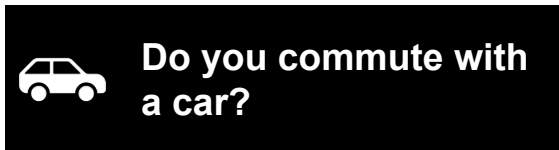
 Do you have a private parking spot at home?



# Current EV owners tend to use their car more often for commuting, and are more likely to combine it with other means of transportation

## Consumer survey – Cluster profiles

# 12,816 respondents

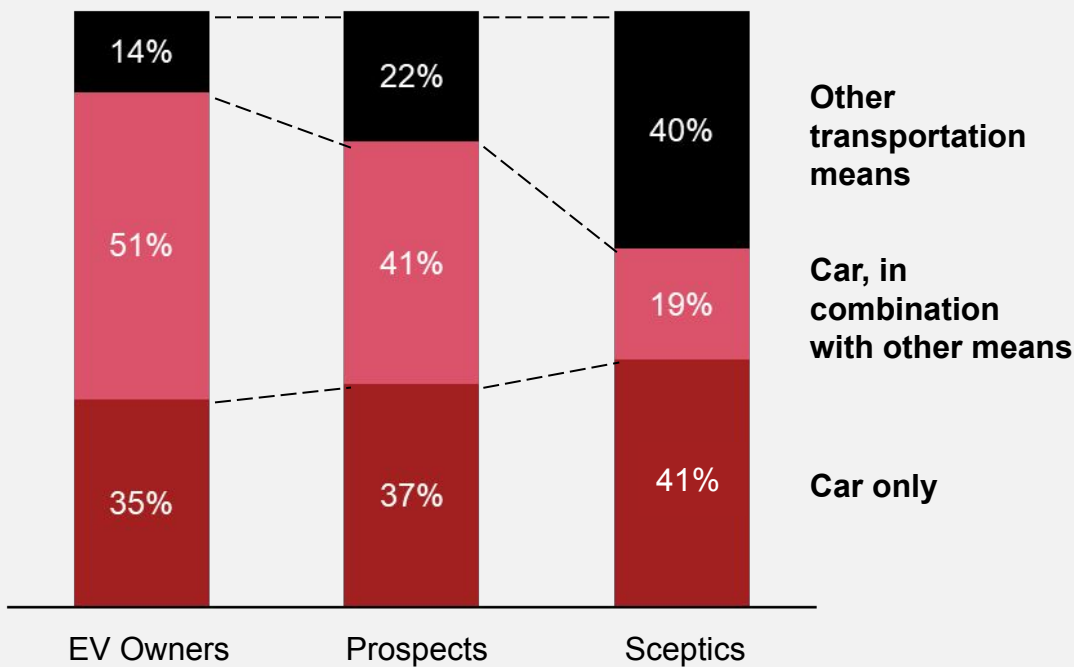


# EV owners commute primarily with their car and adopt more multi-modal solutions compared to sceptics

## Mobility needs – Commuting

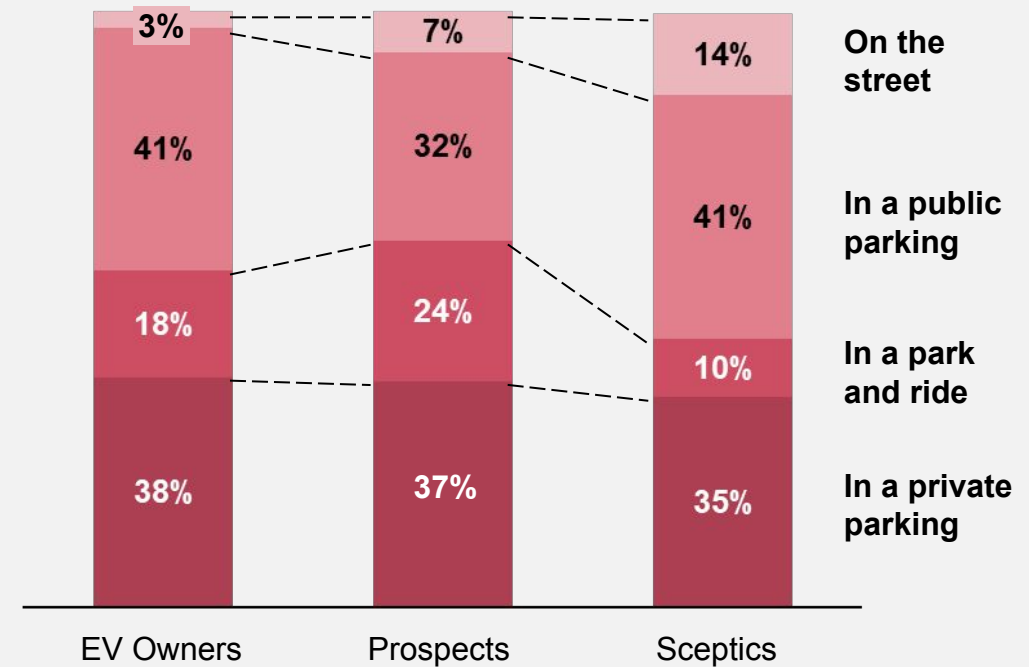
### Which of the following means do you use to commute?

# 12,816 respondents



### Where do you typically park your car when you switch means?

# 4,383 respondents

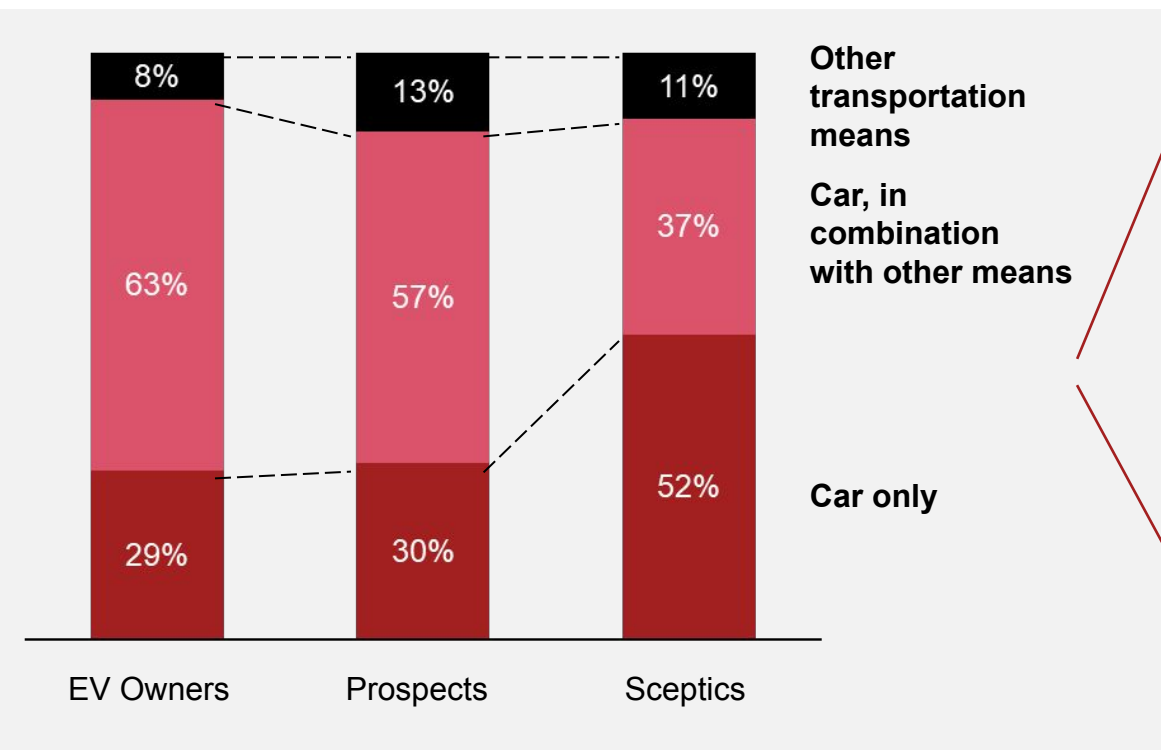


# Multimodality gains an even more important role across all clusters during the free time

## Mobility needs – Free time

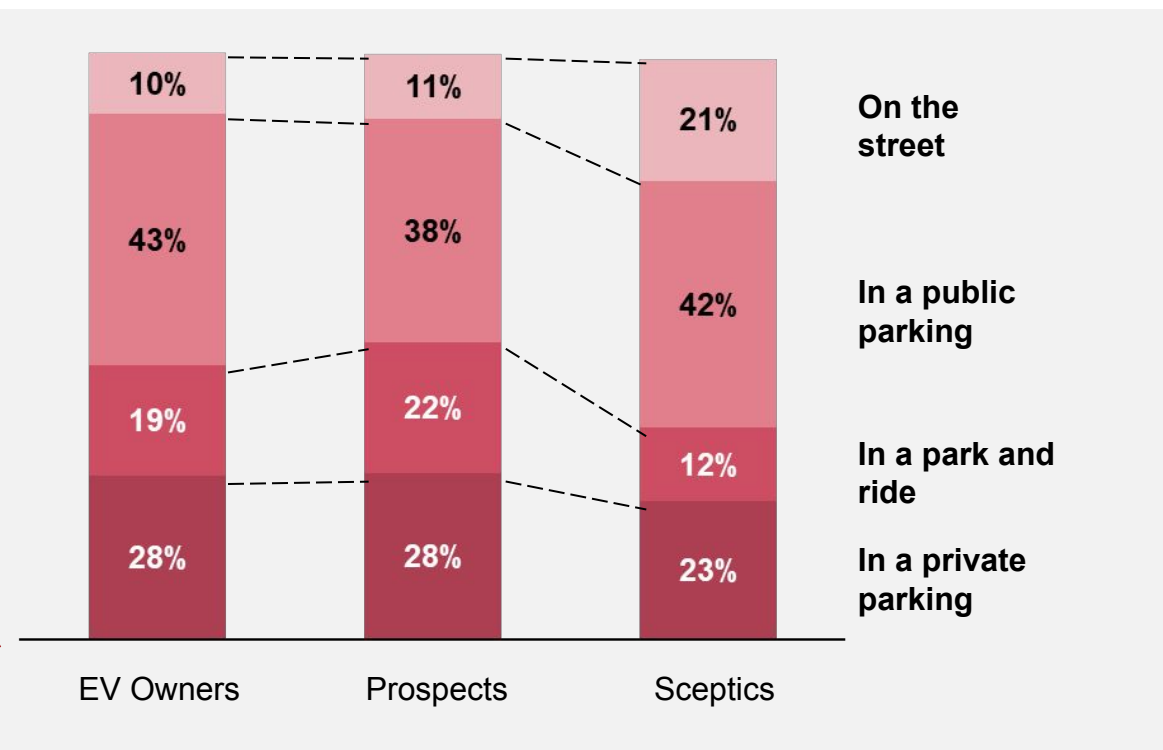
Which of the following means do you use during your free time?

# 12,816 respondents



Where do you typically park your car when you switch means?

# 5,772 respondents



A woman with long blonde hair, wearing glasses and a black sleeveless top, is leaning over a silver electric car. She is holding a red charging cable that is plugged into the car's charging port. The car is parked at a public charging station. In the background, there is another silver car and a building. The scene is set outdoors during the day.

## 02. Consumer viewpoints

# EV Owners

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Consumers that already own an Electric Vehicle, either plug-in hybrid or fully electric

# EV owners show substantial differences across the globe, highlighting a different maturity in the EV adoption

## EV owners – Regional differences

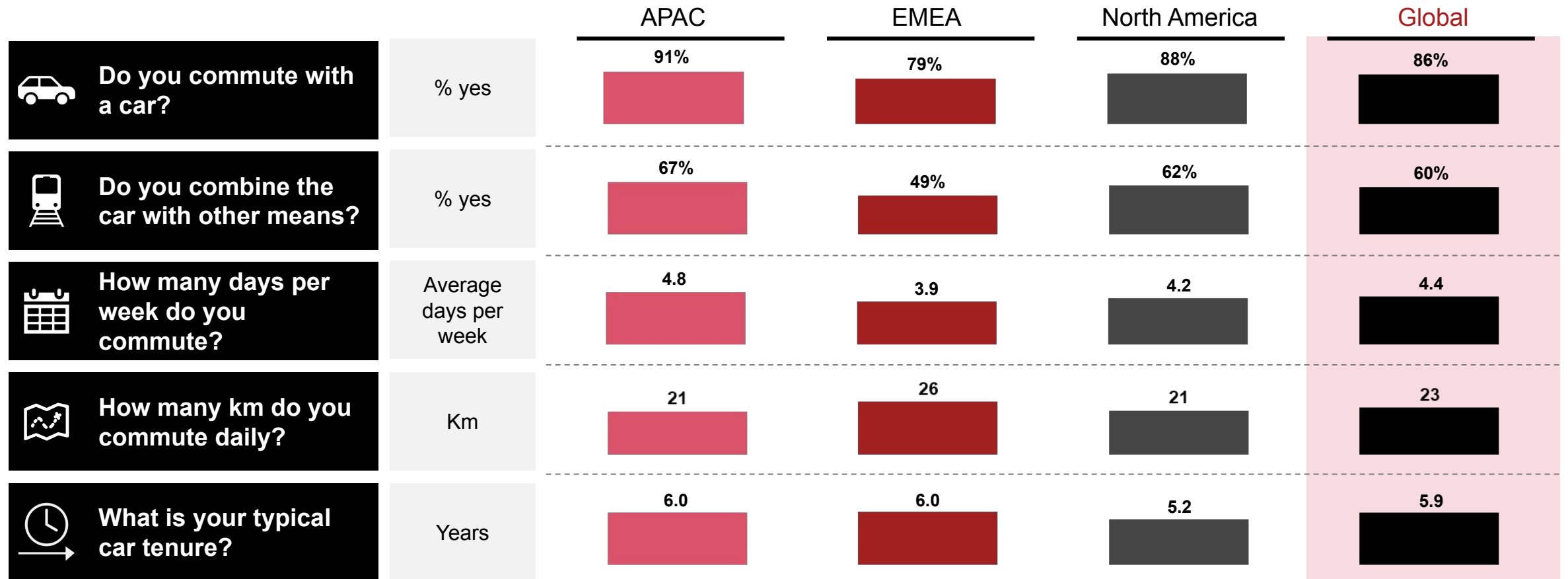
# 778 respondents



# EV owners show substantial differences across the globe, highlighting a different maturity in the EV adoption

## EV owners – Regional differences

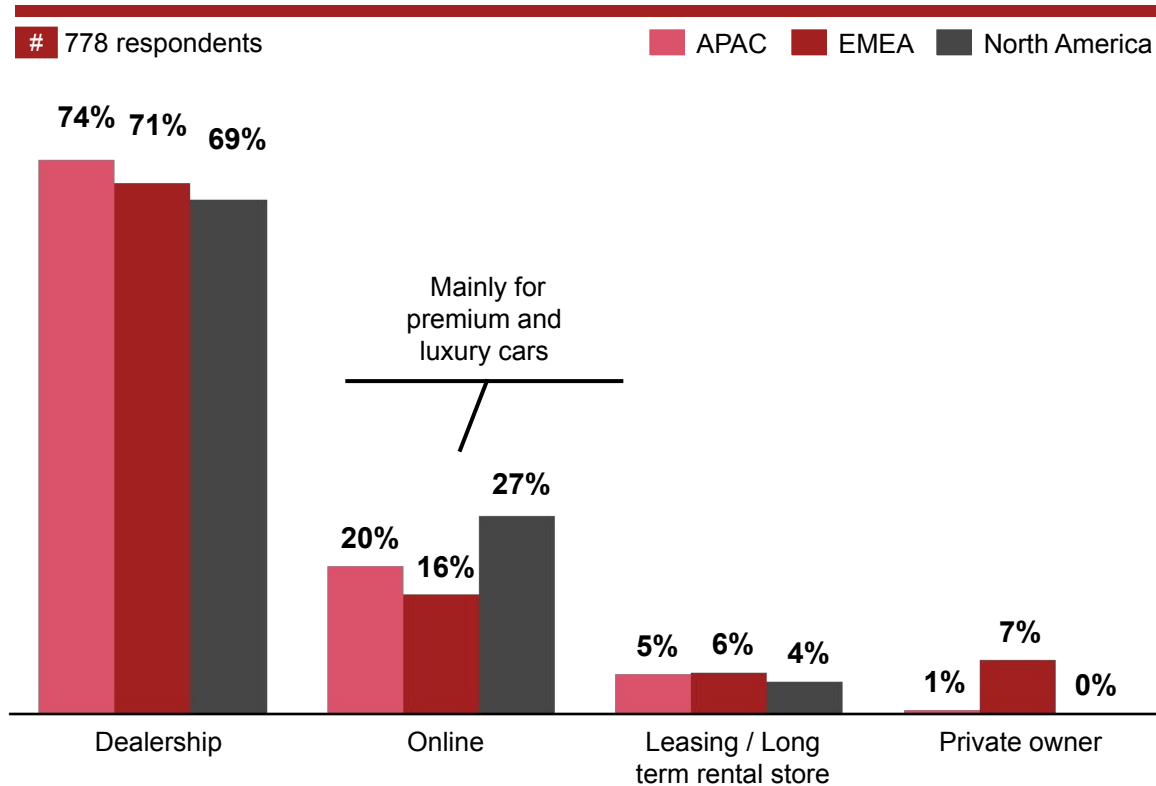
# 778 respondents



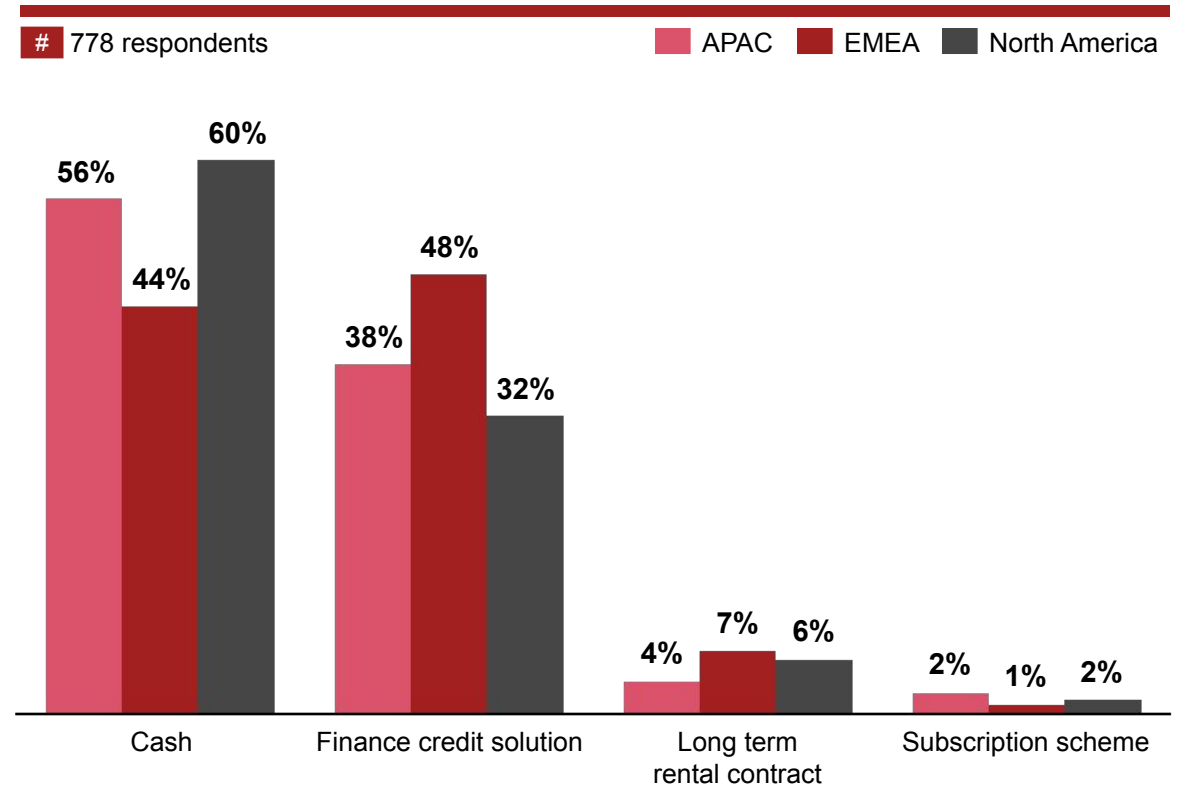
# A dealership is the main purchase channel for EVs, with online gaining traction for premium players, particularly in North America

## Purchase method

### Where did you buy it?



### How did you buy it?

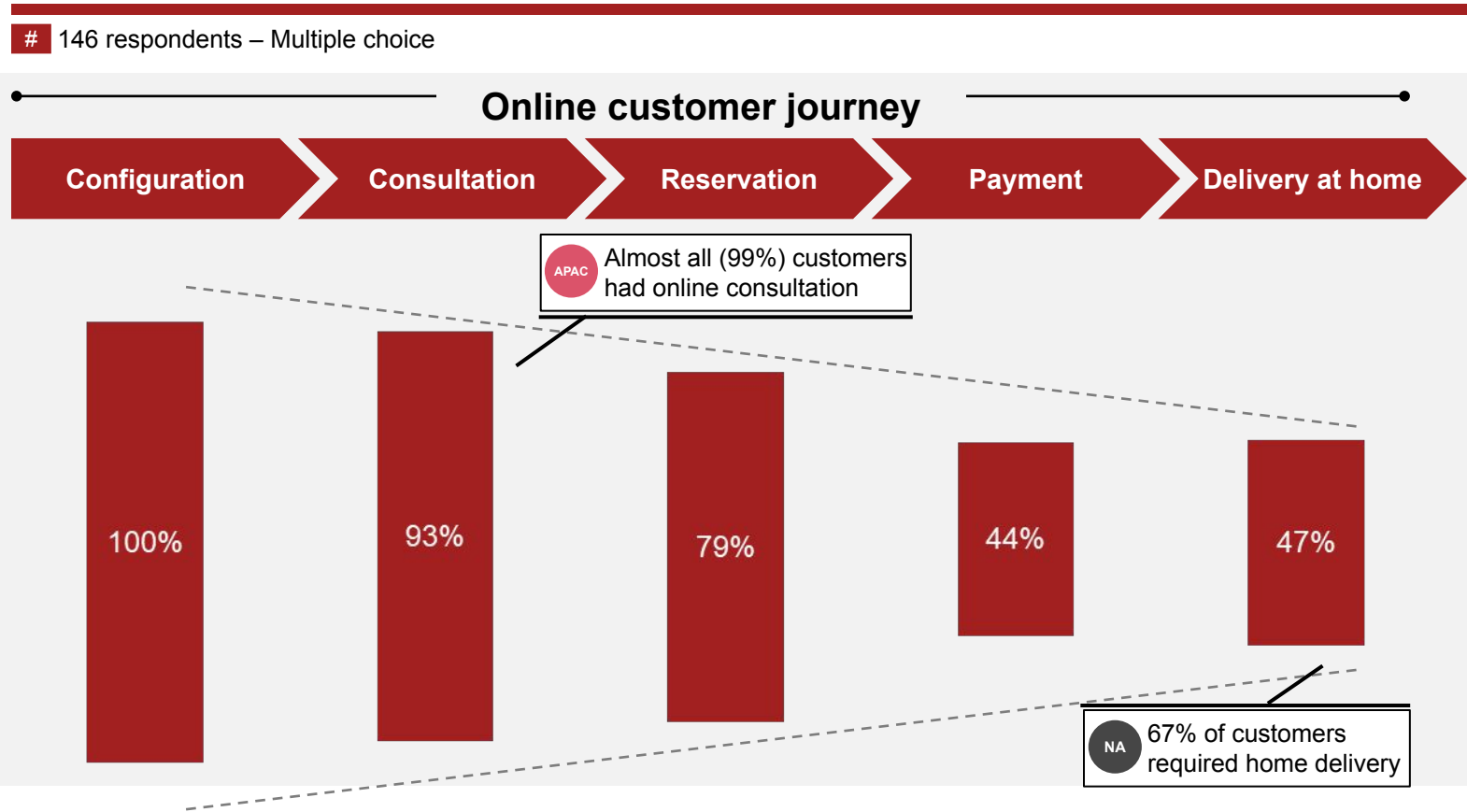




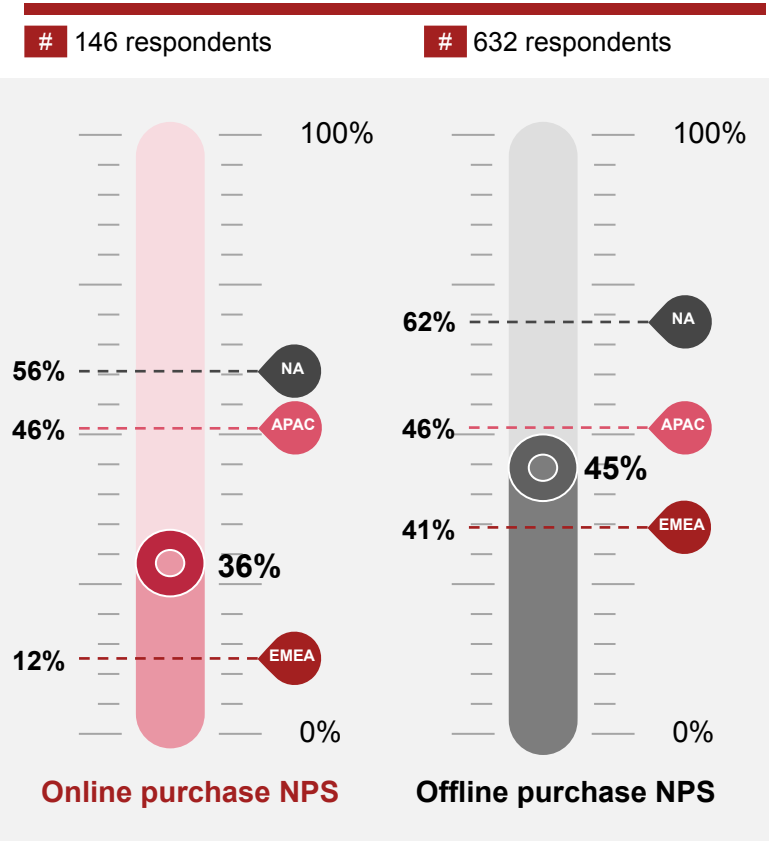
# Online buyers show lower satisfaction than offline ones - except in the APAC region - with online payment representing a key barrier to an end-to-end journey

## Online customer journey

### Which activities did you perform online?



### How satisfied are you with the overall purchasing process?



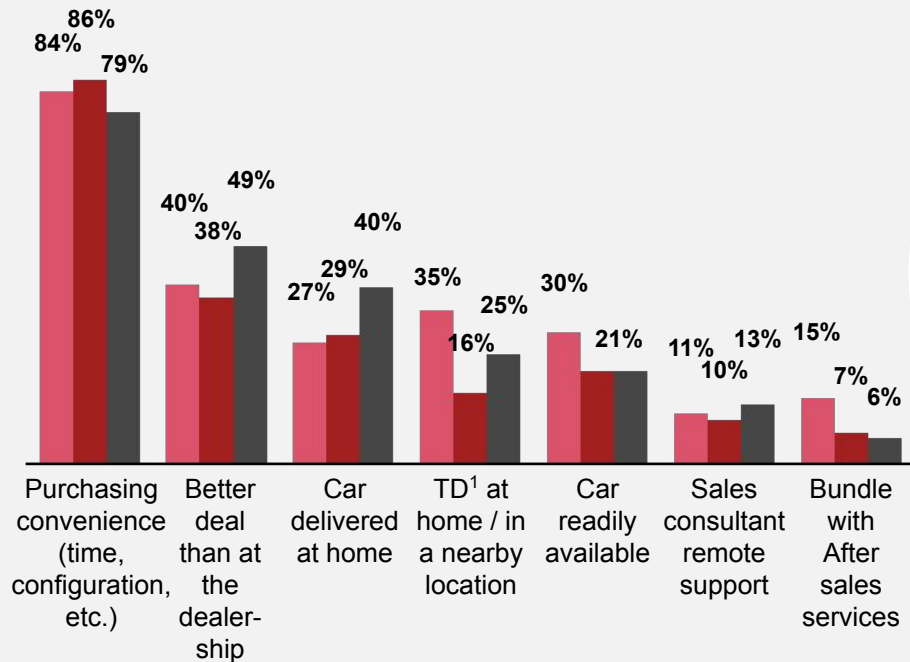
# 65% of current EV owners, would buy their next car online, driven by convenience, price and a readily available vehicle

## Online purchase intention

### What are the main reasons to buy an EV online?

# 507 respondents – Multiple choice

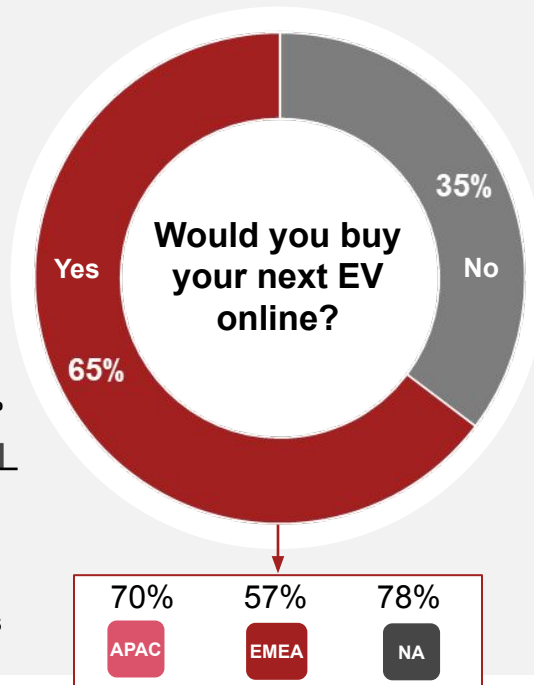
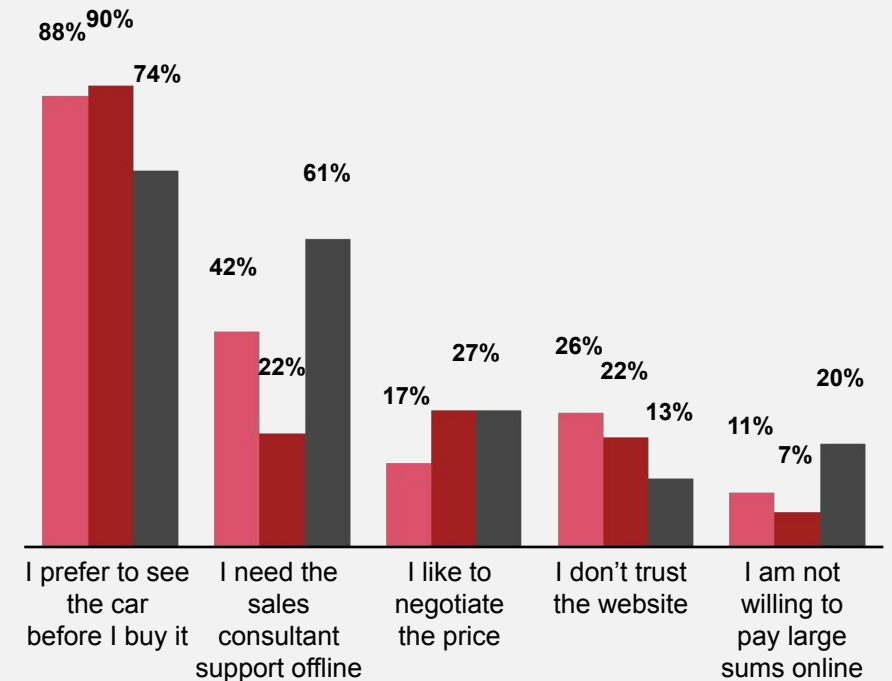
APAC EMEA NA



### What are the key barriers not to buy an EV online?

# 271 respondents – Multiple choice

APAC EMEA NA



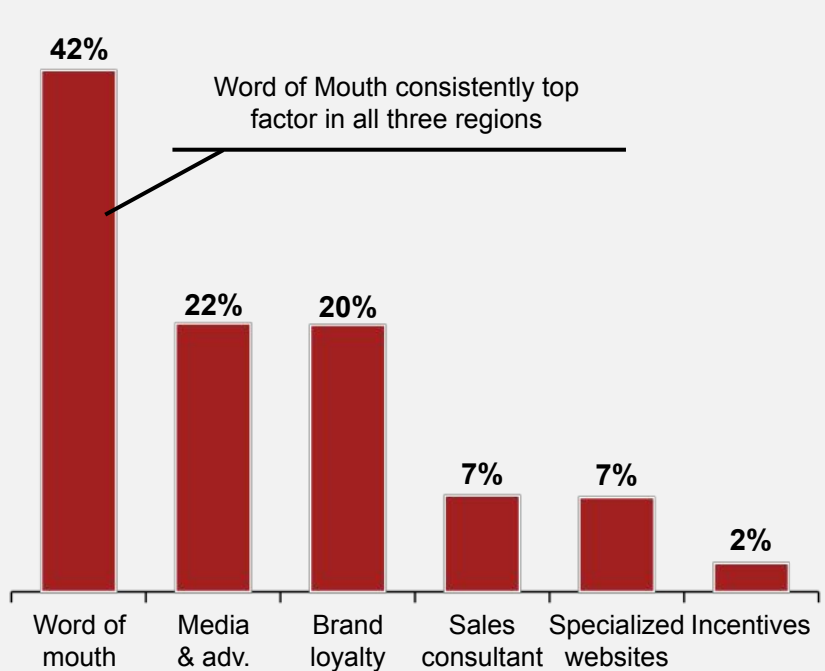
# Word of mouth is the key trigger for EV consideration – the financial offer and driving experience are the fundamental factors for purchase

## EV customer journey

### How did you begin to consider buying an EV?

# 778 respondents

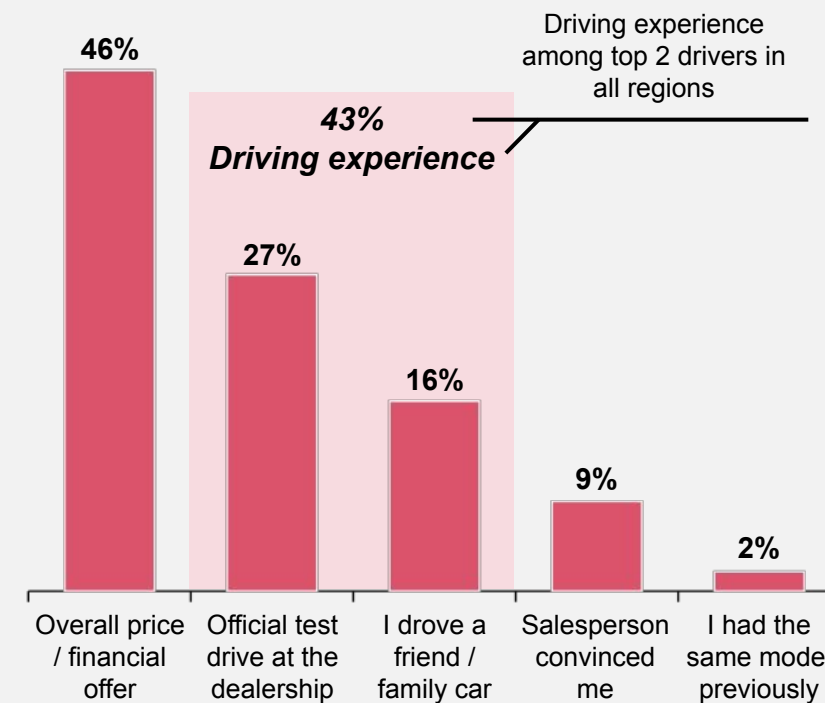
#### Consideration



### What was the deciding factor that led you buying it?

# 778 respondents

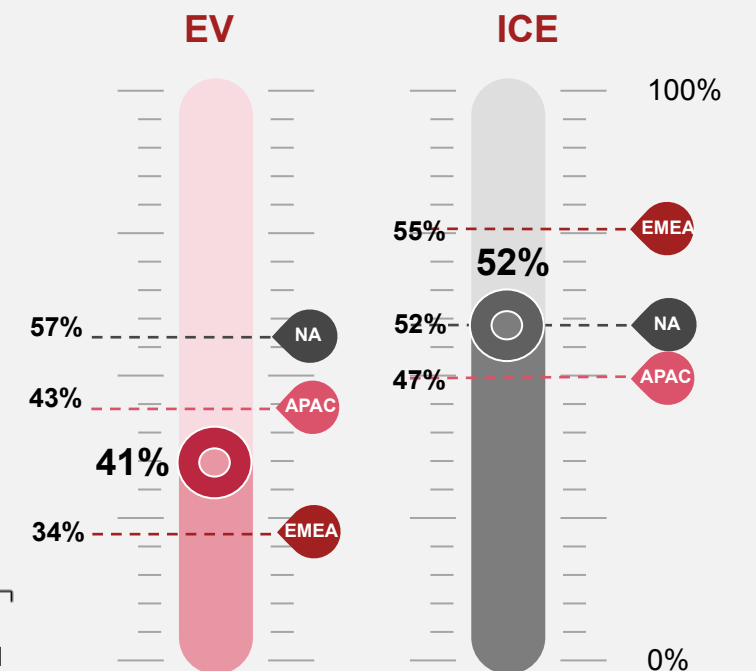
#### Purchase



### How satisfied were you with the overall purchasing process?

# 778 respondents

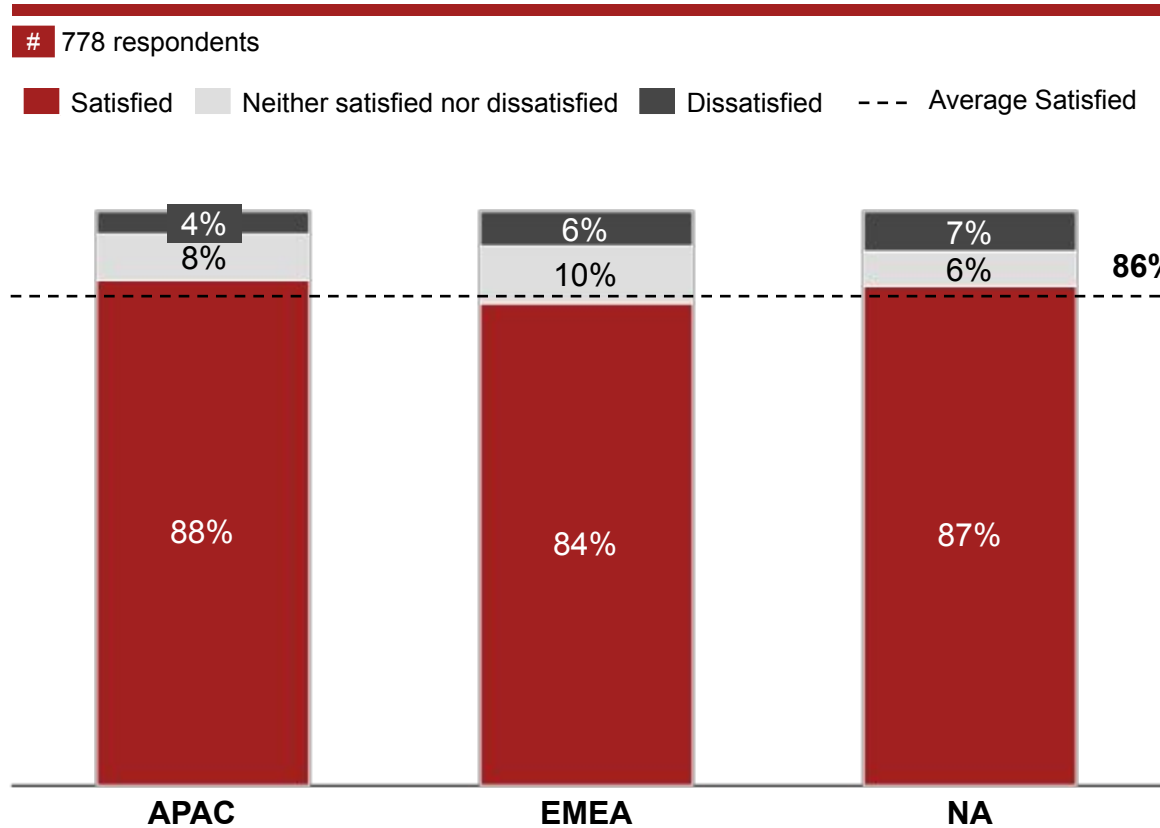
#### Loyalty (NPS)



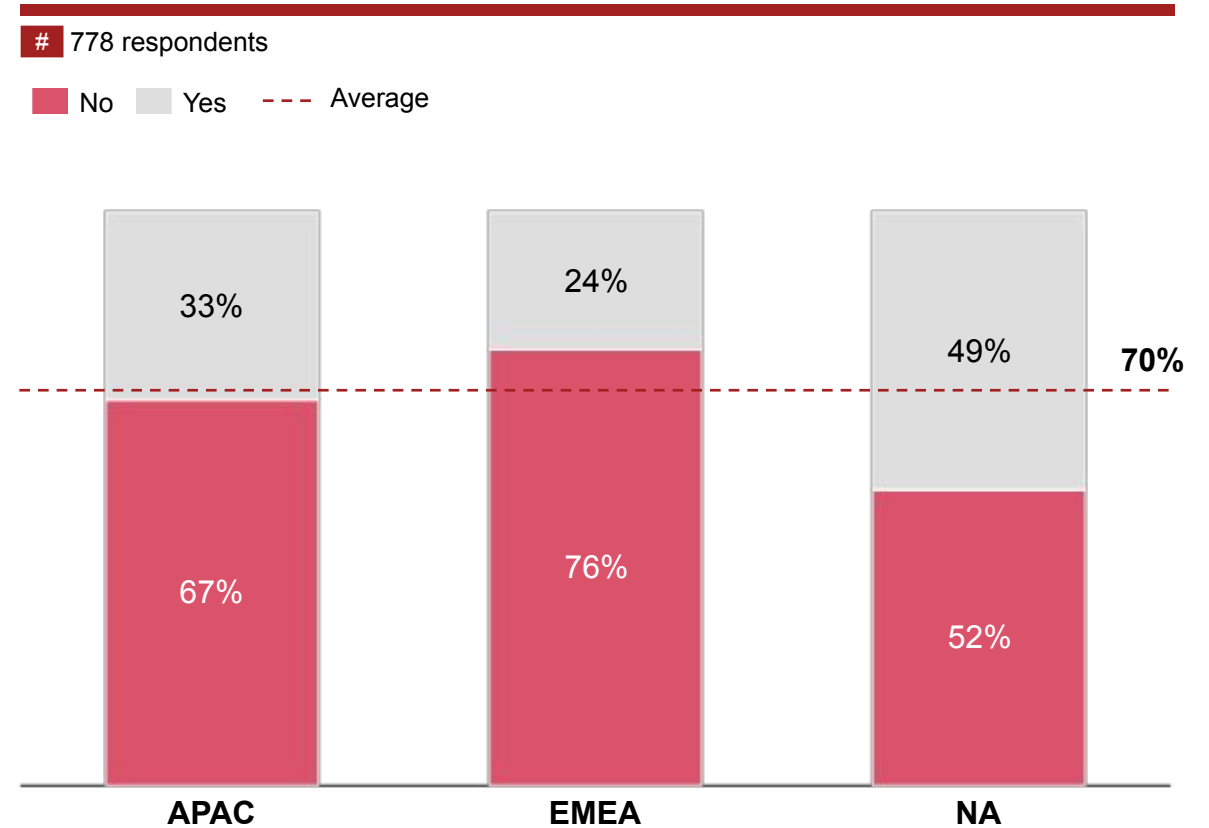
# EV owners are mostly satisfied, even if almost half of North American customers would be willing to consider switching back to ICE

Customer satisfaction – Focus on product

## How satisfied are you with your current EV?



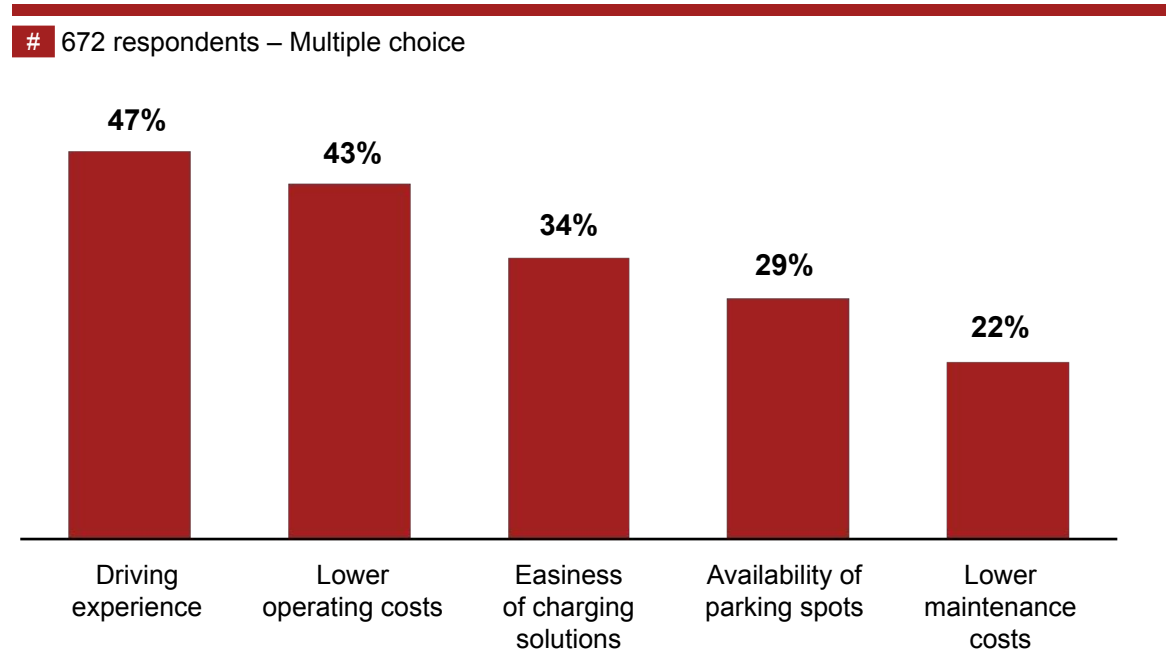
## Would you switch back to ICE?



# Driving experience and lower operating costs are the main drivers of EV owners satisfaction, with charging still being an issue

Customer satisfaction – Focus on product

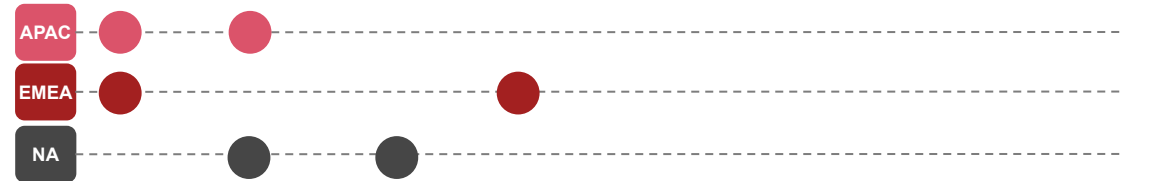
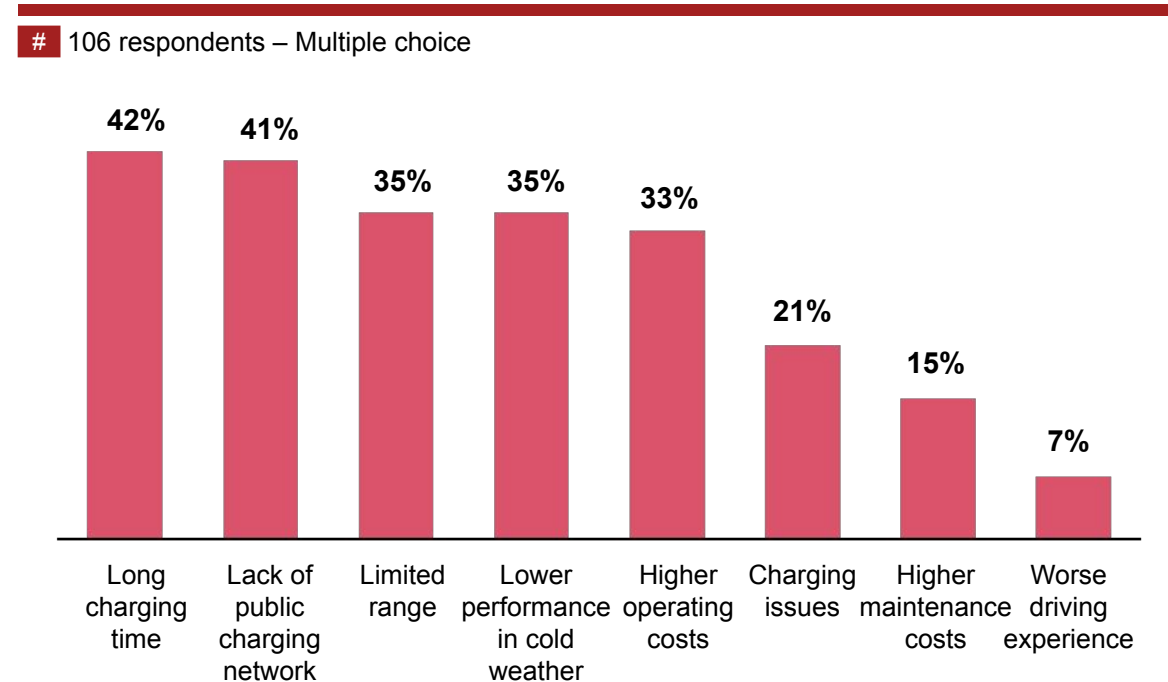
## What are the main drivers of your satisfaction?



Top 2 reasons



## What are the main issues you are facing with your EV?

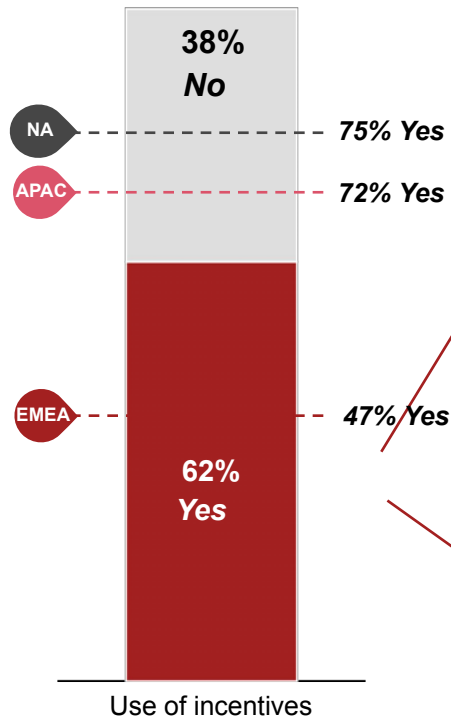


# Majority of EV owners purchased their car by leveraging public incentives, yet 89% would have bought an EV regardless

## Purchase incentives

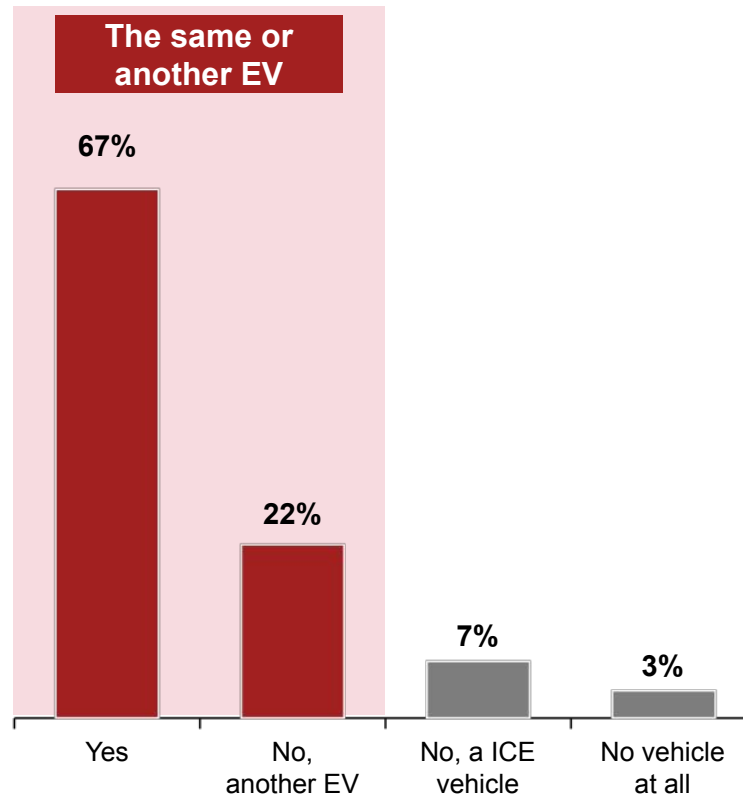
### Did you make use of economic incentives to purchase the EV?

# 778 respondents



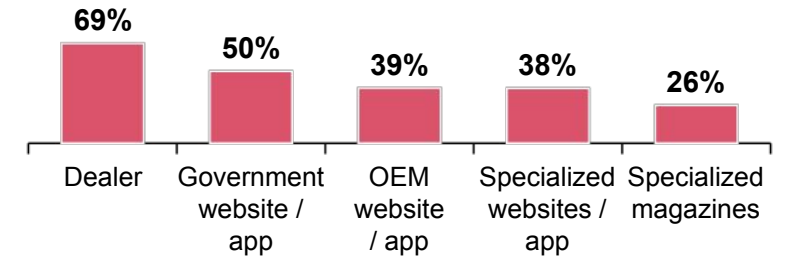
### Would you have bought it without incentives / subsidies?

# 485 respondents



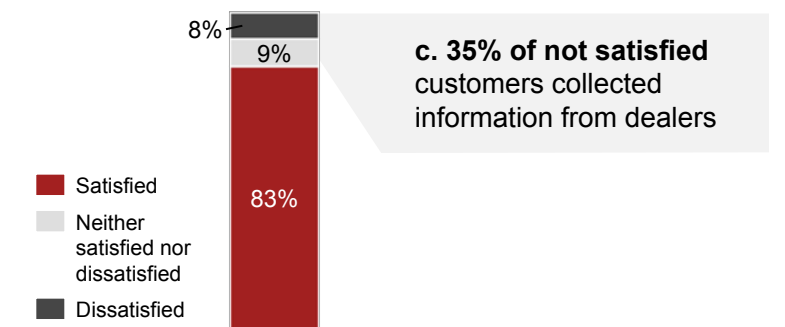
### How did you become aware of the incentives that were available?

# 485 respondents – Multiple choice



### Are you satisfied by the information collected regarding incentives?

# 485 respondents

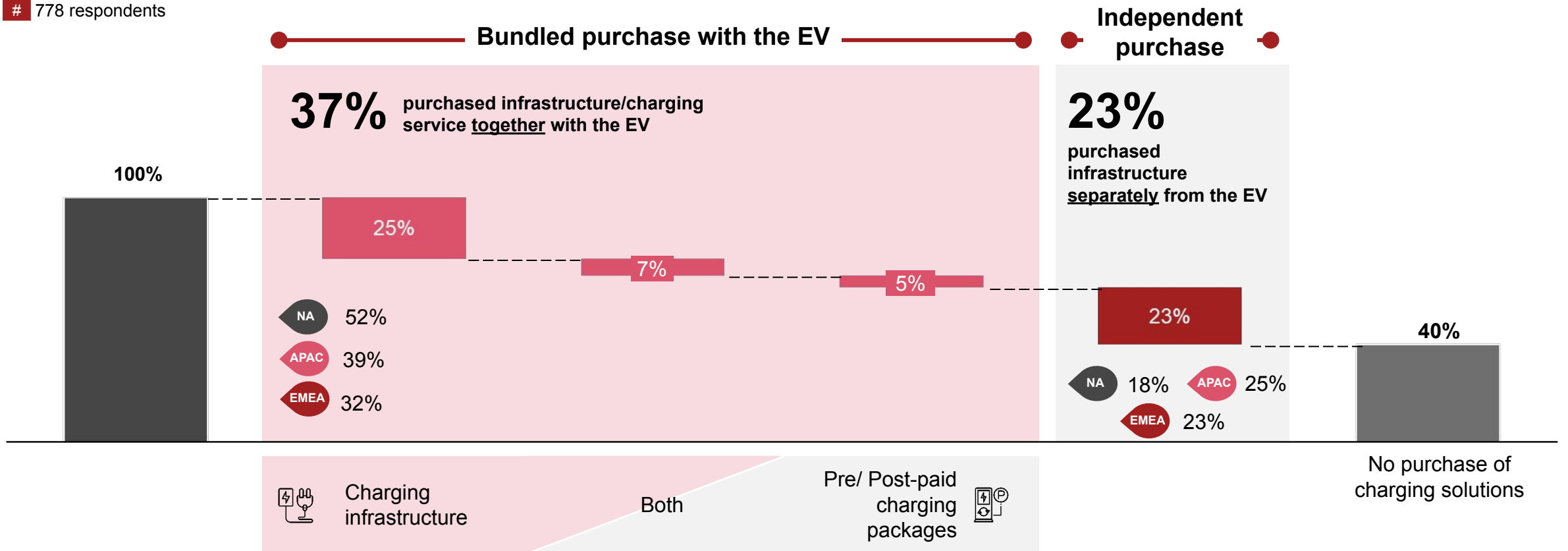


# 37% of EV owners purchased a charging solutions bundled with their car, with an additional 23% purchasing it separately

## Charging solutions

What additional charging infrastructure / services did you buy together with your EV?

# 778 respondents

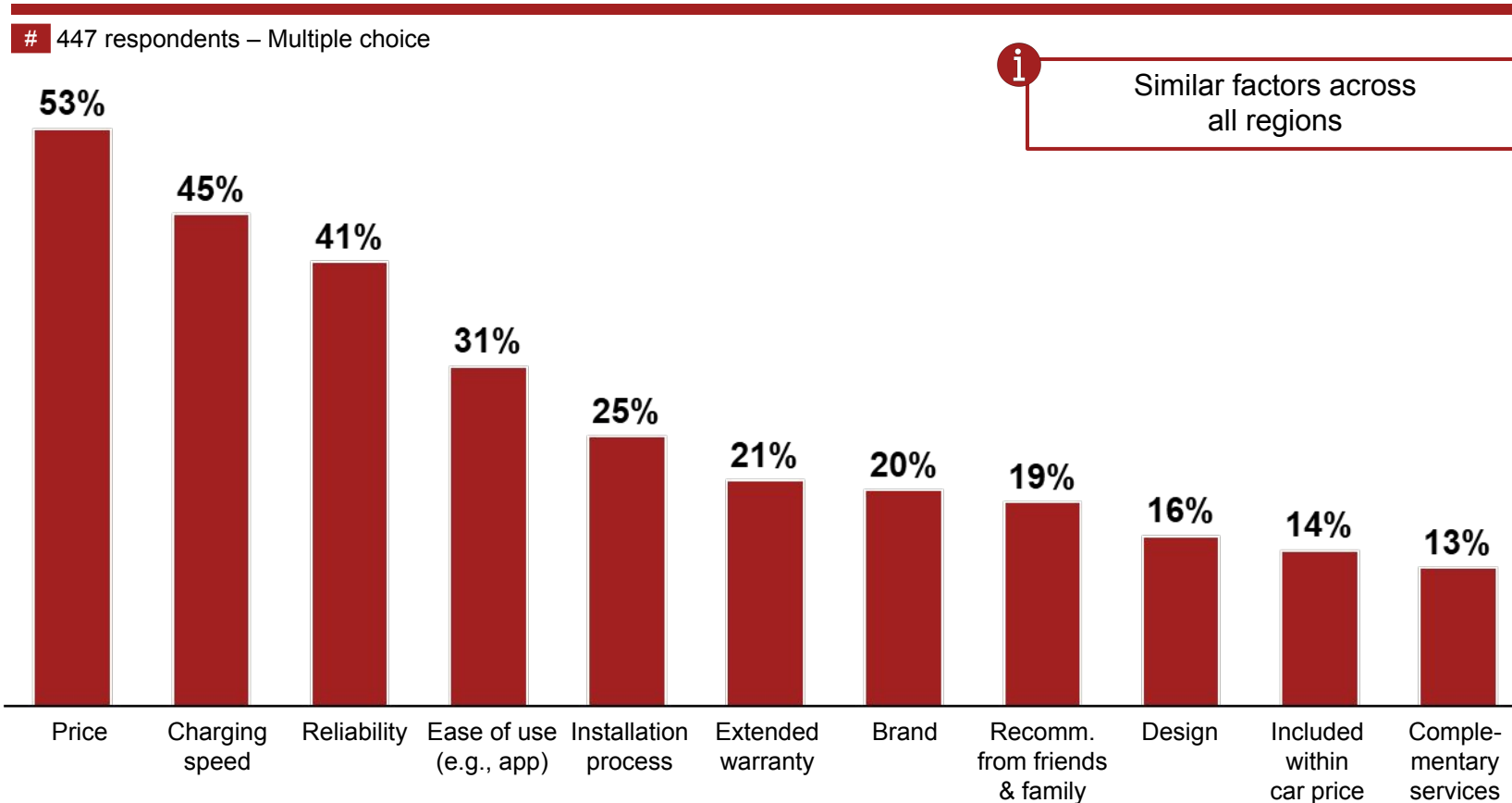


Note: percentages may not total 100% due to rounding  
Source: Strategy& analysis on feedback from consumer survey

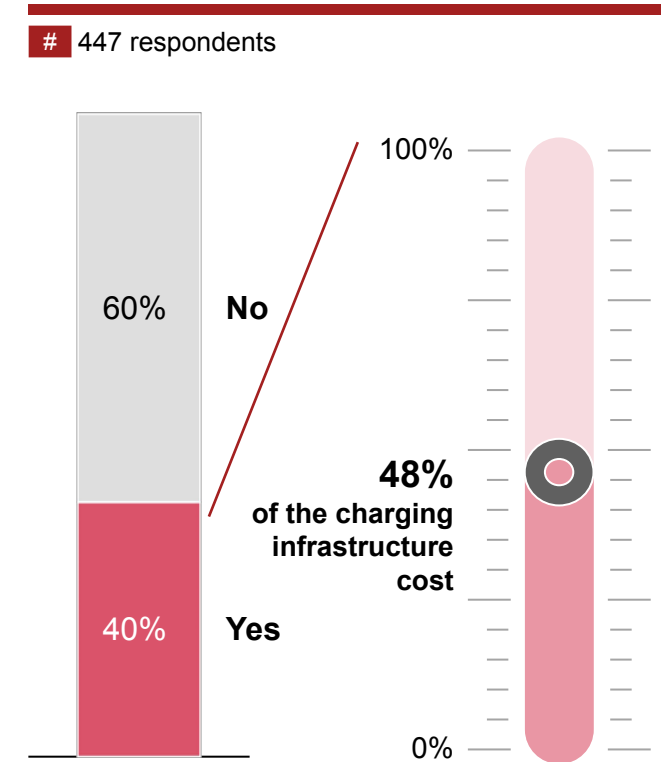
# Price, charging speed and reliability are the key purchasing criteria when buying private charging infrastructure

## Private charging – Driving factors

### What are the key driving factors when buying the charging infrastructure?



### Did you use any incentive for the charging infrastructure?





# The private charging installation process is a key driver of customer satisfaction, with customers less satisfied when it is left to 3<sup>rd</sup> parties

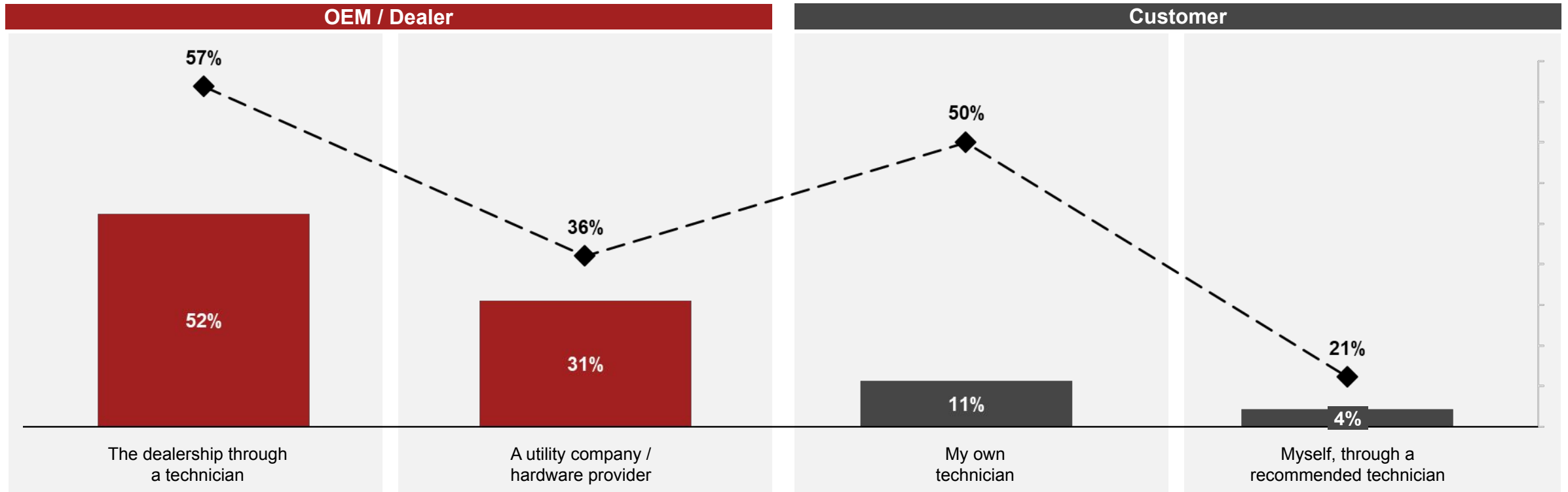
## Private charging – Customer satisfaction with installation

**i** Similar factors across all regions

### Who was in charge of installing the charging infrastructure?

# 447 respondents

**%** NPS Score



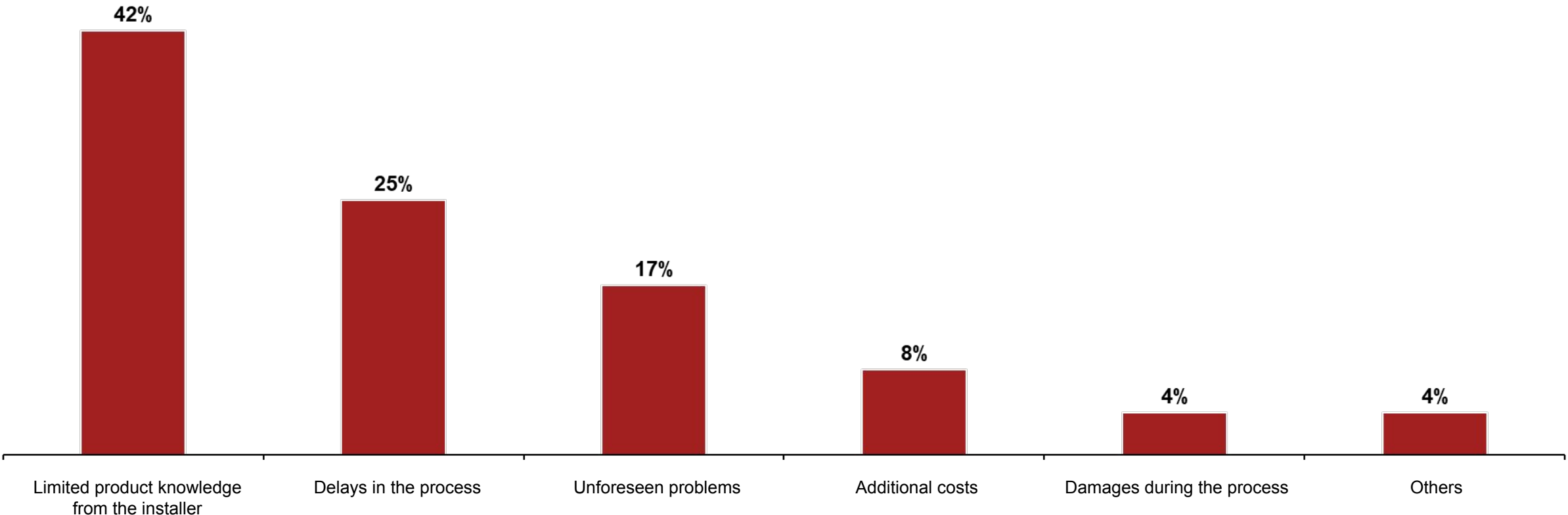
# Unprepared installers and lack of installation process management are the key reasons for customers dissatisfaction

## Private charging – Installation issues

Which are the key issues you faced during the installation process?

**i** Similar factors across all regions

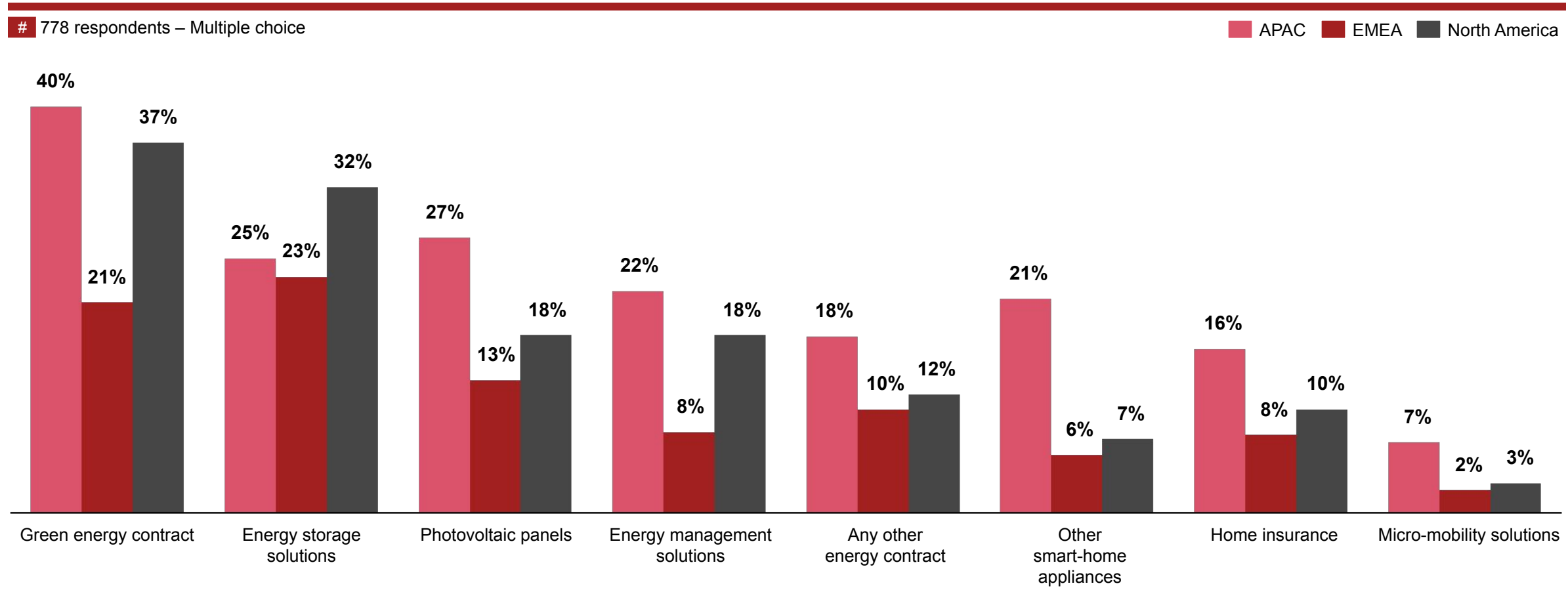
# 84 respondents (detractors)



# EV owners showed high level of interest in purchasing additional products and services, in particular green energy contracts

## Additional products & services

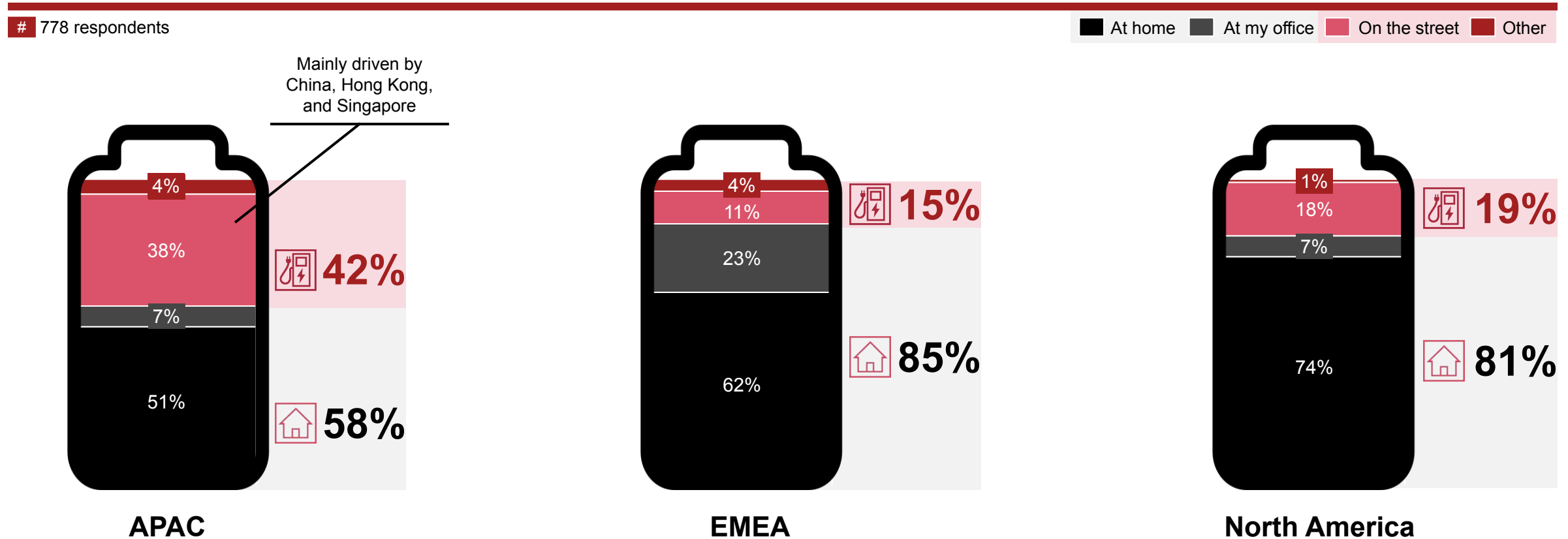
### What other EV-related products did you purchase recently?



# EV owners charge their vehicle mostly at home, with APAC being the region in which on-the-street-charging has been heavily adopted

## Charging preferences

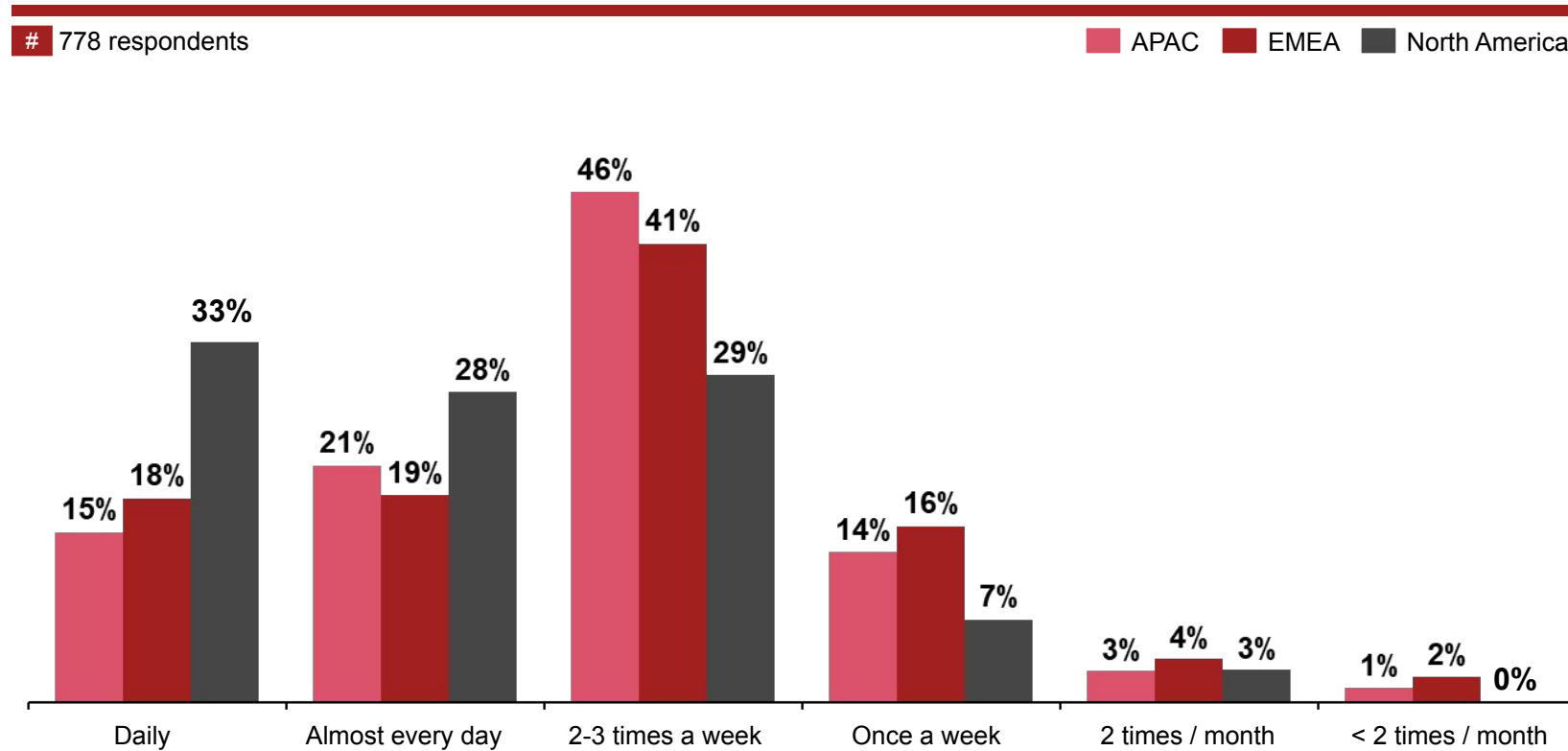
Which is the primary location where you charge your EV?



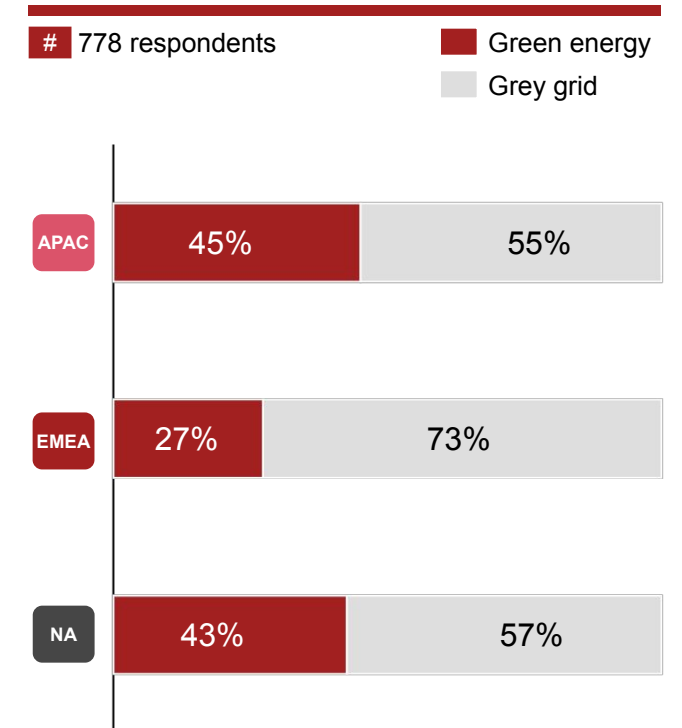
# EV owners charge their vehicle mostly two-to-three times per week, predominantly using grey energy

## Charging preferences

### How often do you charge your EV?



### Which energy source do you use at home?



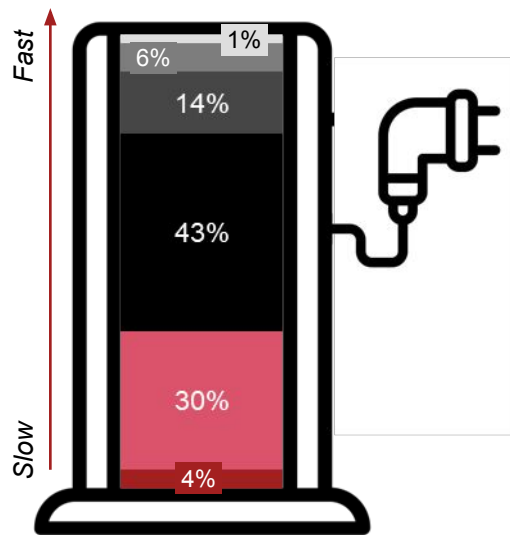
# EV owners are loyal to their charging provider, driven by the location closeness and tariff - subscription plans still show limited uptake

## Public charging

### Which charging power do you typically use?

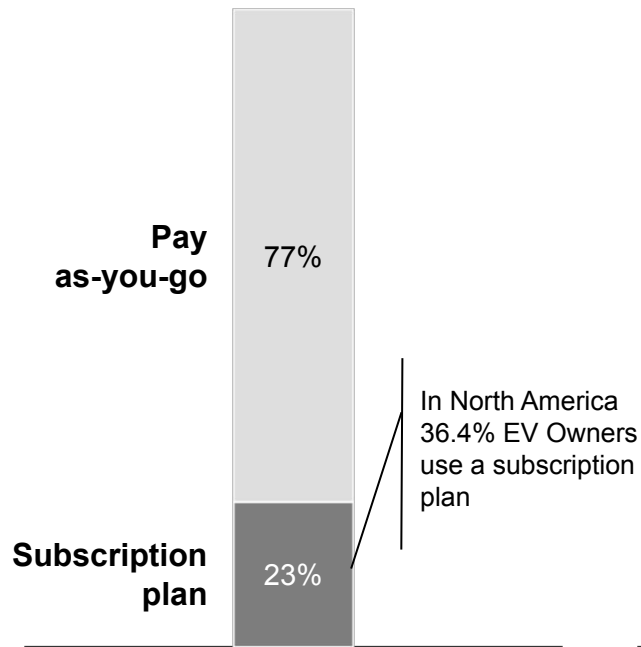
# 435 respondents

- Slow (< 7 kW)
- Quick (7-22 kW)
- Fast (22-50 kW)
- Ultrafast (more than 50 kW)
- What is available
- I do not know



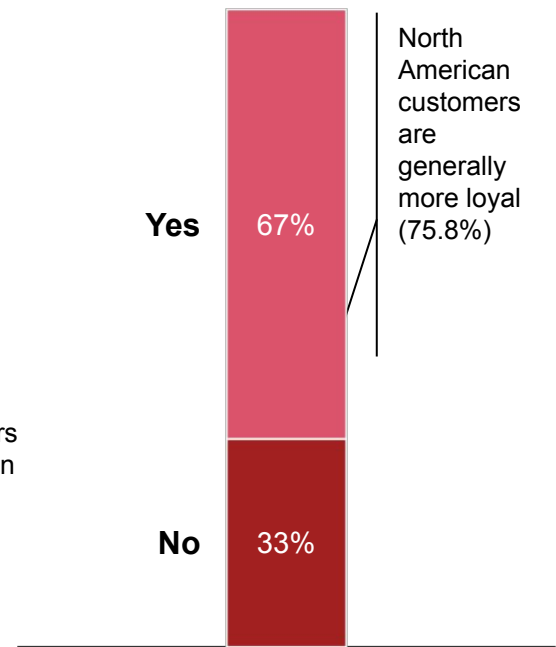
### Which tariff do you use?

# 435 respondents



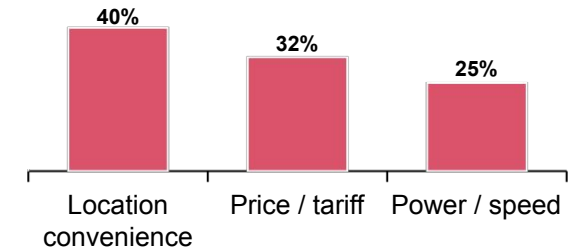
### Do you always use the same charging provider on-the-go?

# 435 respondents



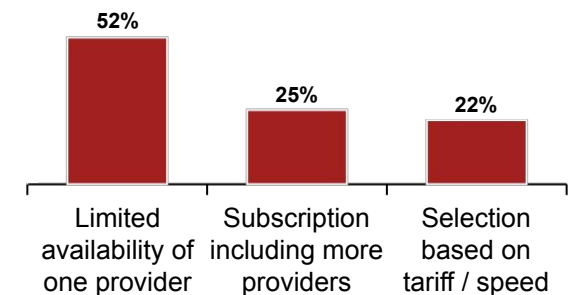
### What are the top 3 reasons for choosing the same provider?

# 293 respondents – Multiple choice



### What are the top 3 reasons for using different providers?

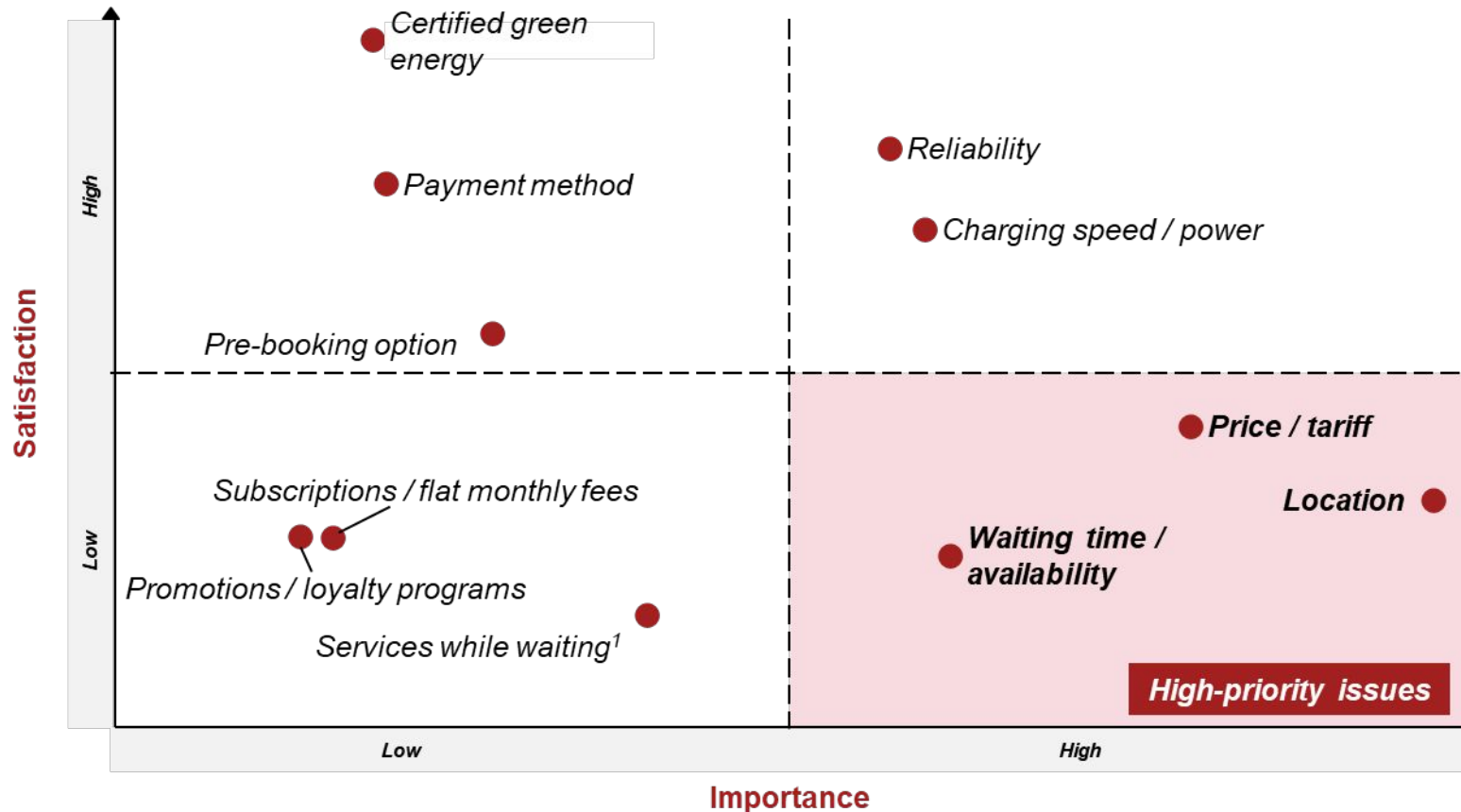
# 142 respondents – Multiple choice



# Charging location and availability are a key areas of dissatisfaction for EV owners

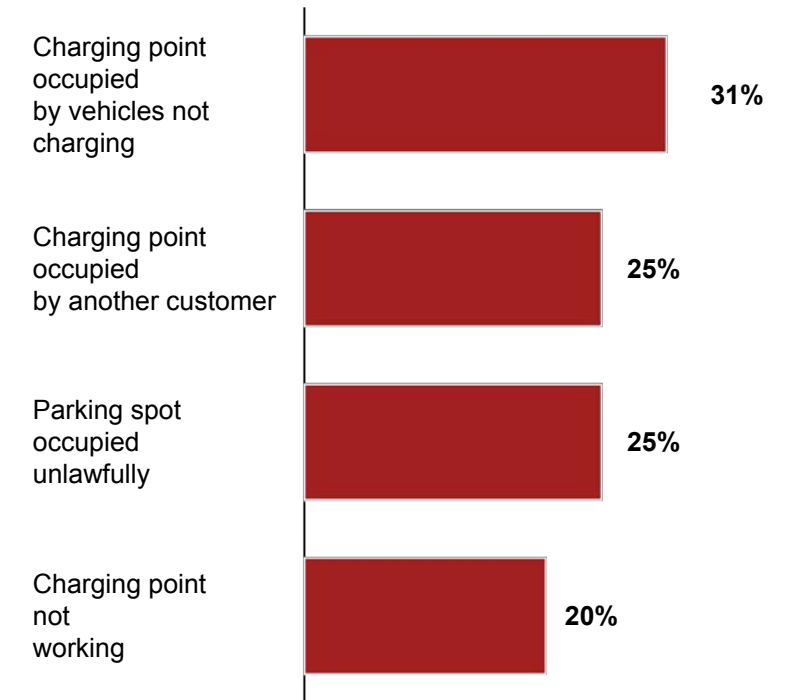
## Public charging – Satisfaction

# 435 respondents – Multiple choice



## What are the main reasons for dissatisfaction with availability?

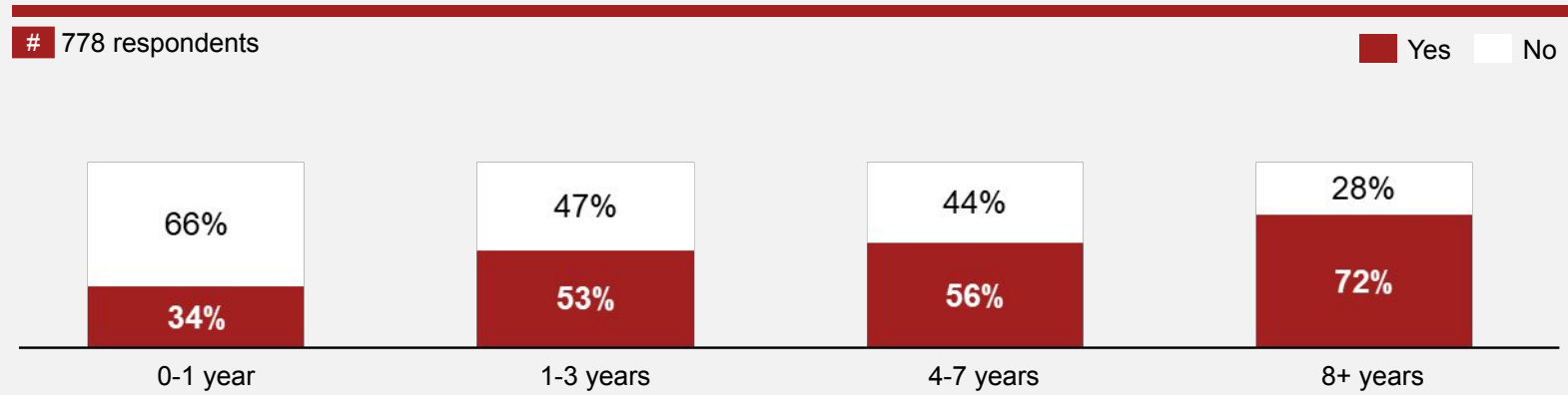
# 67 respondents



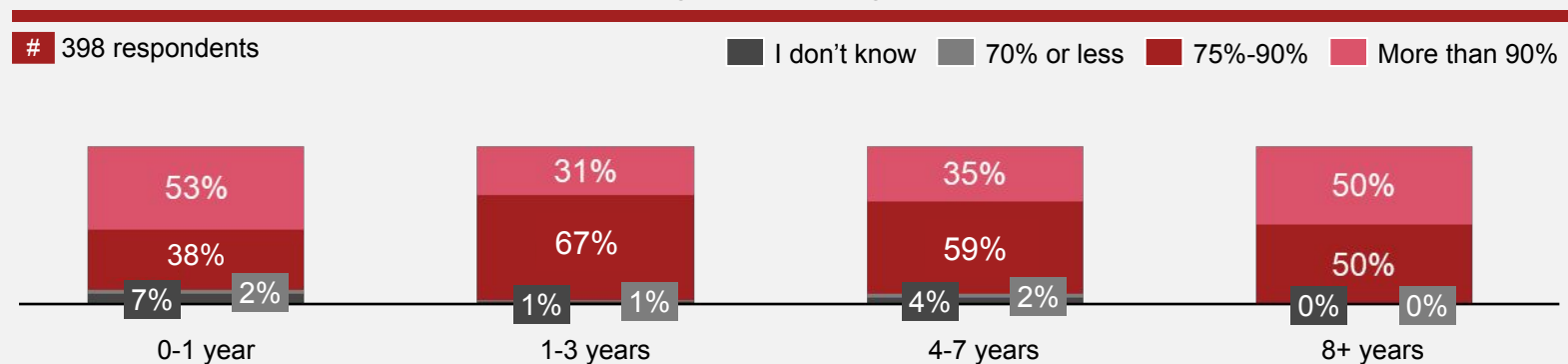
# EV owners perceive a reduction in their EV range due to car age or during cold weather driving

## EV range

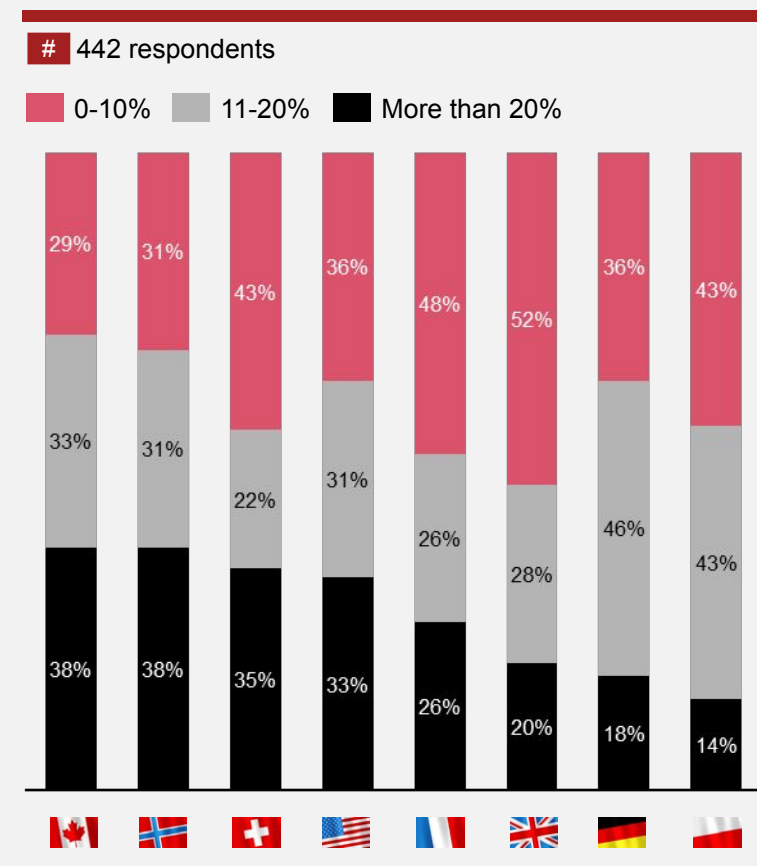
Do you see a reduction in battery duration compared to when the car was new? (In relation to car age)



What is the current State of Health of your battery?



Do you experience any range reduction in cold weather?

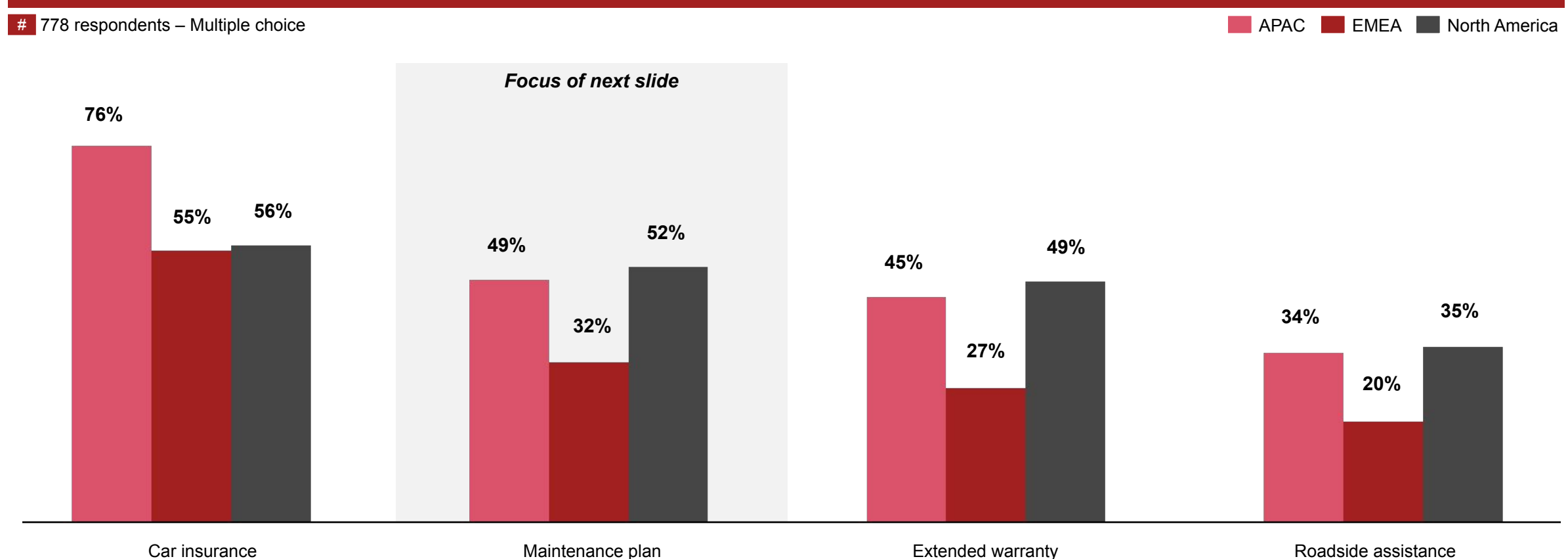




# EV owners declare interest for *peace-of-mind solutions*, especially car insurance and maintenance plans

Additional products & services – Focus on car-related services

Which of the following services did you buy together with your car?

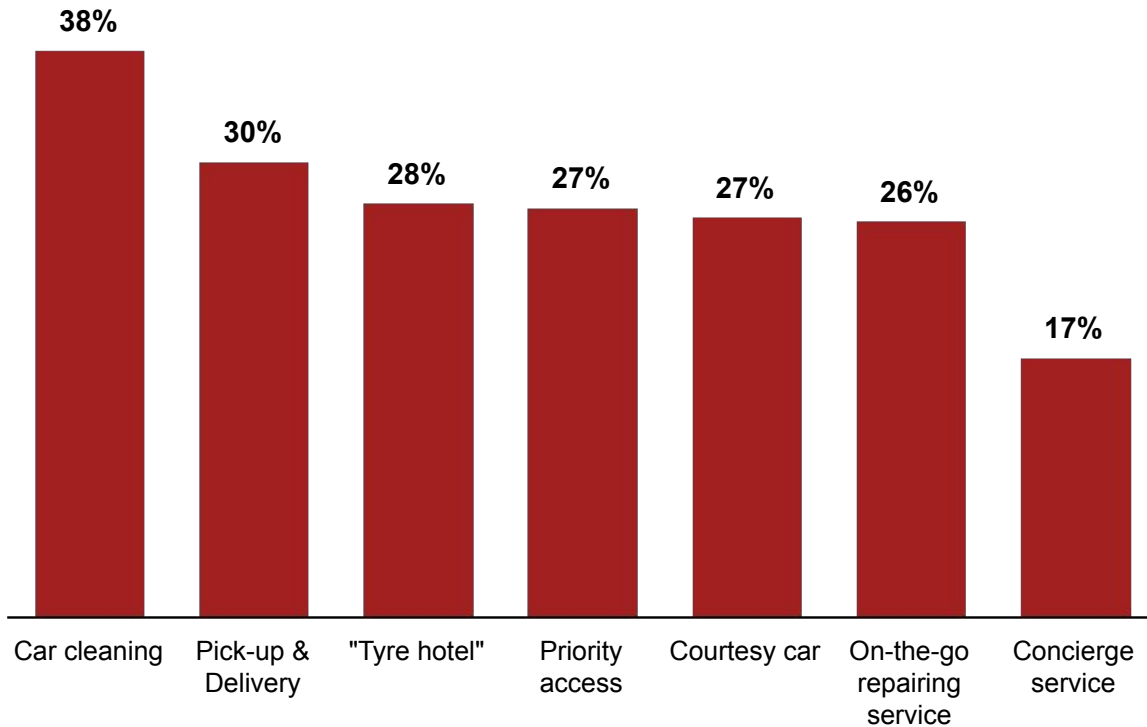


# EV owners show a high interest in bundling a maintenance plan with their EV, complementing it with *premium* services

## Additional products & services – Focus on maintenance plan

Which of the following services would you like to have as part of your ordinary maintenance plan?

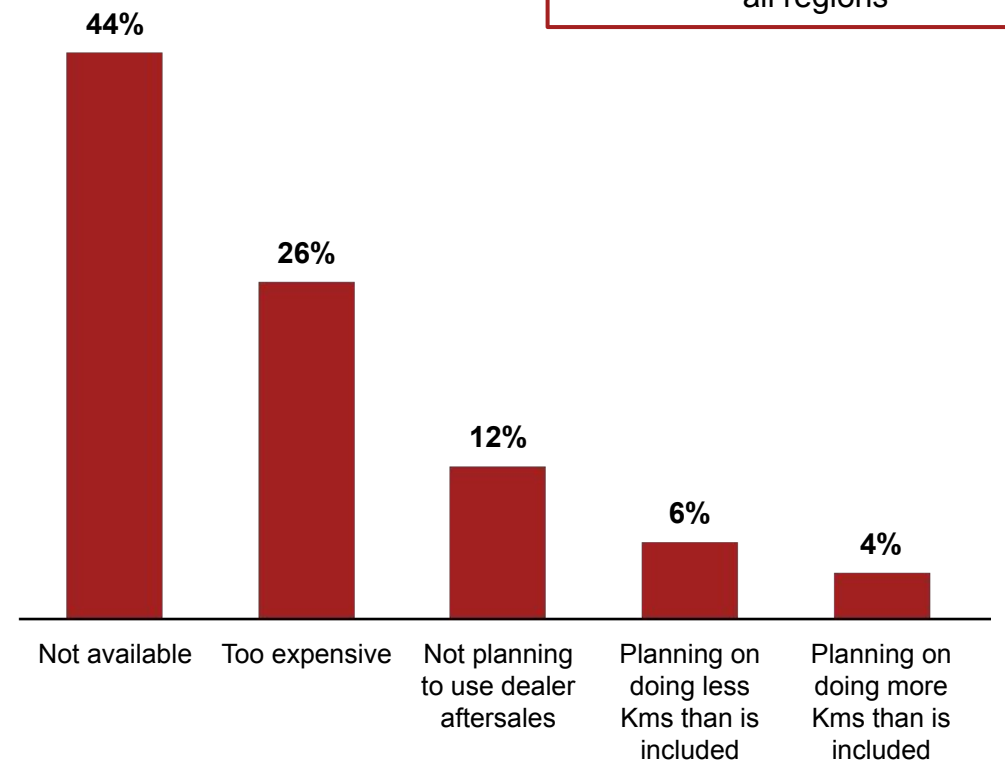
# 778 respondents – Multiple choice



Which is the main reason why you did not include any ordinary maintenance service?

# 448 respondents

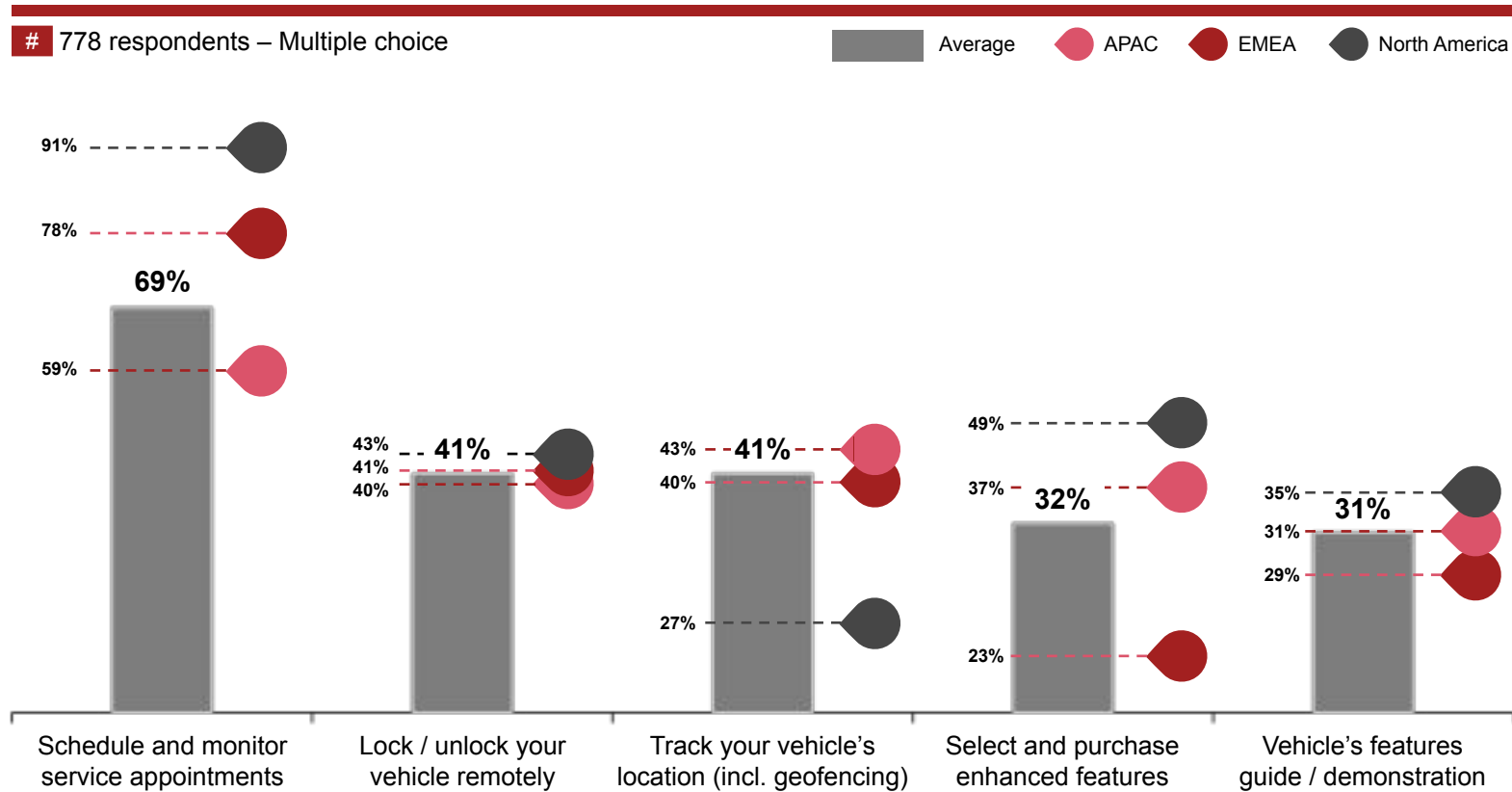
**i** Similar factors across all regions



# OEM car apps are seen as useful tools to manage the car lifecycle, schedule service appointments and manage EVs remotely

## Digital app

### Which are the top 5 services do you use / would you like to have in your car app?



### Other services of interest



Remote start (e.g. warm-up / Pre-conditioning)



Remote support (e.g., live chat with agent)



Locate a dealer / authorized service



View battery state of health and current level of charging



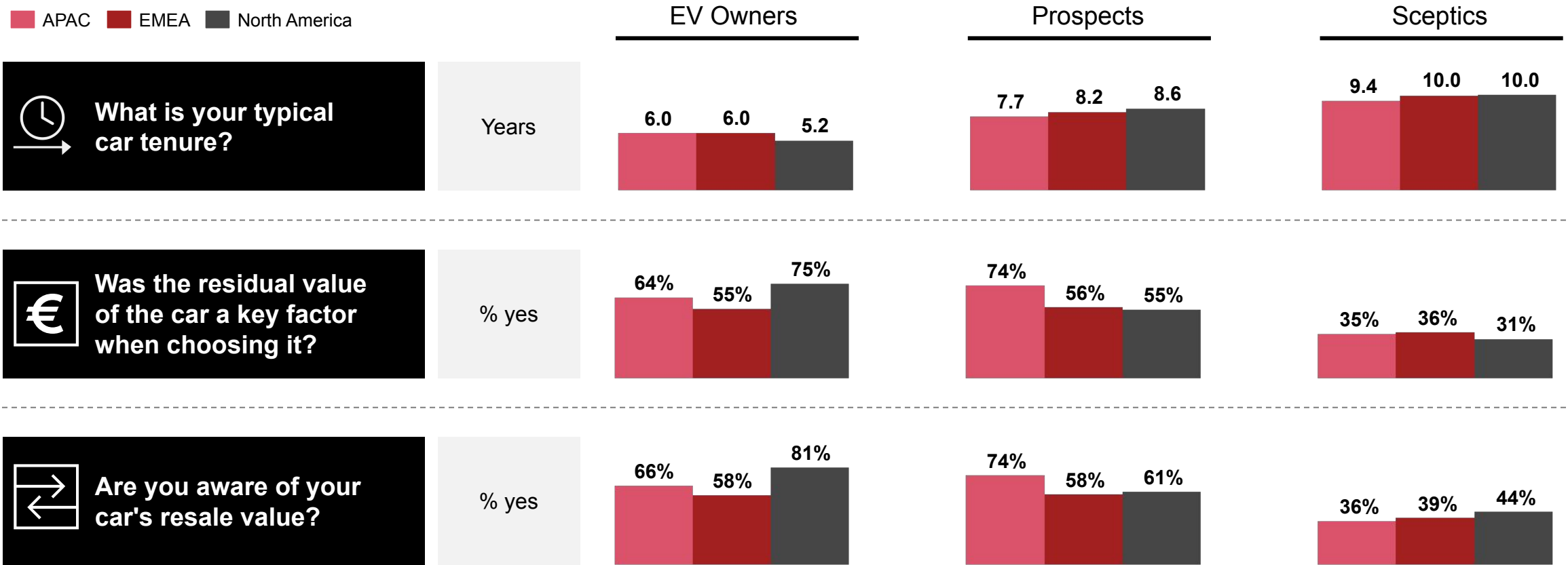
Remote park assist

# Given a shorter typical car tenure, EV owners give more importance than sceptics to car residual value

## Residual value

# 12,816 respondents

APAC EMEA North America

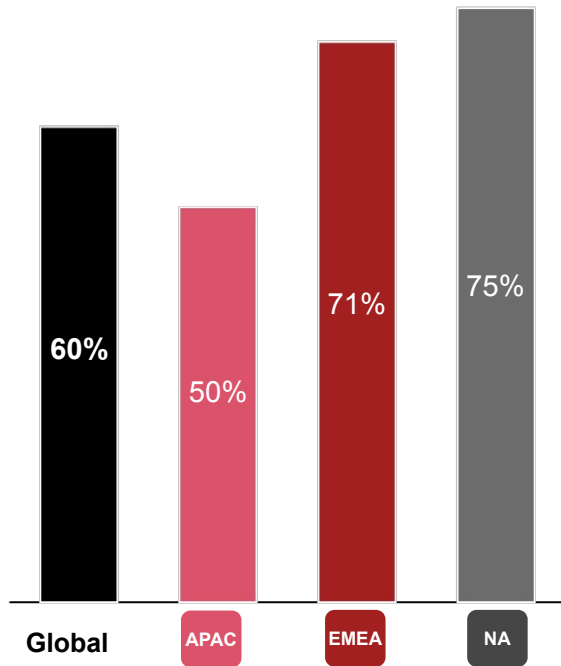


# 60% of EV owners would consider to purchase a used EV, yet uncertainty of battery SoH is a key barrier

## Used EV – Drivers and barriers

Would you buy a used EV as your next car? (% of yes)

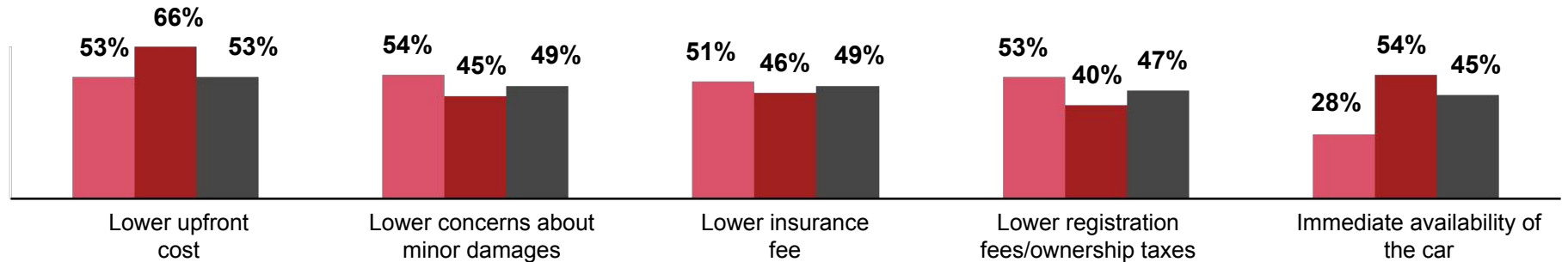
# 778 respondents



What are the top 5 reasons for buying a used EV?

# 470 respondents – Multiple choice

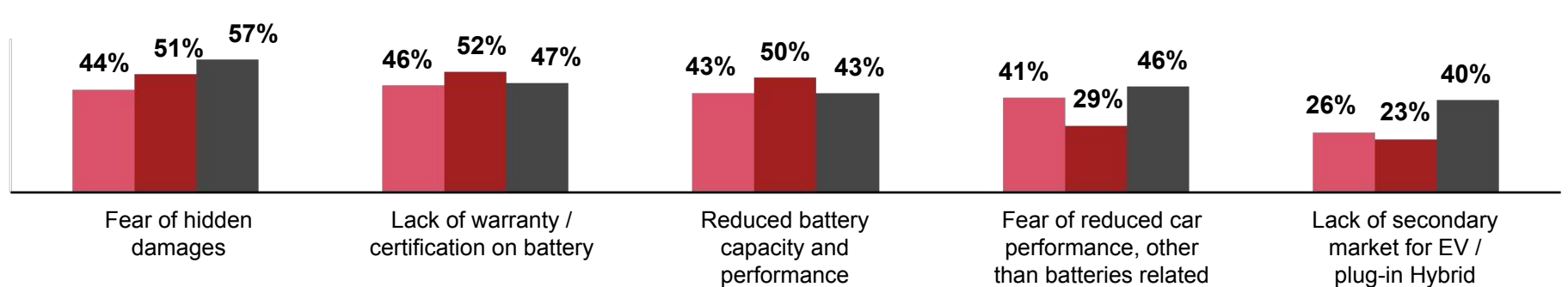
APAC EMEA North America



What are the top 5 reasons for not buying a used EV?

% 778 respondents – Multiple choice

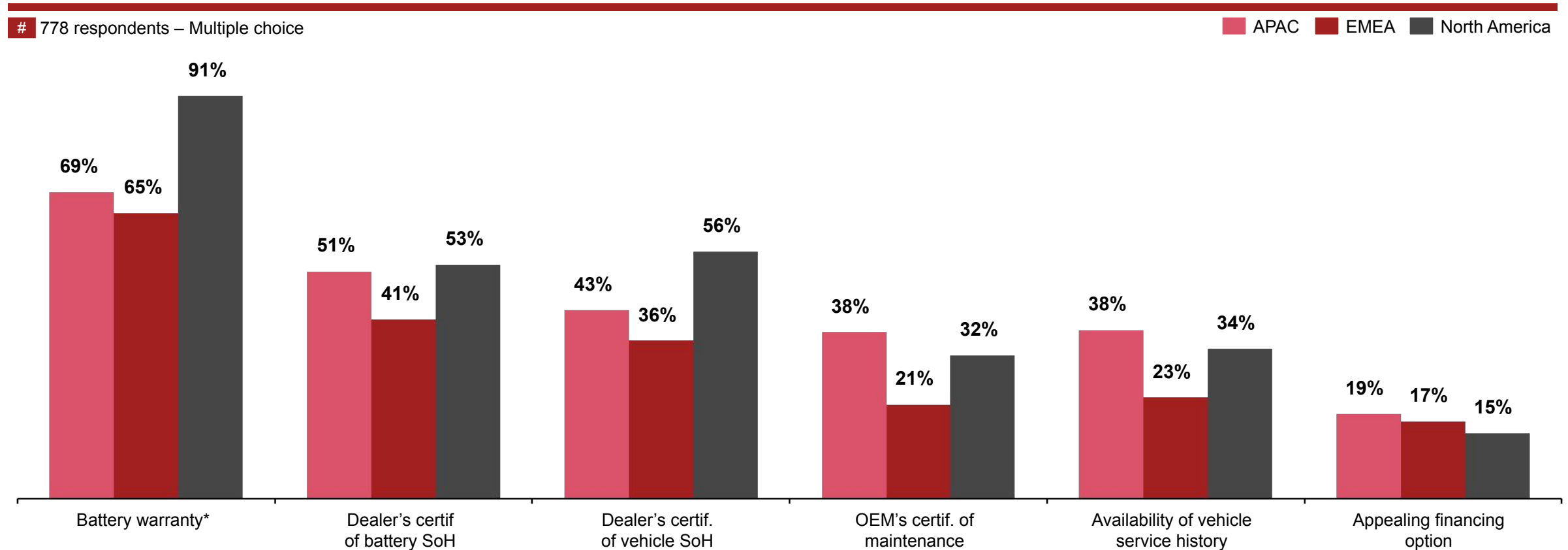
APAC EMEA North America



# Used EV customers seek higher certainty in their purchase, with battery warranty and SoH certifications offerings helping boost this

## Used EV – Drivers and barriers

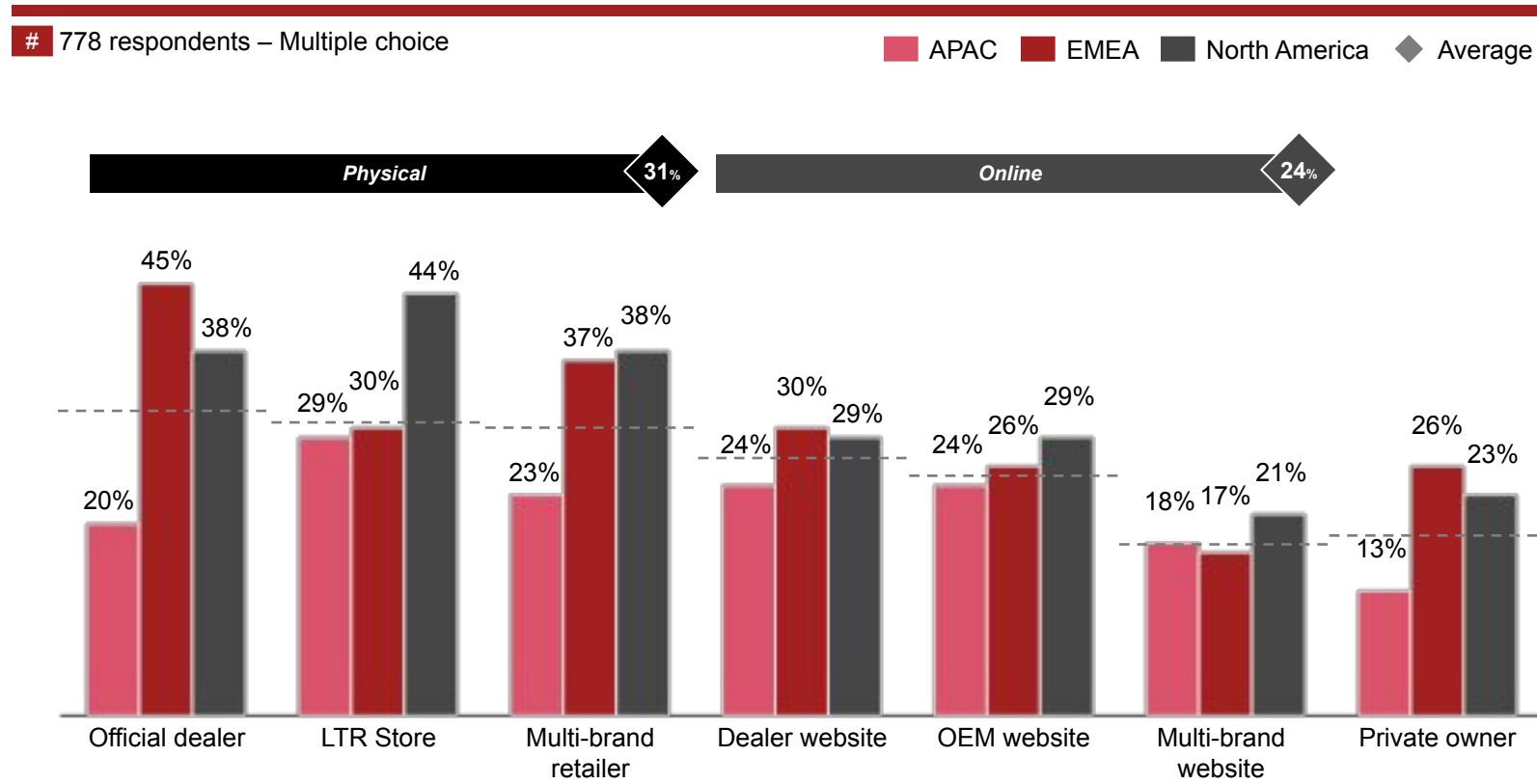
### Which factors would incentivize you to consider a used EV?



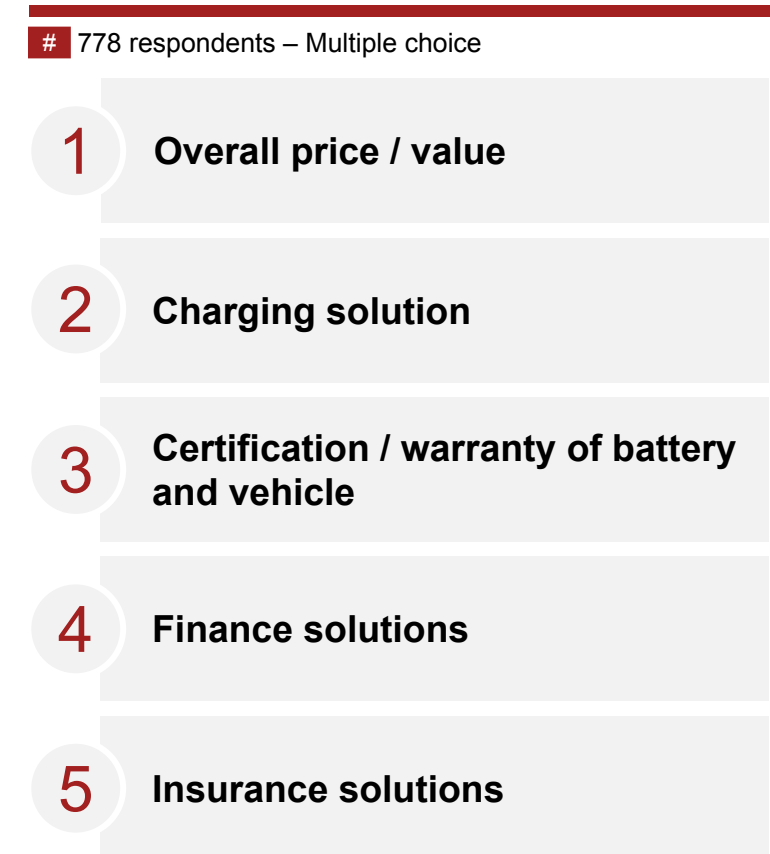
# Physical stores are the preferred purchasing channel for used EVs, either from official dealers, long term rental (LTR) providers or multi-brand retailers

## Used EV – Purchase preferences

### Where would you purchase your next used EV from?








### What are the most important elements of your overall used EV package?



Customers who own a used EV are less wealthy and slightly older than those that purchased a new vehicle, but there are differences across regions

Used EV – Focus on owners profiles

	Used EV Owner (Δ with new EV owner)	Used EV Owner		
		APAC (Δ with new EV owner)	EMEA (Δ with new EV owner)	NA (Δ with new EV owner)
# 778 respondents	<b>10%</b> of EV Owners bought a used car	<b>3%</b>	<b>20%</b>	<b>7%</b>
 <b>Income</b>	<b>€61k</b> (-33k)	<b>€74k</b> (-27k)	<b>€55k</b> (-20k)	<b>€85k</b> (-38k)
 <b>Age</b>	<b>44Yrs.</b> (+2Yrs.)	<b>38Yrs.</b> (-5Yrs.)	<b>45Yrs.</b> (+1Yrs.)	<b>52Yrs.</b> (+16Yrs.)
 <b>Residential area</b>	<b>77%</b> (-19%)	<b>100%</b> (+4%)	<b>70%</b> (-2%)	<b>100%</b> (+11%)
 <b>Family size</b>	<b>3.0</b> (-0.4)	<b>3.8</b> (+0.3)	<b>2.9</b> (-0.3)	<b>2.2</b> (-1.1)
 <b>Daily commute</b>	<b>21 km</b> (-2km)	<b>27 km</b> (+7km)	<b>21 km</b> (-6km)	<b>13 km</b> (-8km)



ELECTRIC  
VEHICLE  
PARKING

## 02. Consumer viewpoints

# EV Prospects

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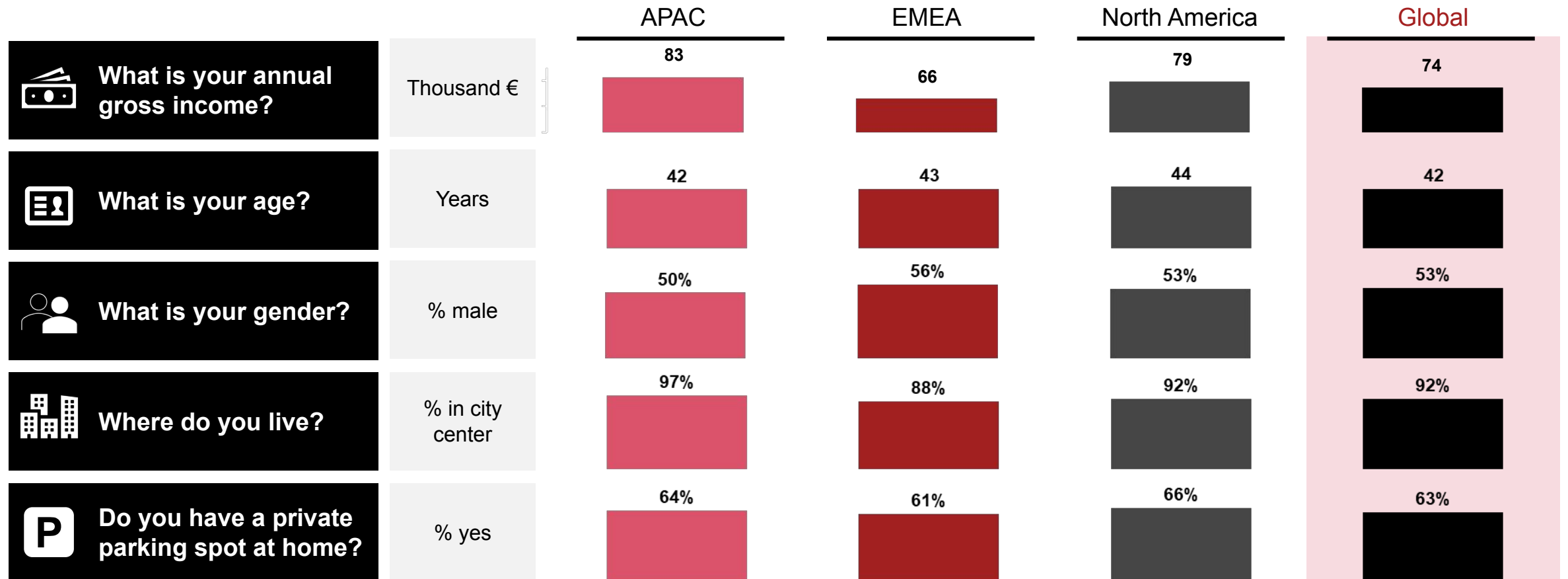
Consumers who have declared their intention to buy an Electric Vehicle (BEV or PHEV) in the next 5 years



# EV Prospects display regional variance in terms of demographics and mobility, indicating different needs sought in a future EV

## EV prospects – Regional differences

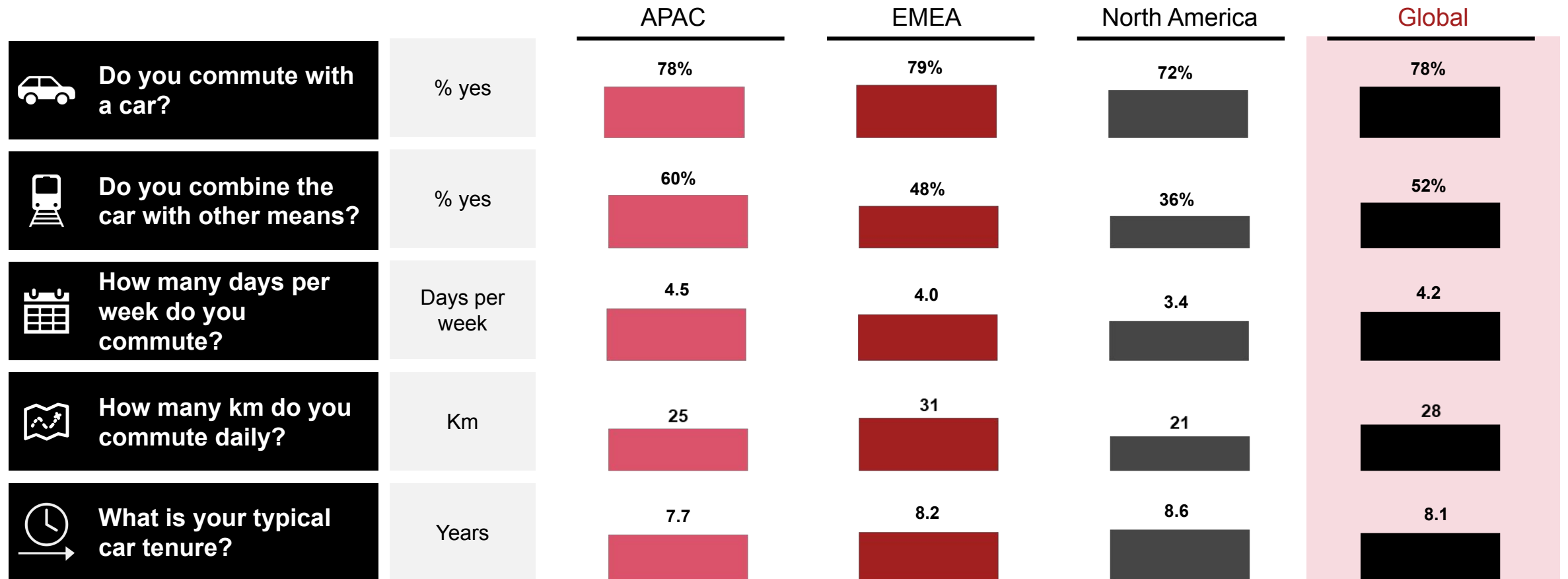
# 7,930 respondents



# EV Prospects display regional variance in terms of demographics and mobility, indicating different needs sought in a future EV











## EV prospects – Regional differences

# 7,930 respondents



# We have identified six personas amongst future EV customers based on four behavioural dimensions

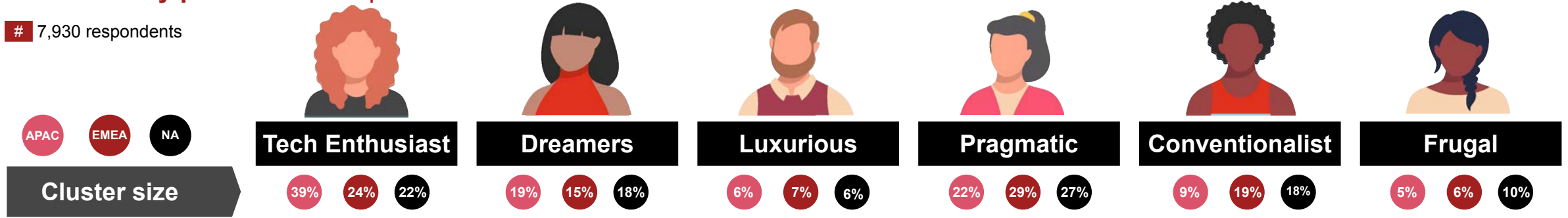
## Key personas

	 <b>Tech Enthusiast</b>	 <b>Dreamers</b>	 <b>Luxurious</b>	 <b>Pragmatic</b>	 <b>Conventionalist</b>	 <b>Frugal</b>
 <b>Environmental Conscience</b>	Concerned about the environment, but not their top priority <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬</span>	Environment and climate change are top priorities <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Environment is among the lowest priorities <span style="float: right;">▬</span>	Environment is crucial but not worth the extra mile <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Not particularly concerned about the environment <span style="float: right;">▬▬</span>	Concerned about the environment but not their top priority <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬</span>
 <b>Technology Confidence</b>	Early adopter, has high confidence with technology <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬</span>	Digital native, feels comfortable with technology <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Buys mainstream technology, uses basic functionalities <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬</span>	Digital native, feels comfortable with technology <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Uses basic technology once it becomes popular <span style="float: right;">▬</span>	Not addicted to technology, uses it to find opportunities <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬</span>
 <b>Price Sensitivity</b>	Willing to pay extra to gain early access to technologies <span style="float: right;">▬▬</span>	Is willing to pay higher price for a good cause <span style="float: right;">▬▬</span>	Price is not a concern <span style="float: right;">▬</span>	Seeks good price/quality ratio <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Saving is important, but “you get what you pay for” <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Price conscious, always looking for bargains <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>
 <b>Car Usage</b>	Combines the car with other means of transport <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Doesn't use car whenever possible <span style="float: right;">▬▬</span>	Uses car as primary transportation <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Combines the car with other means of transport <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Uses car as primary mode of transportation <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>	Minimizes car usage preferring cheaper alternatives <span style="float: right;">▬▬▬▬▬</span>

# Tech Enthusiasts, Dreamers, Luxurious and Pragmatic consistently show the highest intention to buy in the near future

Focus on key personas – EV purchase intention

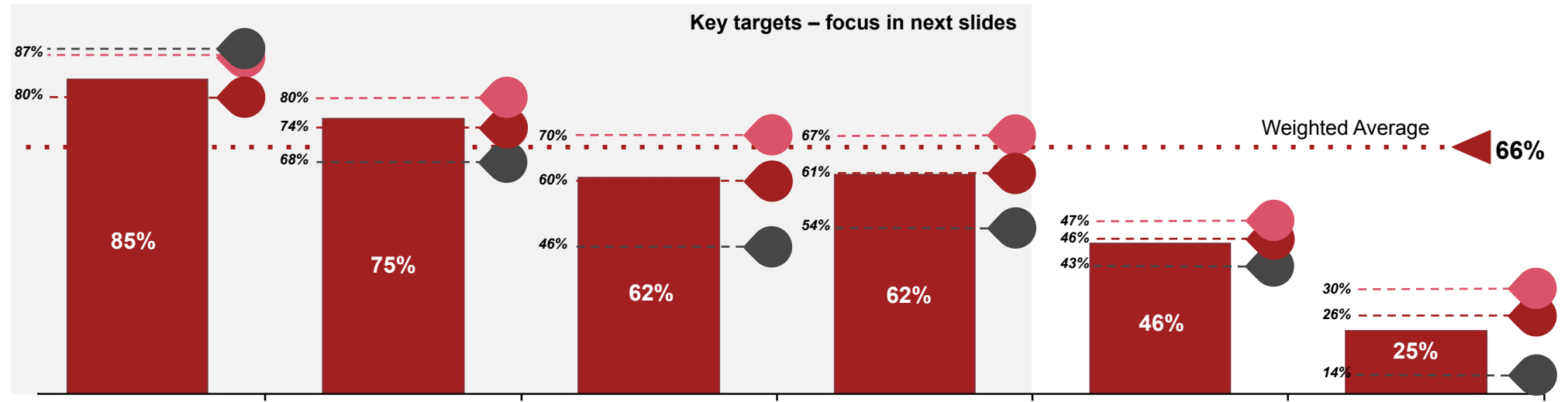
# 7,930 respondents



Cluster size

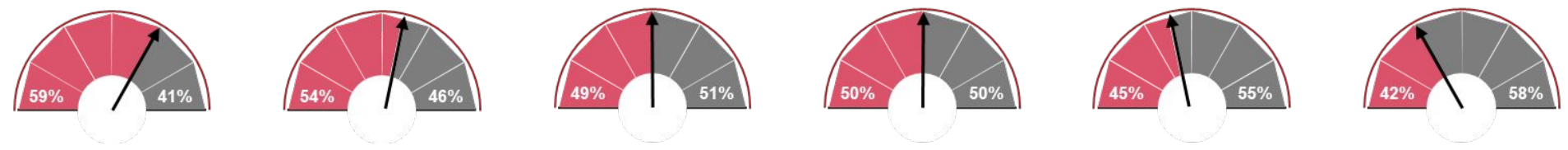
Key targets – focus in next slides

Intention to buy EV



EV Preference

BEV PHEV Persona's preference

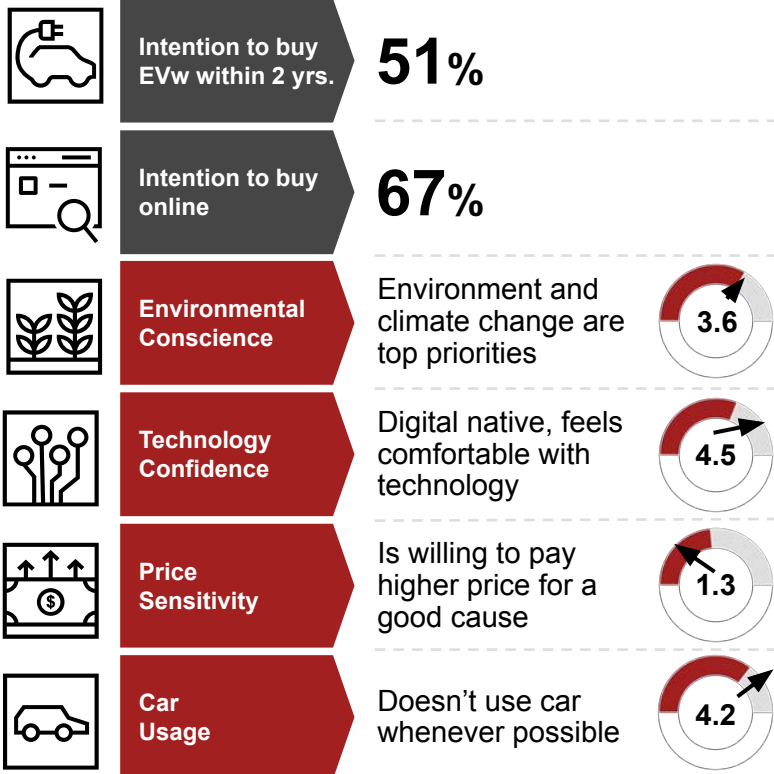


# Tech Enthusiasts are high-income middle-aged people interested in the latest tech feature, representing a good target for OEMs

## Focus on target customers – Tech Enthusiasts



### Tech enthusiast

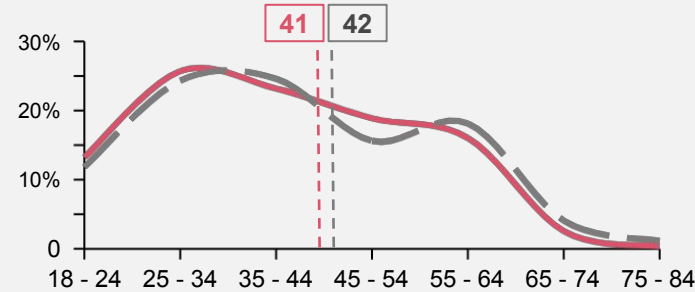


Total population score Tech Enthusiast score

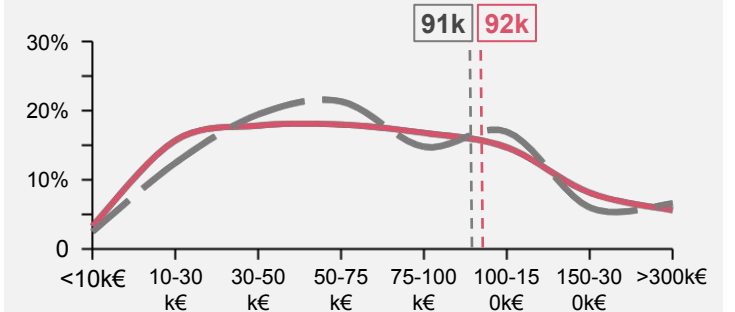
### Profiling EV prospects with intention to buy

— Tech. ent. — EV owners # Tech. ent., average value # EV owners, average value

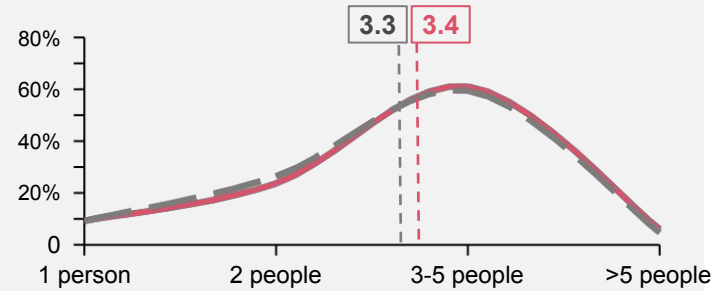
#### What is your age?



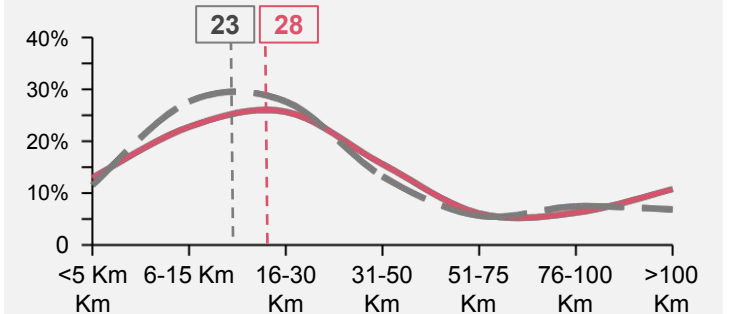
#### What is your annual gross income?



#### What is your family size?




#### How many km do you commute daily?





# Dreamers' intention to buy remains high but lower than Tech Enthusiasts, mainly given their preference towards a low car usage

## Focus on target customers – Dreamers

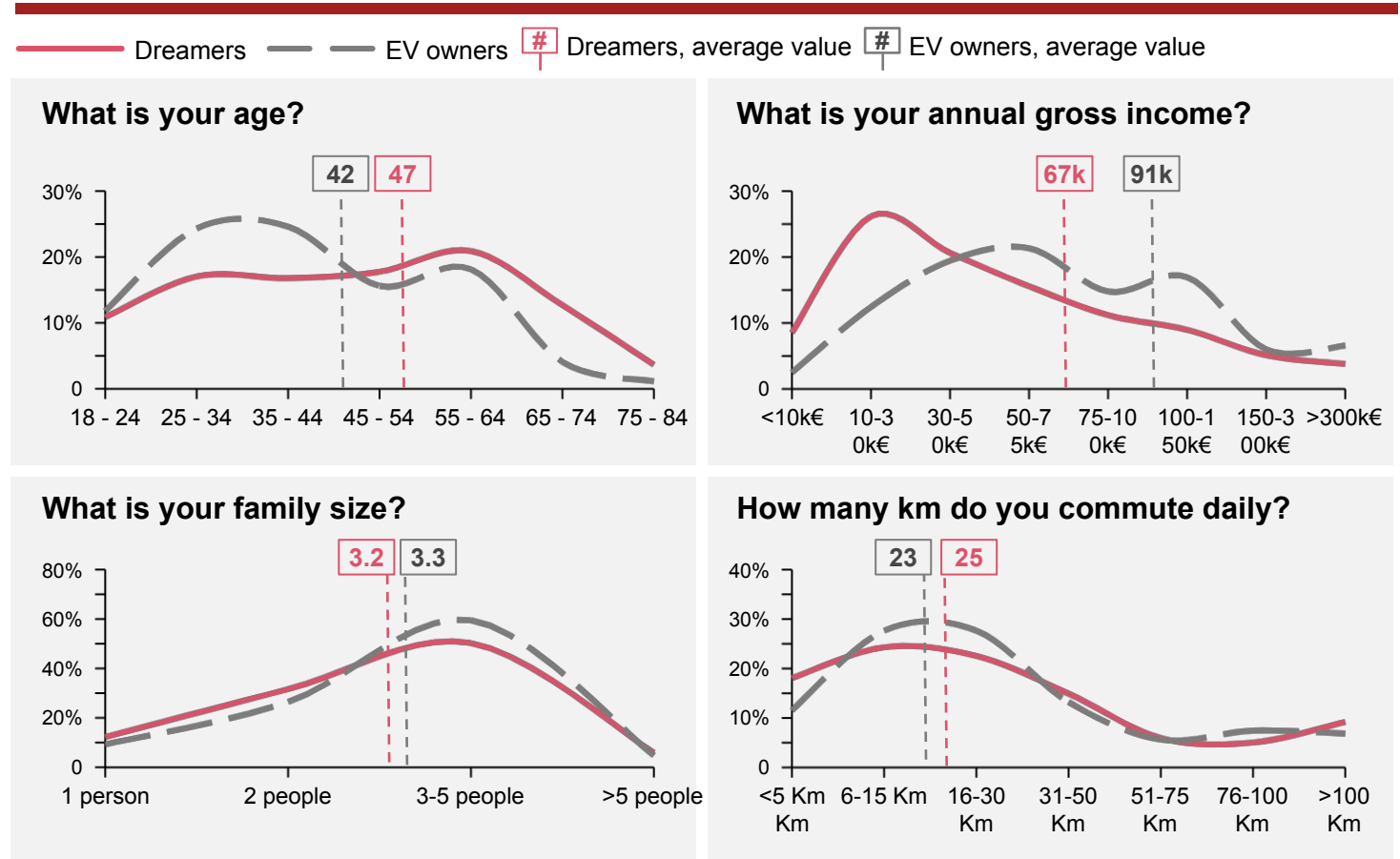


**Dreamer**

- Intention to buy EVw within 2 yrs.** 31%
- Intention to buy online** 45%
- Environmental Conscience** 4.3 (Environment and climate change are top priorities)
- Technology Confidence** 3.4 (Digital native, feels comfortable with technology)
- Price Sensitivity** 2.0 (Is willing to pay higher price for a good cause)
- Car Usage** 2.3 (Doesn't use car whenever possible)

 Total population score 
  Tech Enthusiast score

## Profiling EV prospects with intention to buy

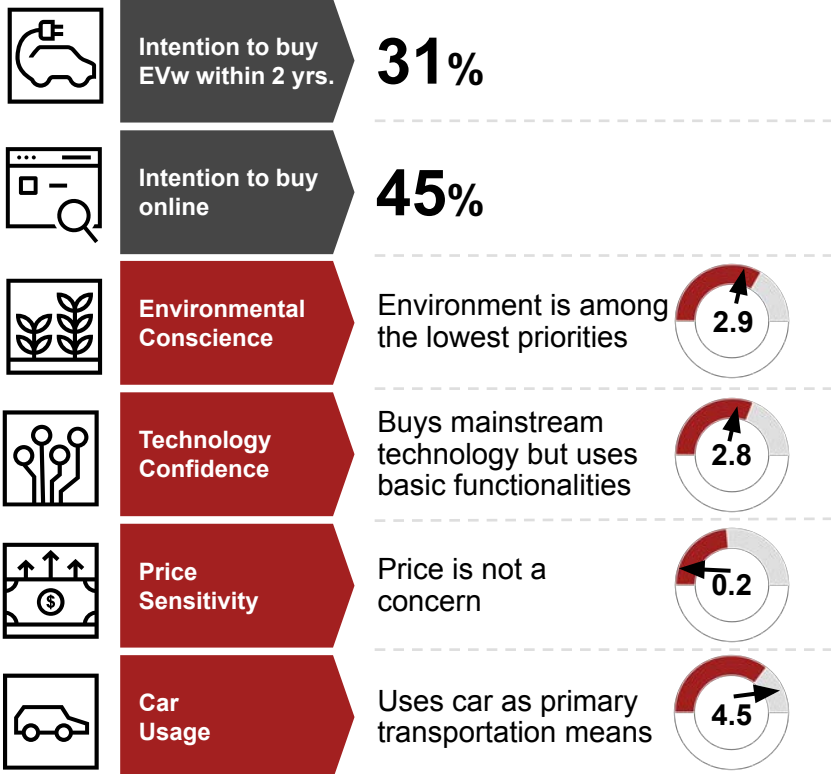


# Luxurious are non price-sensitive people, often using a car and therefore represent a key target for premium OEMs

Focus on target customers – Luxurious



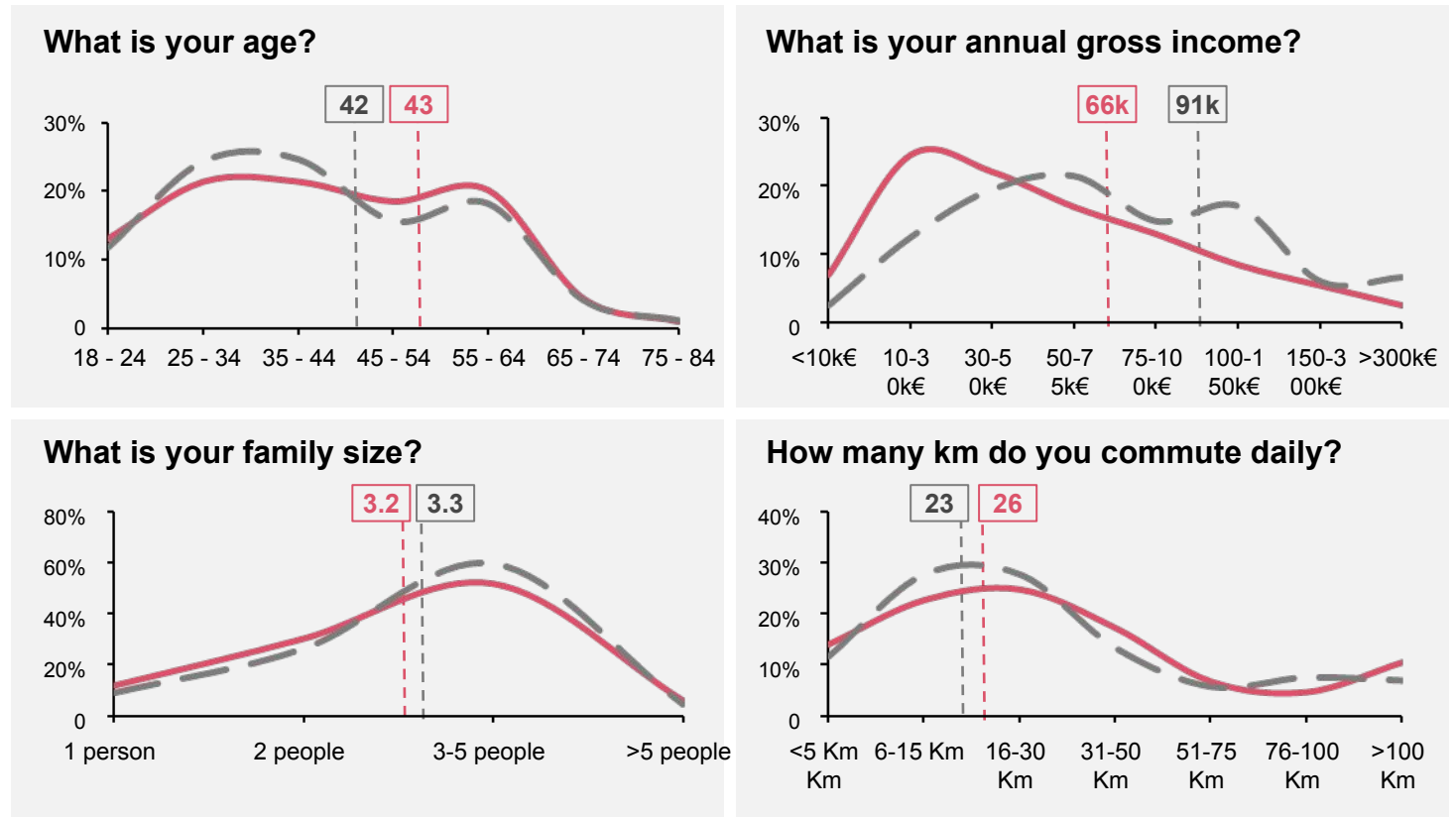
## Luxurious



Total population score Tech Enthusiast score

## Profiling EV prospects with intention to buy

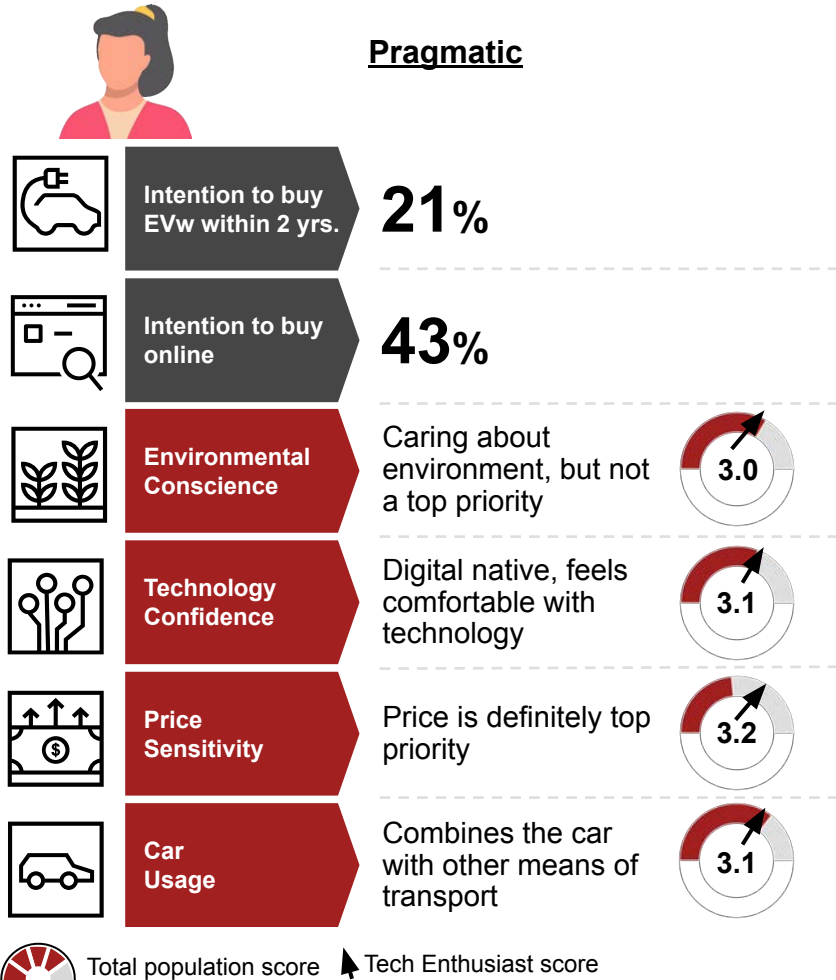
— Luxurious — EV owners # Luxurious, average value # EV owners, average value



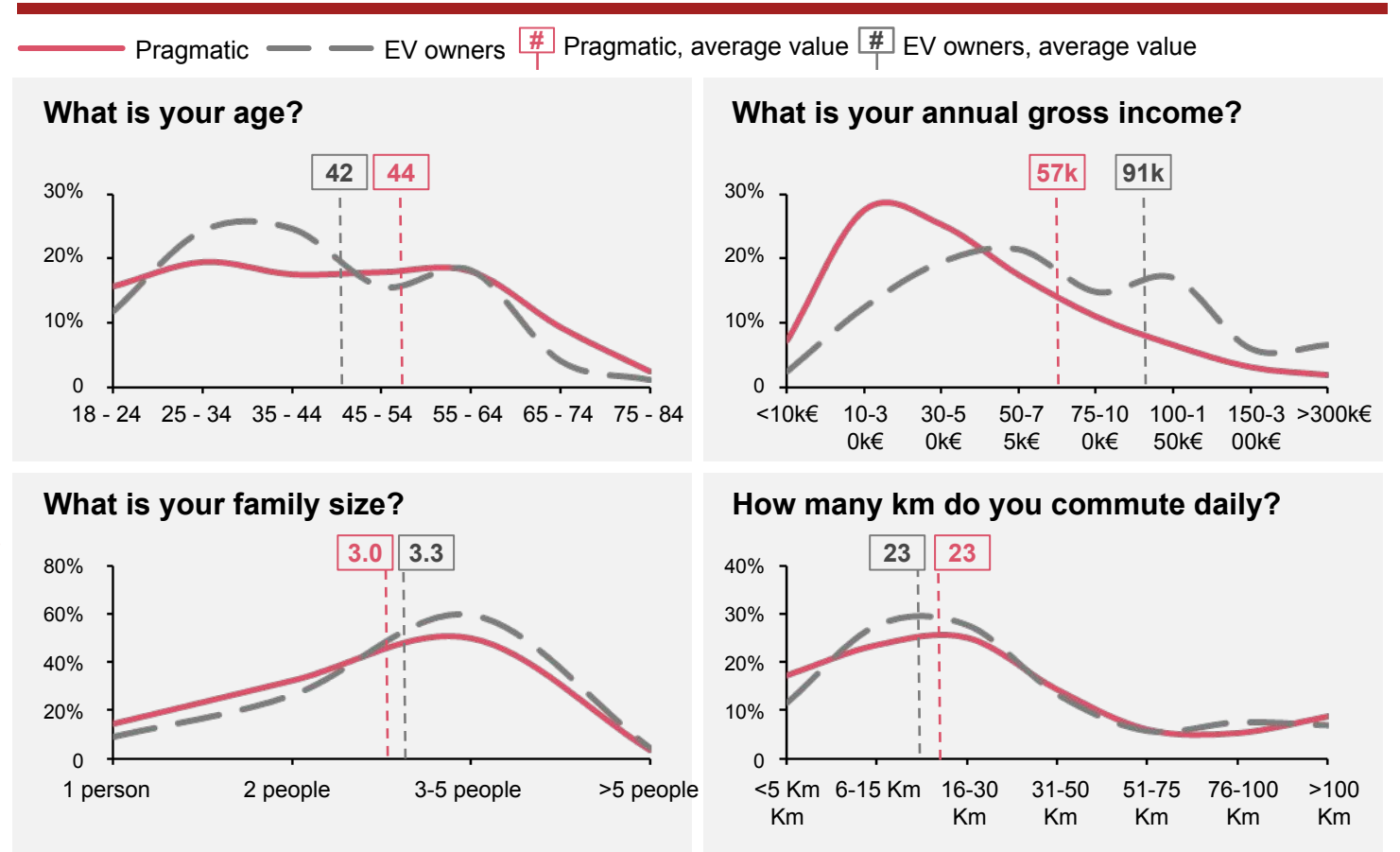


# Pragmatic tend to be more rational than emotional with their purchases, making them a relevant target for mass-market OEMs

## Focus on target customers – Pragmatic



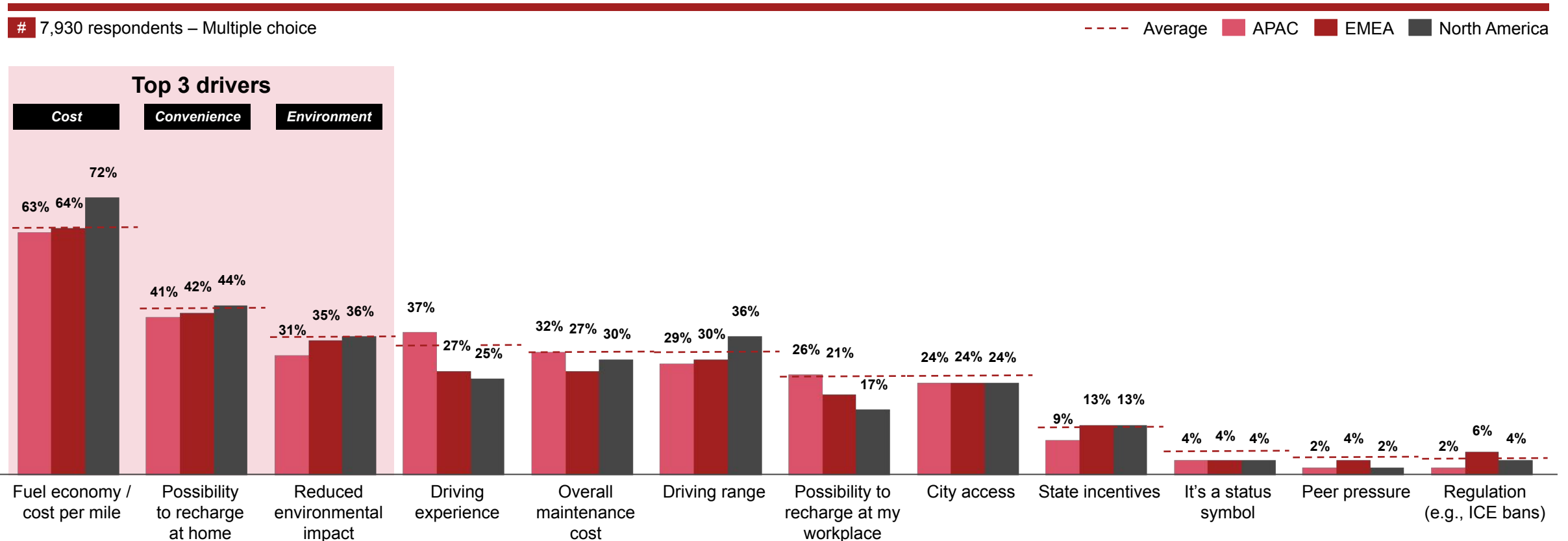
## Profiling EV prospects with intention to buy



# Low operating costs, convenience and reduced environmental impact are key drivers when considering the purchase of an EV

## Key purchasing drivers

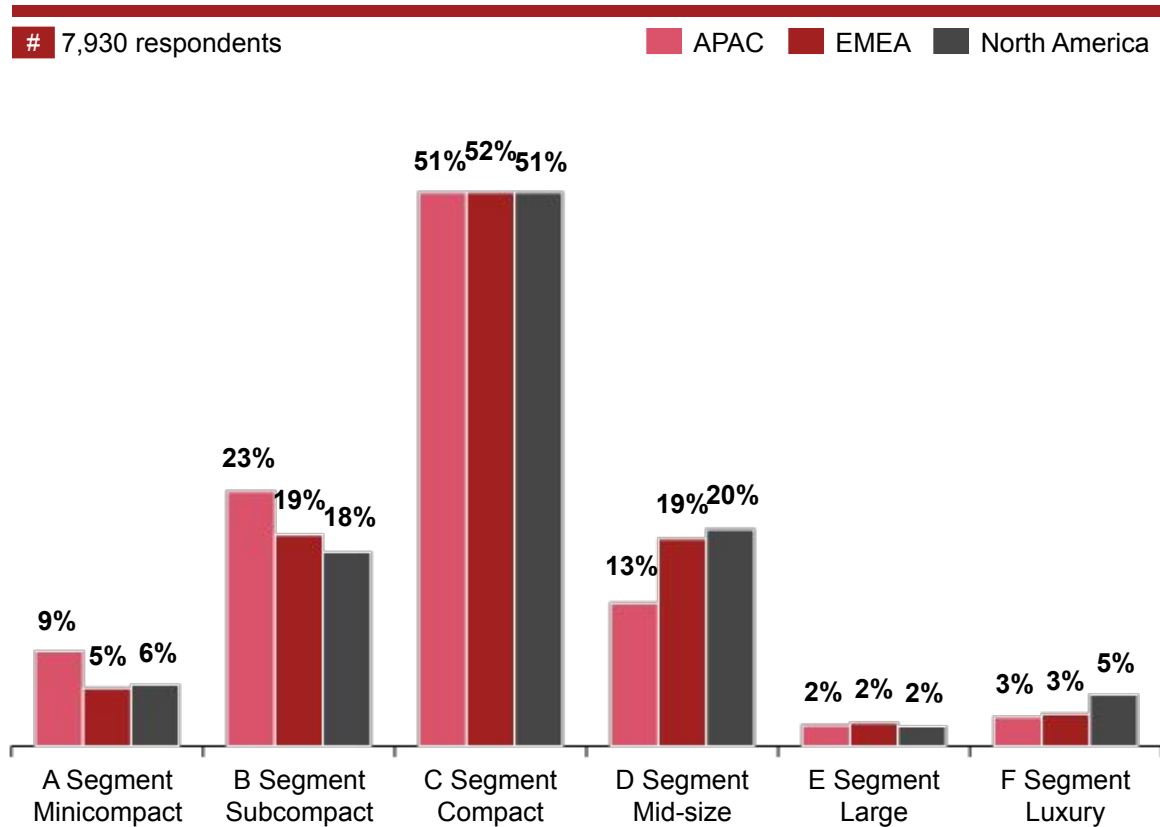
### What are main reasons that drive you to buy an EV?



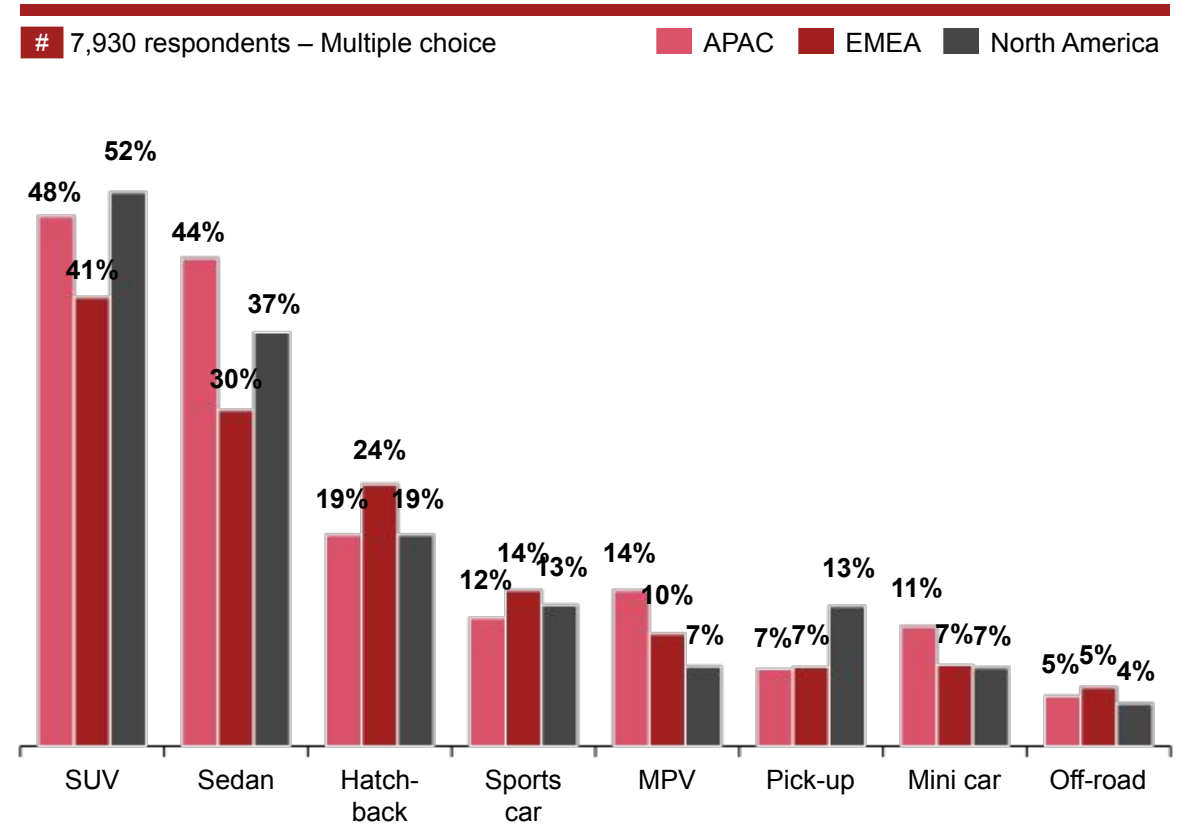
# EV prospects declared a significant interest in C-segment/Compact vehicles and SUVs, with a consistent distribution across all regions

## Purchasing preferences

### What type of car would you buy?



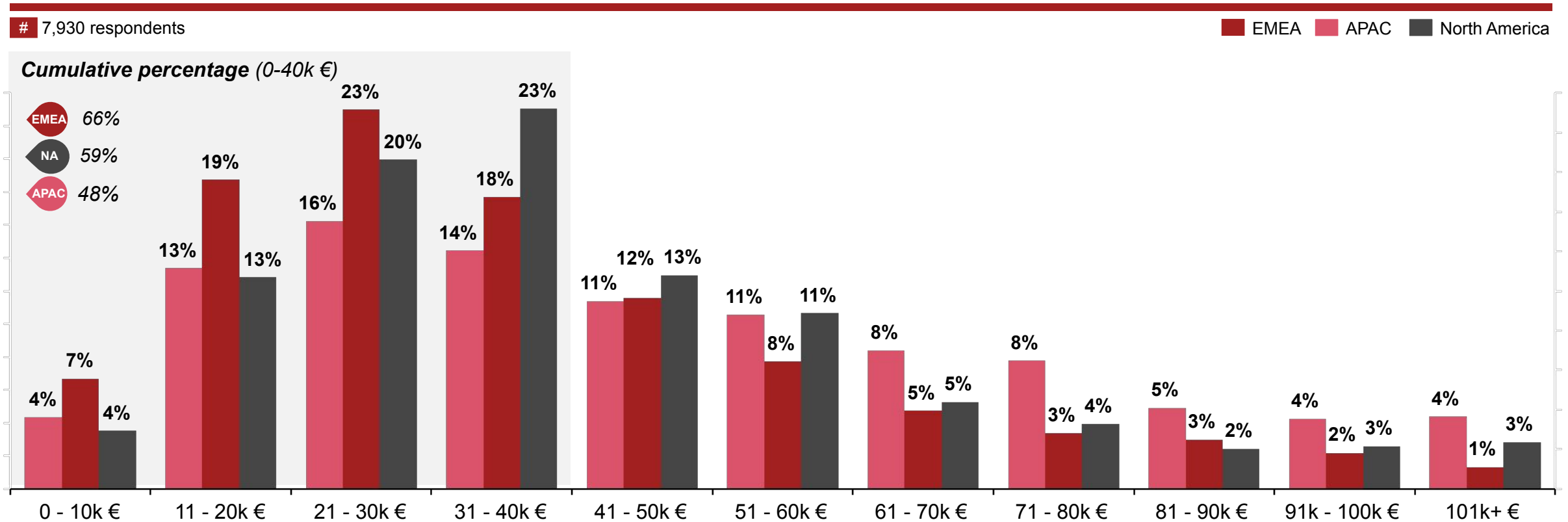
### What type of body type?



# 50-60% of EV prospects tend to expect their new EV to have a price point between 20-40k€

## Purchasing preferences

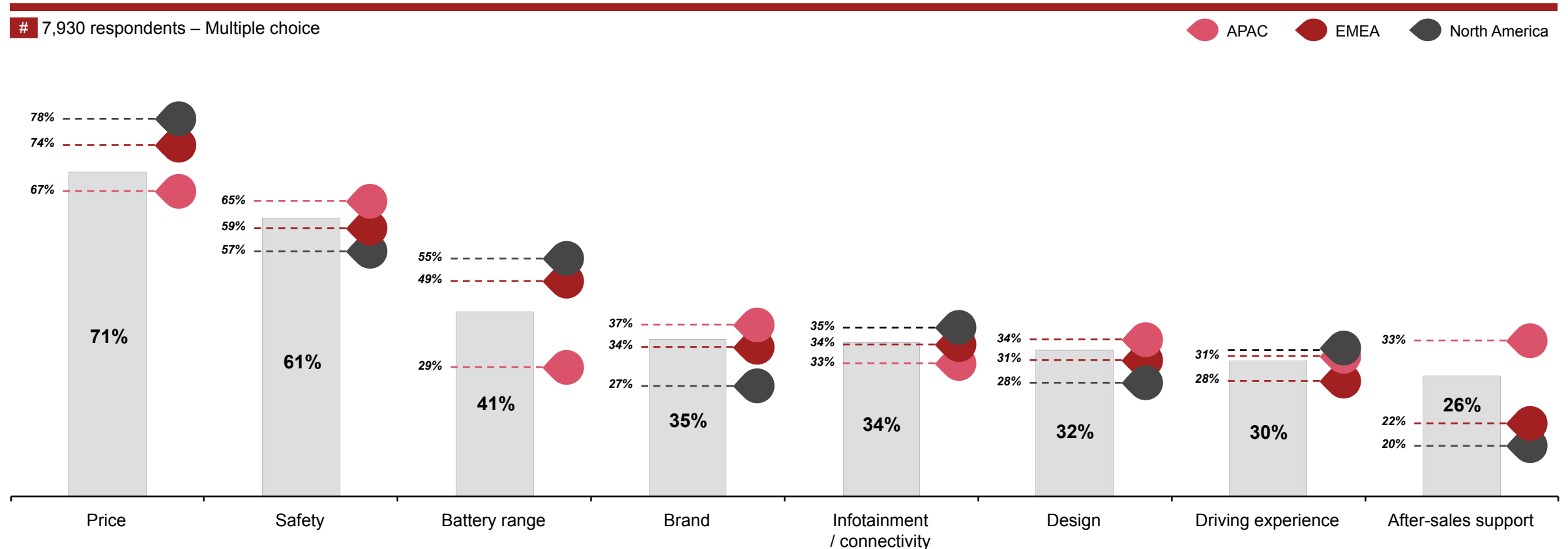
### How much are you expecting to pay your next EV?



# When choosing among different EV models, overall price, safety and battery range are the key criteria

## Purchasing criteria

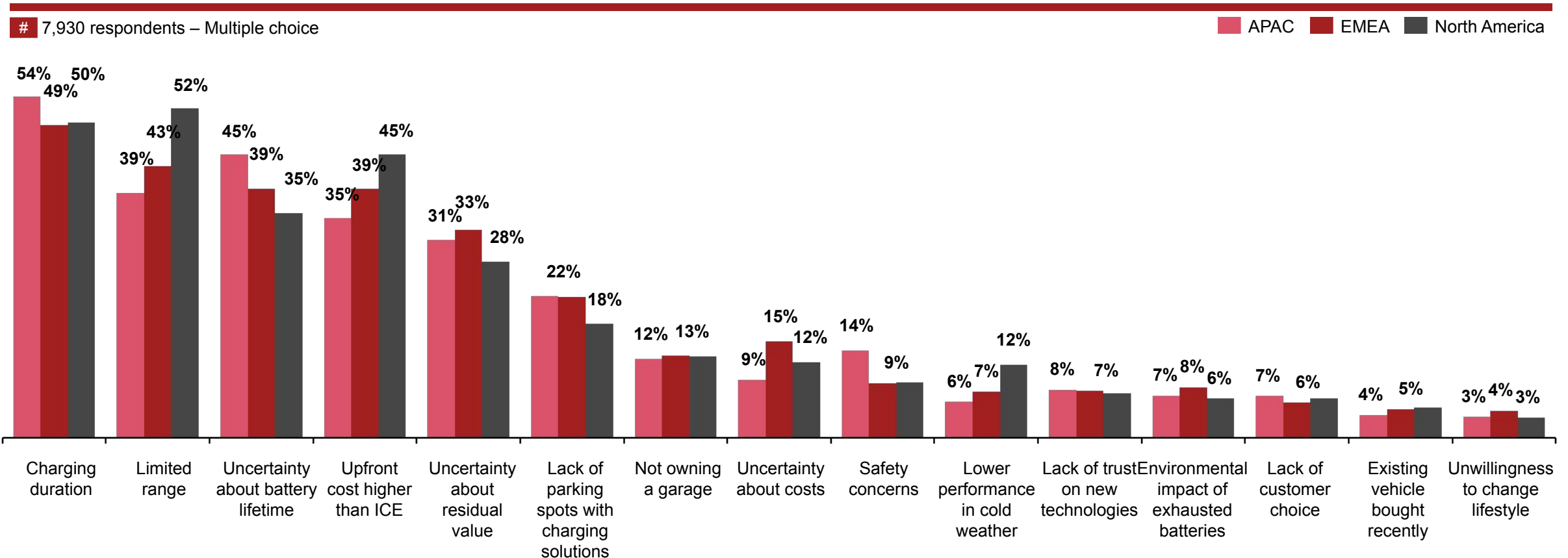
Which are the most important criteria when selecting your new electric car?



# Charging duration, range and battery lifetime are the key barriers stopping EV prospects from purchasing an EV

## Key purchasing barriers

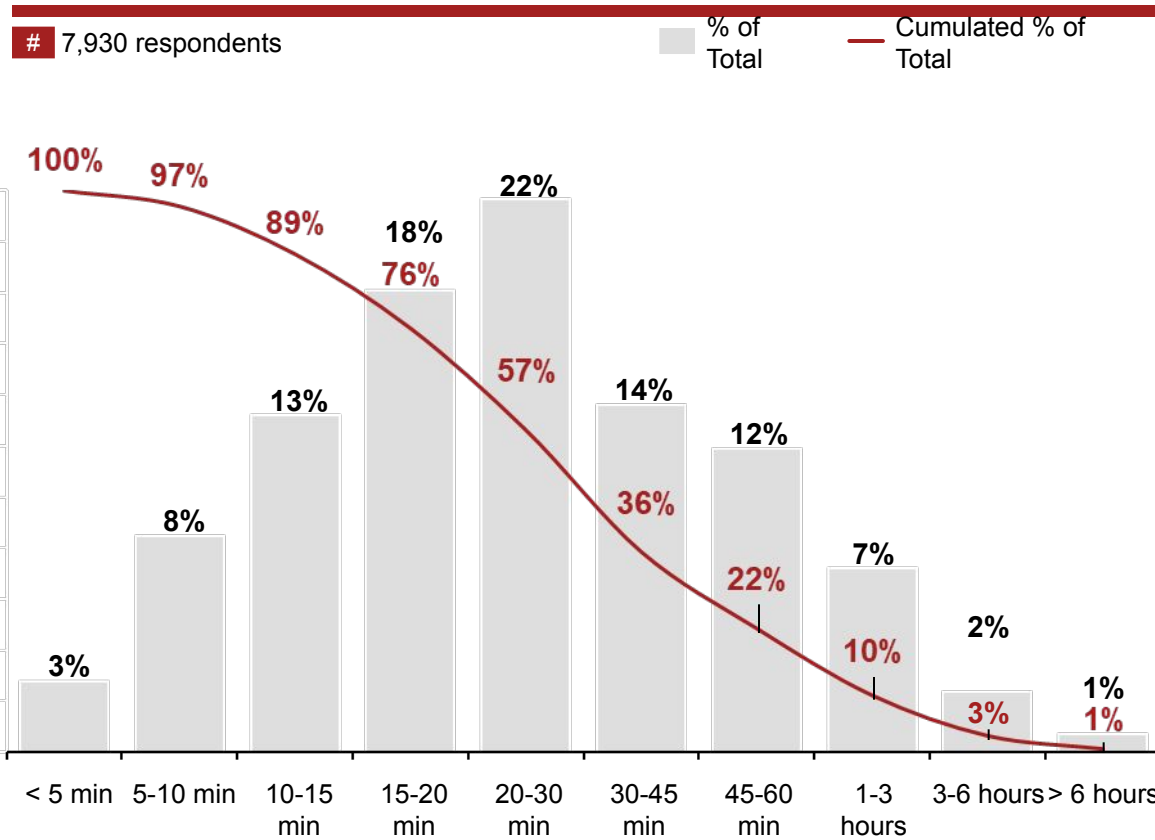
What are the key factors that discouraged you from buying an electric vehicle up until now?



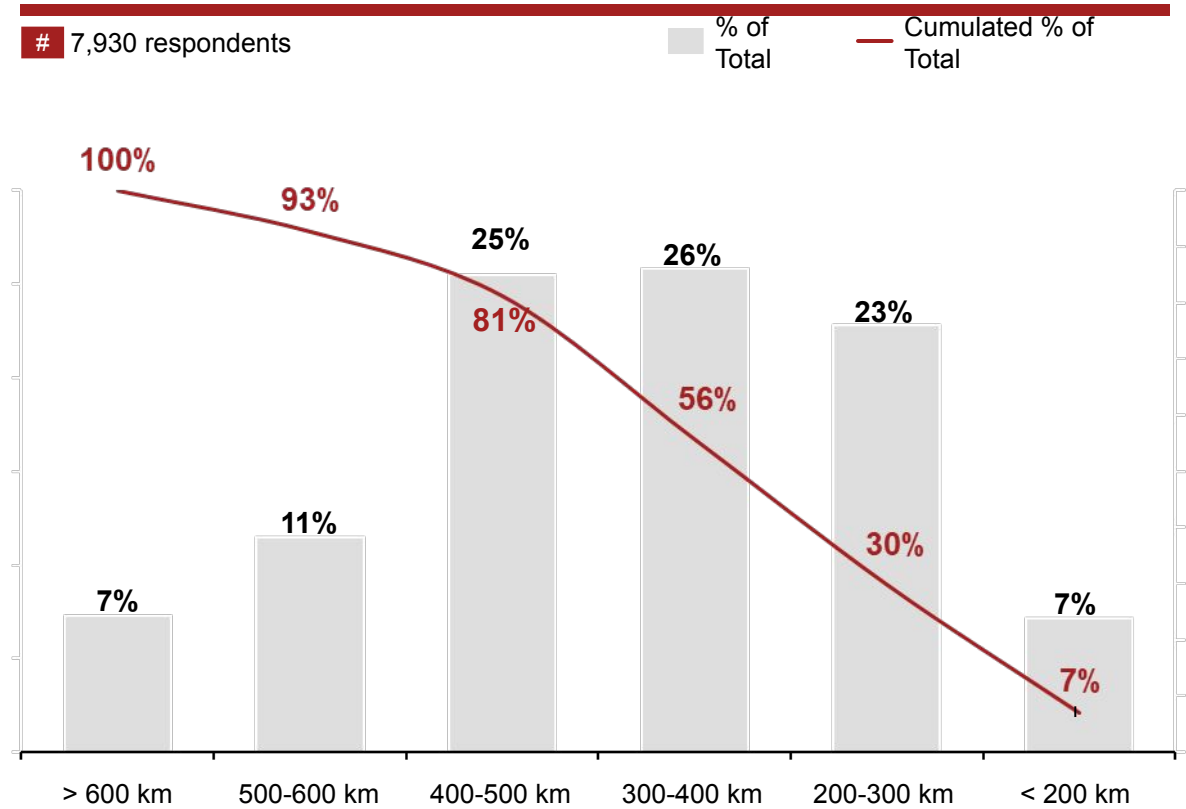
# 60% of EV prospects would consider it acceptable to have a 300-400km driving range and full charge their car in less than 30 mins

## Charging time and driving range expectations

How long would you consider acceptable to charge your car?



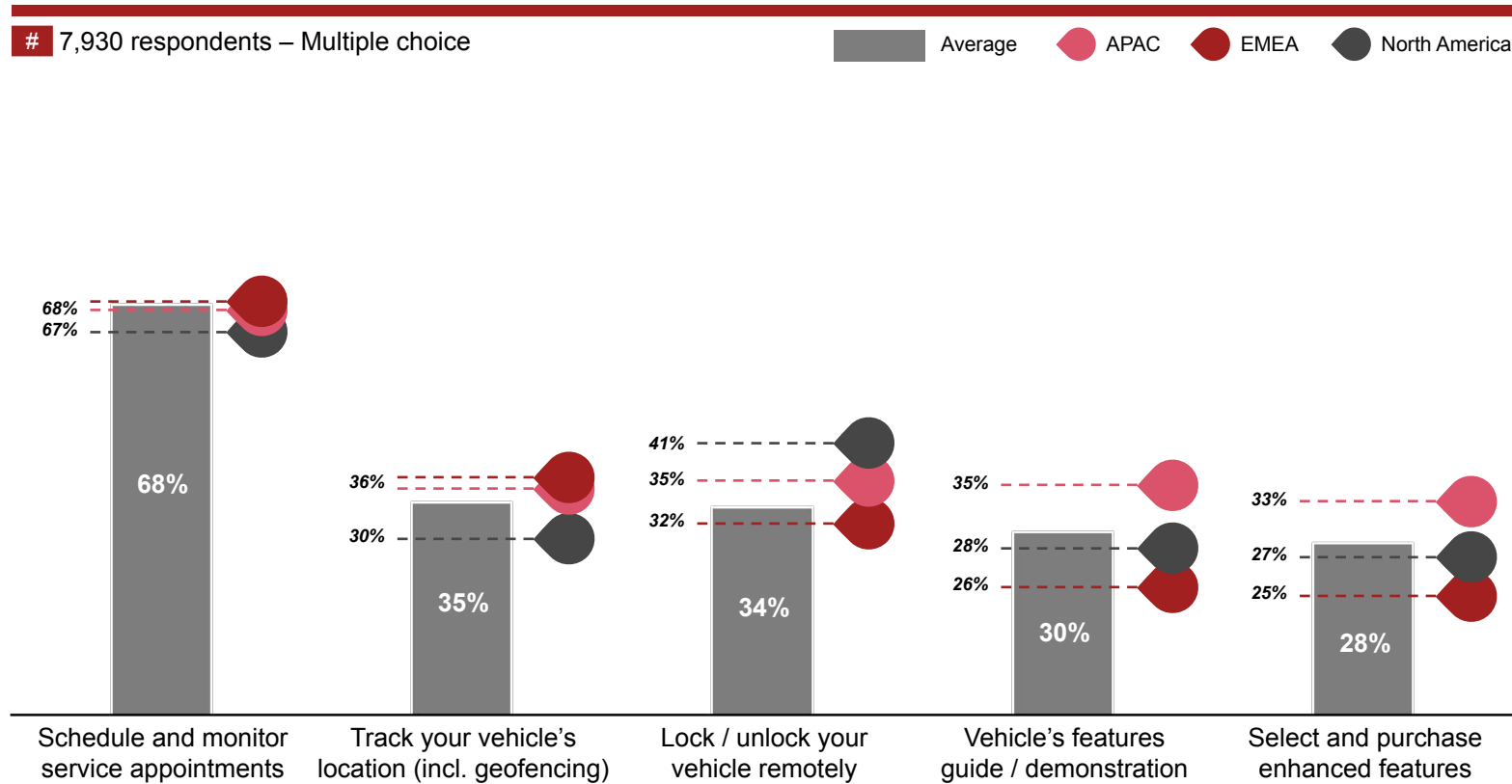
What would you consider an acceptable driving range?



# OEM car apps are seen as a useful tool to manage the car lifecycle, schedule a service appointment and manage an EV remotely

## Digital app

### Which are the top 5 services do you use / would you like to have in your car app?



### Other services of interest



Remote start (e.g. warm-up / Pre-conditioning)



Locate a dealer / authorized service



View battery state of health and current level of charging



Remote support (e.g., live chat with agent)



Remote park assist





02. Consumer viewpoints

# EV Sceptics

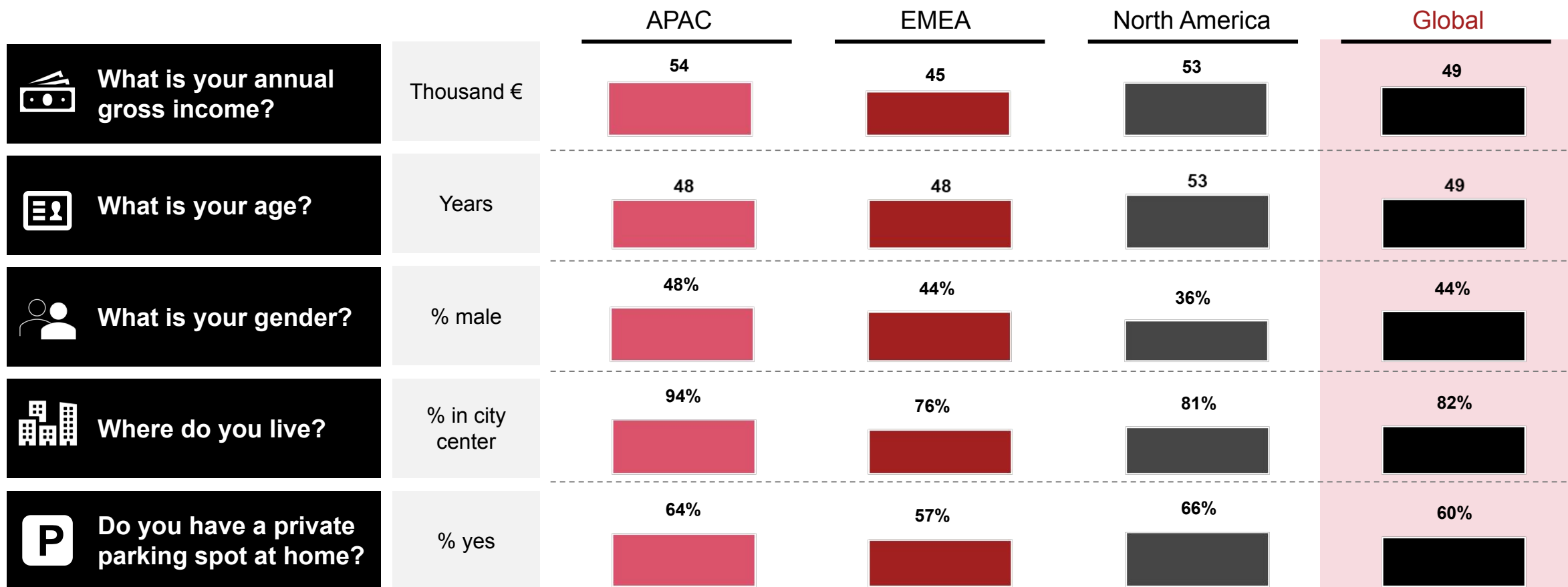
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Consumers who have declared their intention not to buy an Electric Vehicle (BEV or PHEV) in the next 5 years

# Sceptics display regional variance in terms of demographics and mobility, indicating different mobility needs

## EV sceptics – Regional differences

# 4,108 respondents



# Sceptics show substantial differences across the globe requiring a localized approach to convert them into prospects

## EV sceptics – Regional differences

# 4,108 respondents

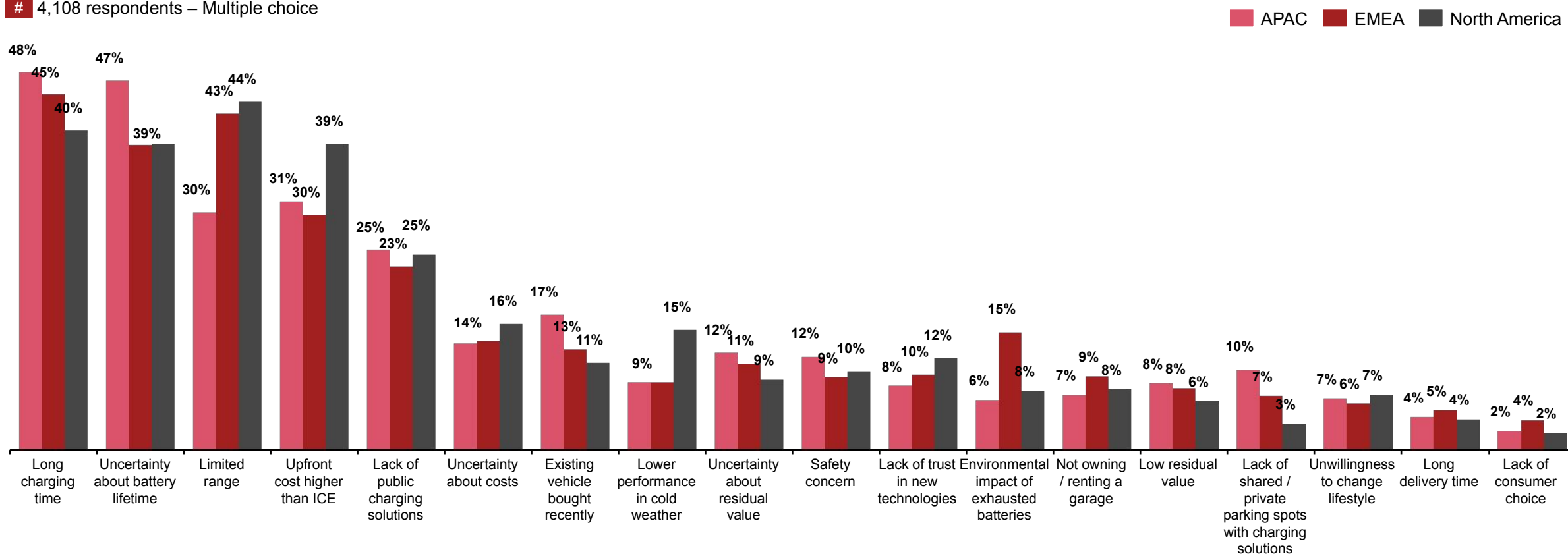


# Key inhibitors vary across geographies, with EMEA and North America being put off by the limited driving range while APAC from the charging time

## Main reasons for rejection

### What are the main reasons that discourage you from buying an EV?

# 4,108 respondents – Multiple choice



Note: percentages may not total 100% due to rounding  
Source: Strategy& analysis on feedback from consumer survey



03.

# eReadiness Index

# The eReadiness Index is comprised of 14 KPIs grouped into 4 main dimensions for each country in scope

## eReadiness Index Dimensions and KPIs



### Government incentives

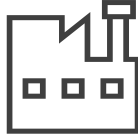
Analysis of specific government incentives with focus on:

- Grants (Purchase subsidies, national and local grants, scrapping bonus)
- VAT exemption
- Registration tax reduction
- Annual ownership tax exemption



### Infrastructure

- Installed public charging points per thousand cars (total circulating EV and non-EV fleets)
- Installed public fast charging points (>150kW) per highway km
- Share of renewable energy generation
- Ratio of gasoline to electricity driving cost



### Supply

- EV share of total registrations
- Depreciation rate of a country's top selling EVs
- Number of pure EV players present in the market

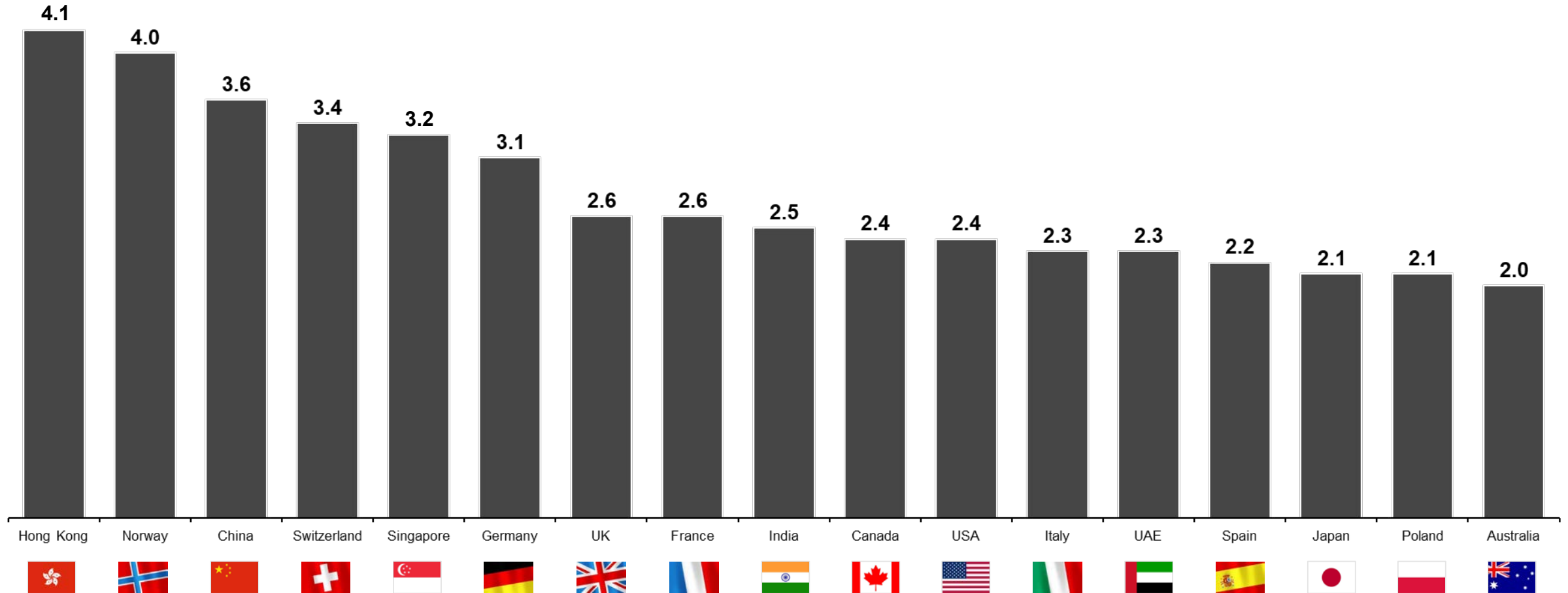


### Demand

- Consumers' willingness to buy an EV within the next two years
- Share of short distance (<30km per day) drivers
- Average household income

# Hong Kong and Norway are the most eReady countries across all dimensions while Australia seem the least mature one for e-mobility

## eReadiness Index



Note: percentages may not total 100% due to rounding  
Source: Strategy& analysis on feedback from consumer survey

# In Europe, Norway is the most eReady country across all dimensions while Italy, Spain and Poland seem the least mature for e-mobility

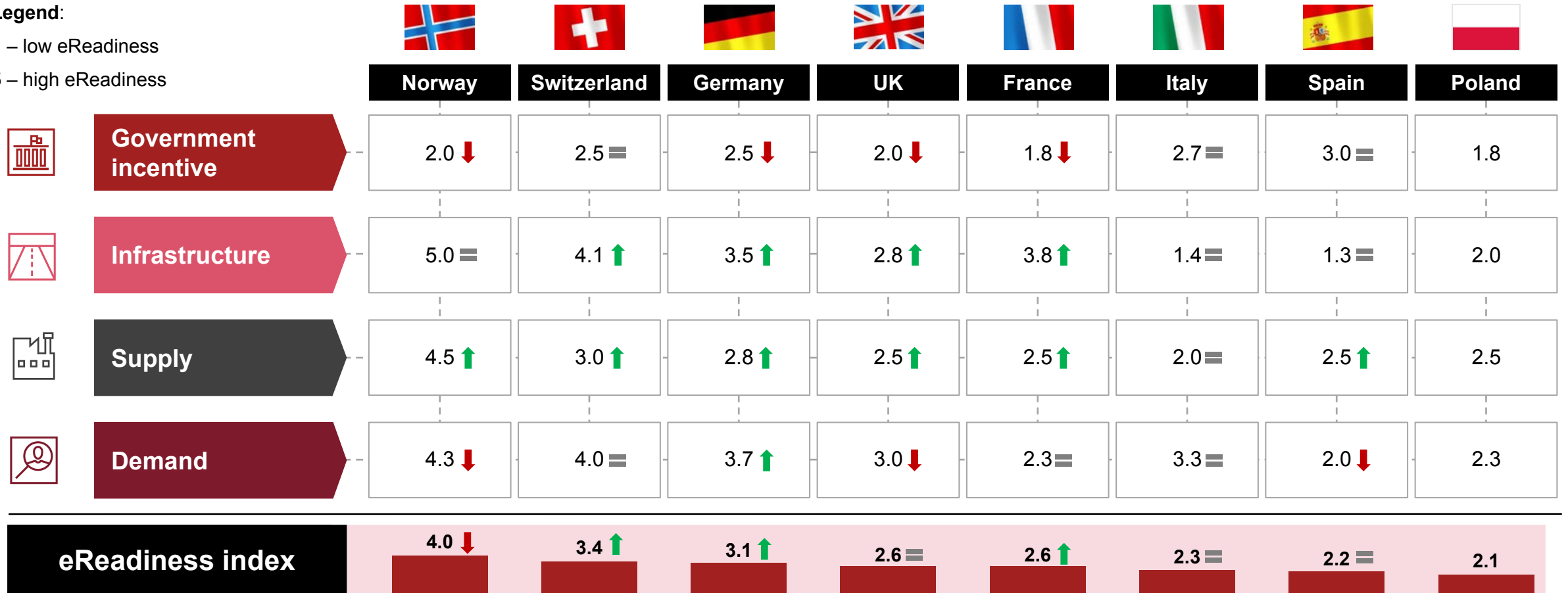
## eReadiness Index – Focus on Europe

↑ ↓ = Vs. 2022

### Legend:

1 – low eReadiness

5 – high eReadiness





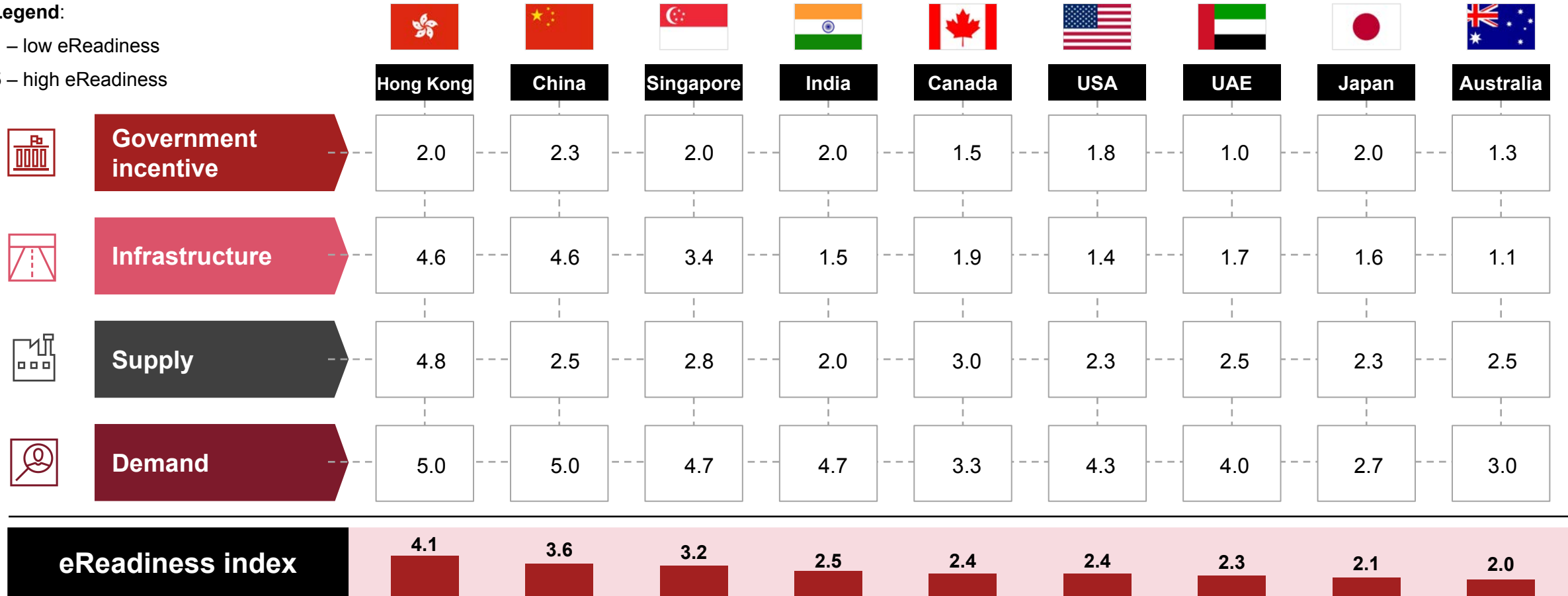
# Hong Kong, China and Singapore immediately rank among the most eReady countries across all countries considered

## eReadiness Index - Rest of the World

Legend:

1 – low eReadiness

5 – high eReadiness



# Government incentives are measured based on consumer fiscal savings

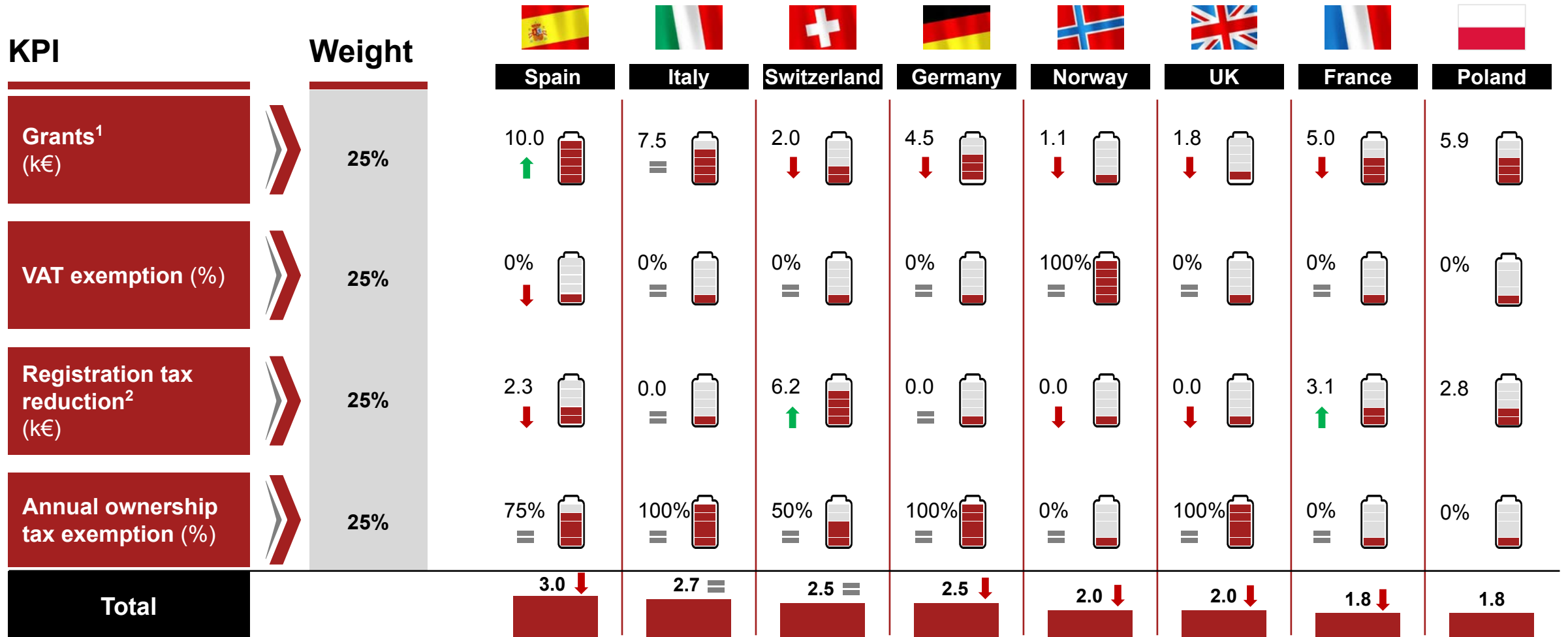
## Dimension overview

KPI	Definition	Scoring
Grants	Total amount of maximum <b>purchase subsidies, national and local grants, scrapping bonus</b> per EV granted to a consumer by the government	<b>Low (1):</b> 0–2,000€/BEV <b>High (5):</b> > 8,000€/BEV
VAT exemption	Exemption or maximum reduction on <b>VAT granted</b> to a consumer when buying an EV	<b>Low (1):</b> 0–20% reduction <b>High (5):</b> > 80% reduction
Registration tax reduction	Exemption or maximum reduction on <b>one-off registration taxes, import taxes</b> or CO2/NOx taxes	<b>Low (1):</b> 0–2,000€/BEV <b>High (5):</b> > 8,000€/BEV
Annual ownership tax exemption	Total maximum amount of <b>annual ownership tax reductions</b> granted to a consumer by the government	<b>Low (1):</b> 0–20% reduction <b>High (5):</b> > 80% reduction

# Spain and Italy provide the highest government incentives to consumers, while France and Poland the lowest

## Score & KPI per country – Focus on Europe

↑ ↓ = Vs. 2022   
 Low (1)   
 High (5)

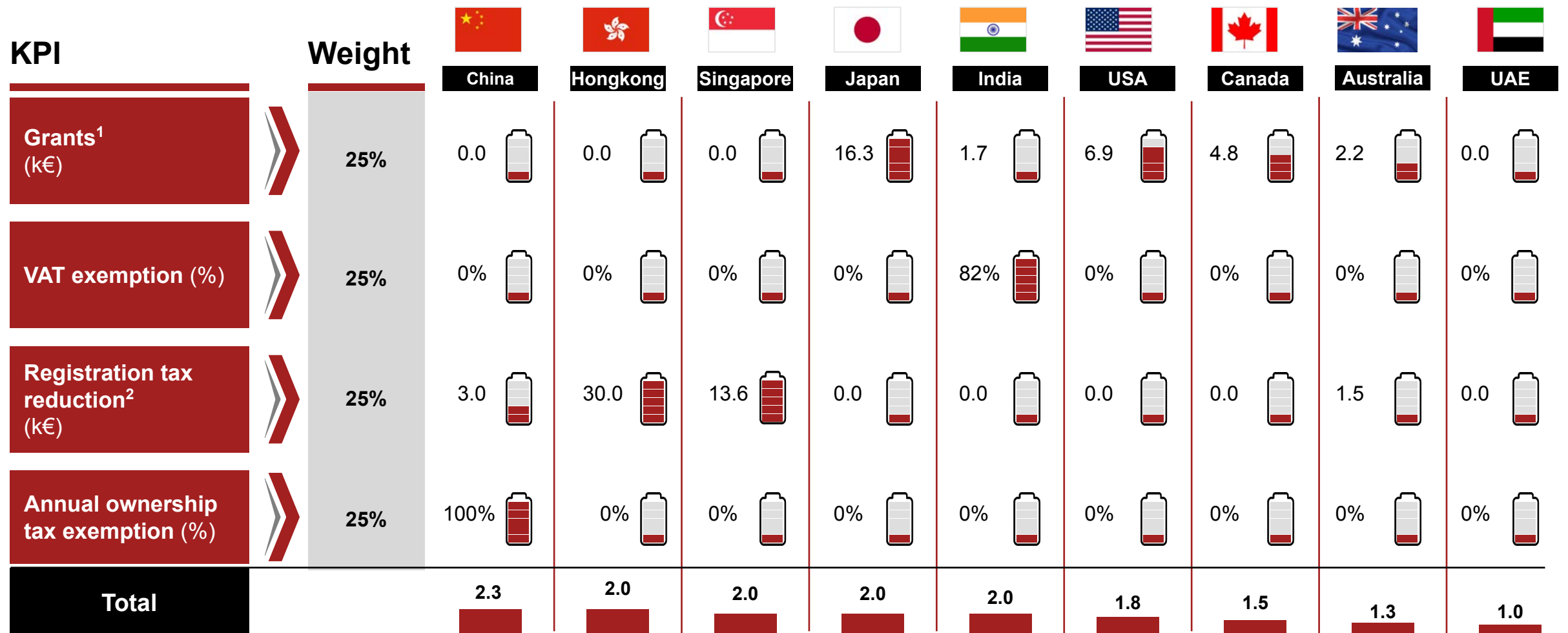


1) Max. grant amount considered, figures do not include local grants 2) Includes only emission-related one-off-taxes for cars above 160gCO2/km (e.g. weight tax excluded); Source: European Alternative Fuels Observatory; Government websites; Acea

# China and Hong Kong offer the highest government incentives to consumers, while India and UAE offer the lowest

Score & KPI per country – Rest of the World

Low (1) High (5)



1) Max. grant amount considered, figures do not include local grants 2) Includes only emission-related one-off-taxes for cars above 160gCO2/km (e.g. weight tax excluded); Source: European Alternative Fuels Observatory; Government websites; Acea

# The Infrastructure dimension measures the availability of public charging infrastructure as well as the sources and cost of electricity

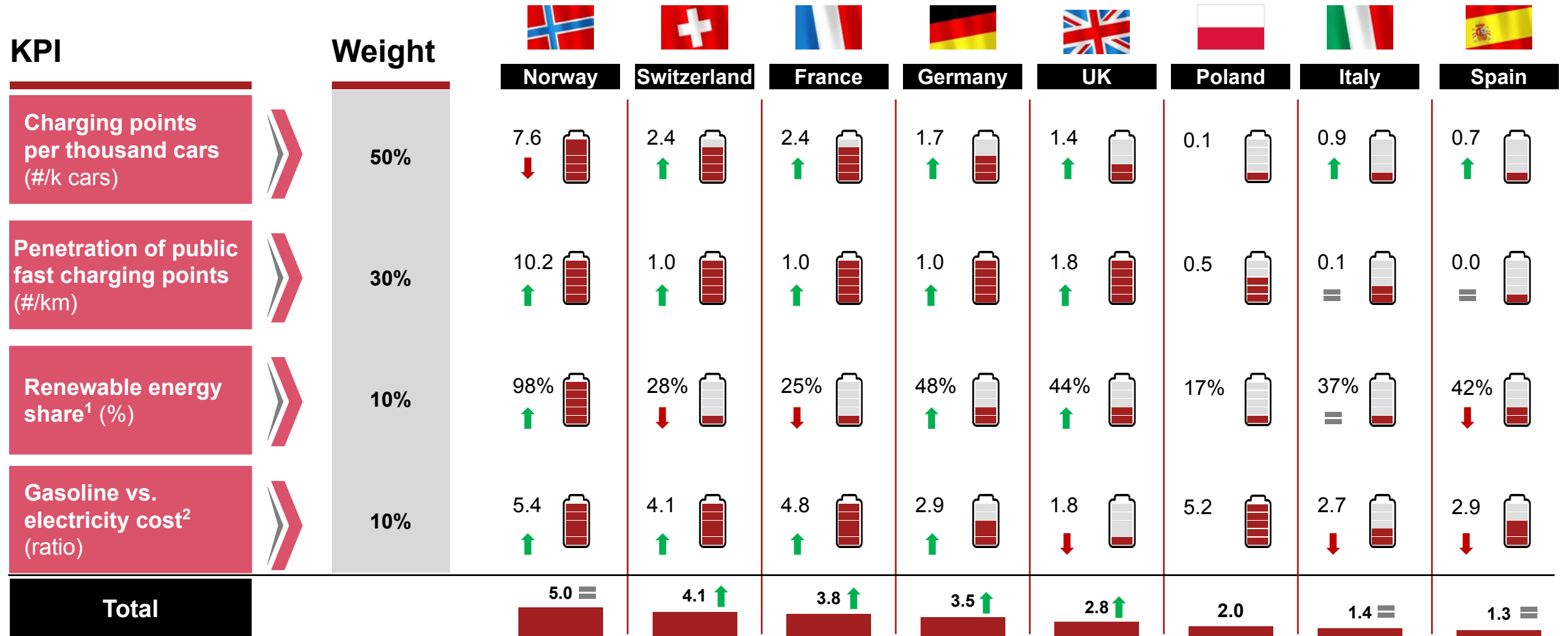
## Dimension overview

KPI	Definition	Scoring
<b>Charging points per thousand cars</b>	Number of <b>public charging points</b> per thousand cars (total circulating EV and non-EV fleet)	<b>Low (1):</b> $\leq 1$ <b>High (5):</b> $\geq 3$
<b>Penetration of public fast charging points</b>	Ratio of <b>public fast charging points</b> (over 150 kW) per km of motorway	<b>Low (1):</b> $\leq 0,1$ <b>High (5):</b> $\geq 1$
<b>Renewable energy share</b>	Share of <b>renewable energy produced</b> <sup>1</sup>	<b>Low (1):</b> $\leq 40\%$ <b>High (5):</b> $\geq 80\%$
<b>Gasoline vs. electricity cost</b>	Ratio of <b>driving costs</b> <sup>2</sup> per 100 km of ICE vs. BEV (considering gasoline for ICE and slow charging for EVs)	<b>Low (1):</b> $\leq 2,5$ <b>High (5):</b> $\geq 3,5$

# Norway is by far the most developed EV charging infrastructure, but Switzerland, France and Germany are catching up

Score & KPI per country – Focus on Europe

Low (1) High (5)

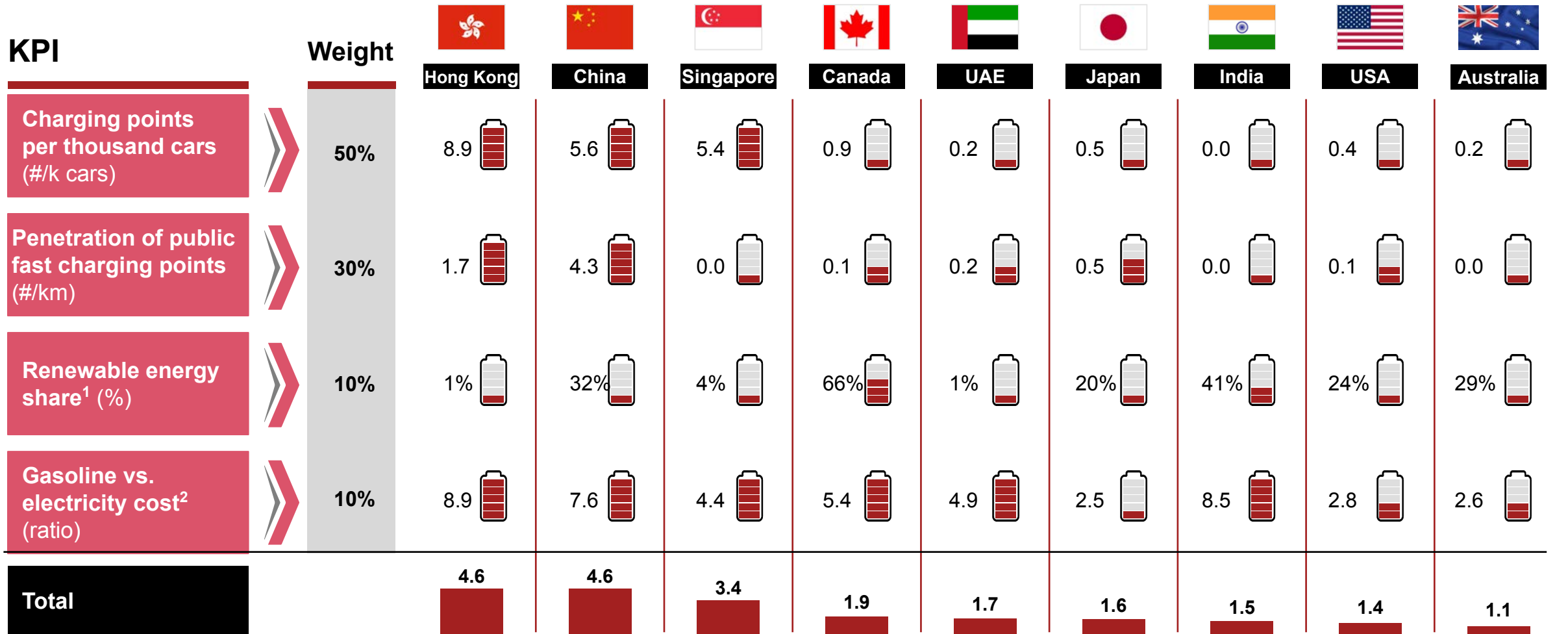


1) According to IEA classification – Renewable sources: Solar PV, wind energy, hydro energy and bio energy 2) Assuming consumption of 15 kWh or 8 litre of gasoline per 100 km; Source: IEA, Alternative fuels observatory

# China and Hong Kong and Singapore have the highest penetration of charging points for electric vehicles while India, USA and Australia fall behind

## Score & KPI per country – Rest of the World

Low (1) High (5)



1) According to IEA classification – Renewable sources: Solar PV, wind energy, hydro energy and bio energy 2) Assuming consumption of 15 kWh or 8 litre of gasoline per 100 km; Source: IEA, Alternative fuels observatory

# The Supply dimension measures the supply of EVs and their market penetration

## Dimension overview

KPI	Definition	Scoring
BEV penetration	Share of <b>BEVs based on total cars</b> sold (2022)	<b>Low (1):</b> $\leq 10\%$ <b>High (5):</b> $\geq 50\%$
Top models annual depreciation	<b>Depreciation rate<sup>1</sup></b> of top 4 selling models by country from 2018 to 2022 <sup>2</sup>	<b>Low (1):</b> $\leq -15\%$ <b>High (5):</b> $\geq -5\%$
Pure EV players	Pure <b>EV players<sup>3</sup></b> with active sales in country	<b>Low (1):</b> $\leq 1,00$ <b>High (5):</b> $\geq 5,00$

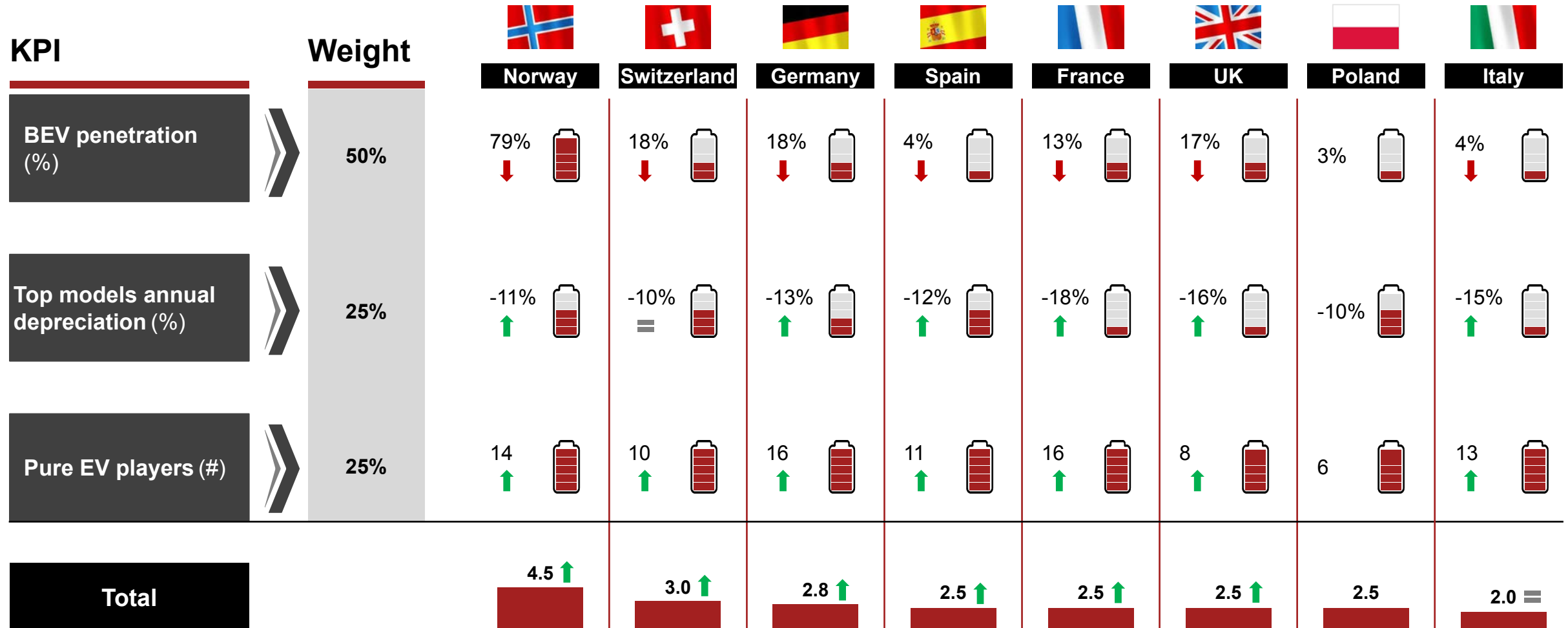
1) Within the past 5 years based on reference prices (not transaction prices) 2) Reference prices for Renault Zoe, Nissan Leaf, Tesla Model S, BMW i3 on selected platforms with search terms of 1<sup>st</sup> year of registration 2018-2021 and mileage (0, 10k, 20k, 30k and above 40k km) 3) Selection of Aiyaws, BYD, e.GO, Fisker, Genesis, Geometry, Hippi, Hongqi, Leapmotor, Lucid, Lynk&Co, NIO, ORA, Polestar, Rivian, Tesla, VinFast, WEY, Xpeng, Zedriv



# Norway is the best supplied market while Poland and Italy seems to have the lowest BEV penetration

Score & KPI per country – Focus on Europe

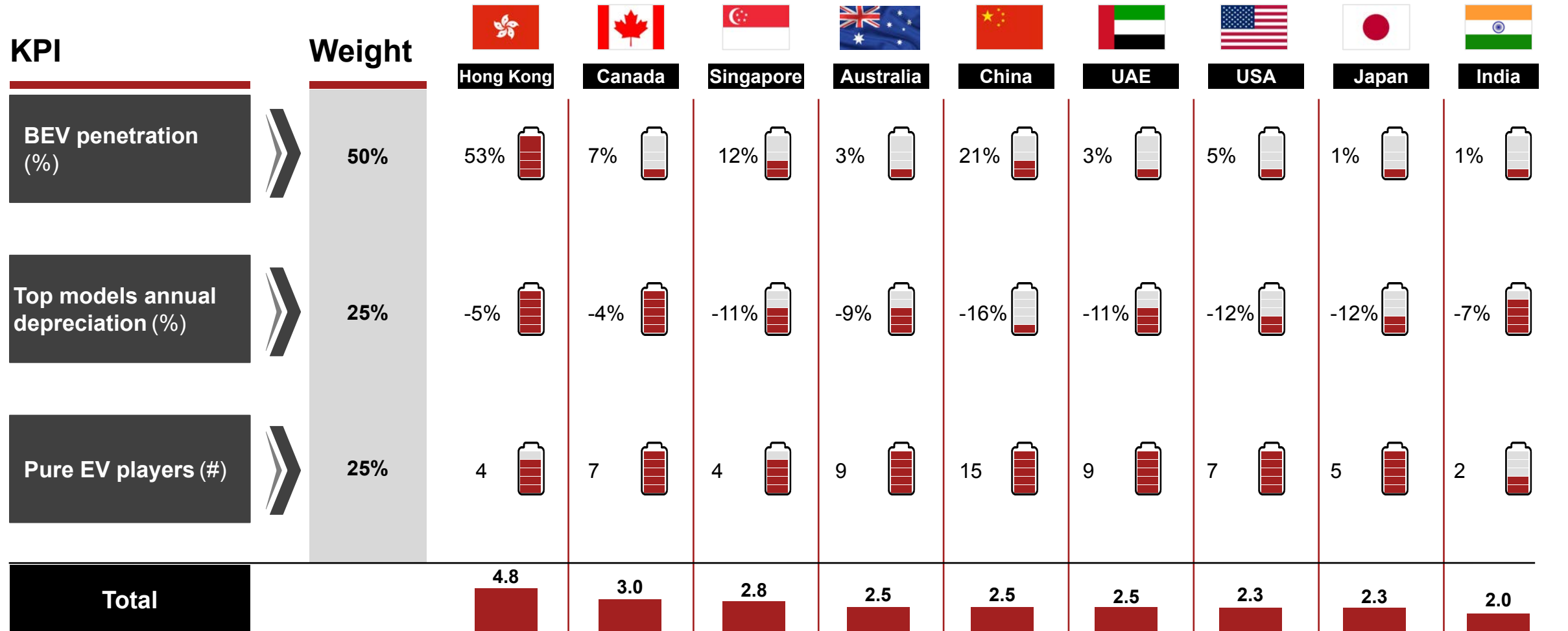
Low (1) High (5)



# Hong Kong lead the EV demand dimension by far thanks to a strong BEV penetration and residual value stability

Score & KPI per country – Rest of the World

Low (1) High (5)





# The Demand dimension leverages the Strategy& eReadiness survey, drawing on first hand data

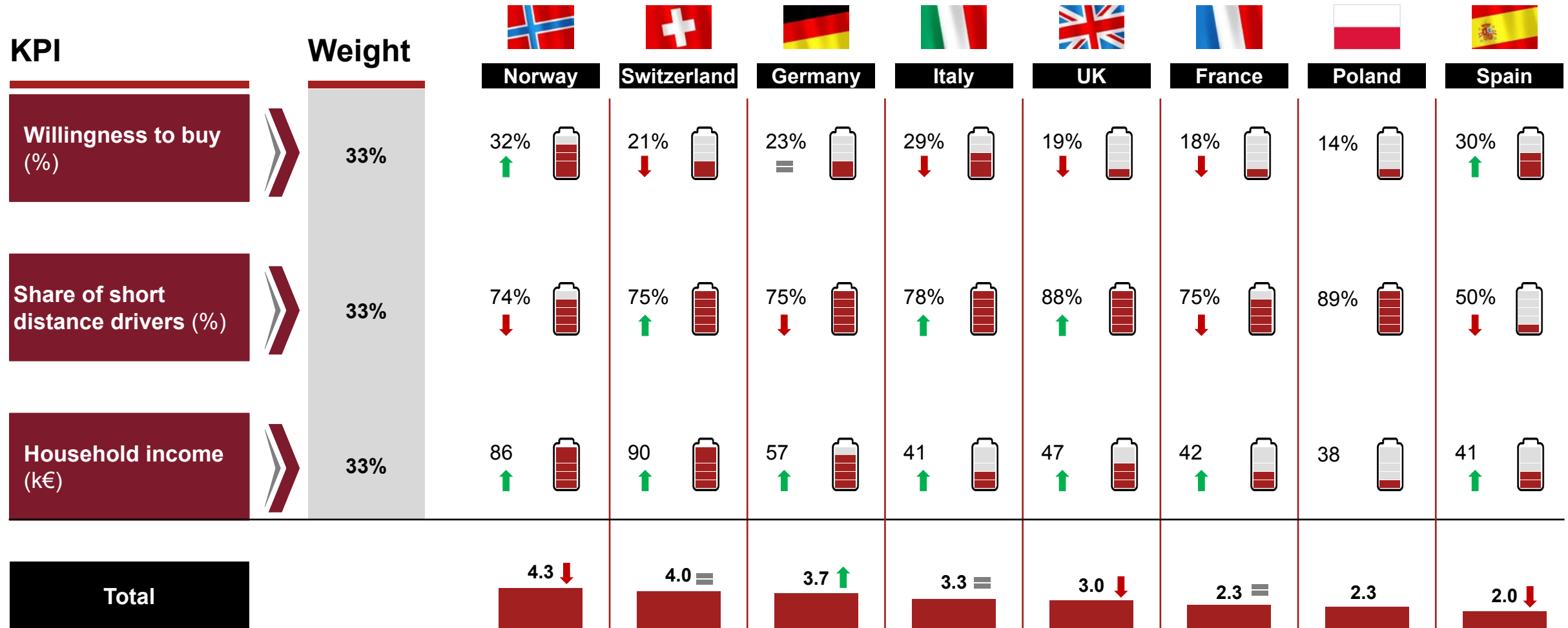
## Dimension overview

KPI	Definition	Scoring
Willingness to buy	Consumer <b>willingness to buy a BEV</b> in the next two years year (% of respondents)	<b>Low (1):</b> < = 20% <b>High (5):</b> > = 35%
Share of short distance drivers	Share of respondents driving <b>30 km or less</b> per day	<b>Low (1):</b> < = 50% <b>High (5):</b> > = 75%
Household income	Average <b>income of consumers</b> respondent to the Strategy& survey	<b>Low (1):</b> < = 40 €k <b>High (5):</b> > = 60 €k

# Norway lead the EV demand dimension thanks to a strong willingness to buy and high household income

Score & KPI per country – Focus on Europe

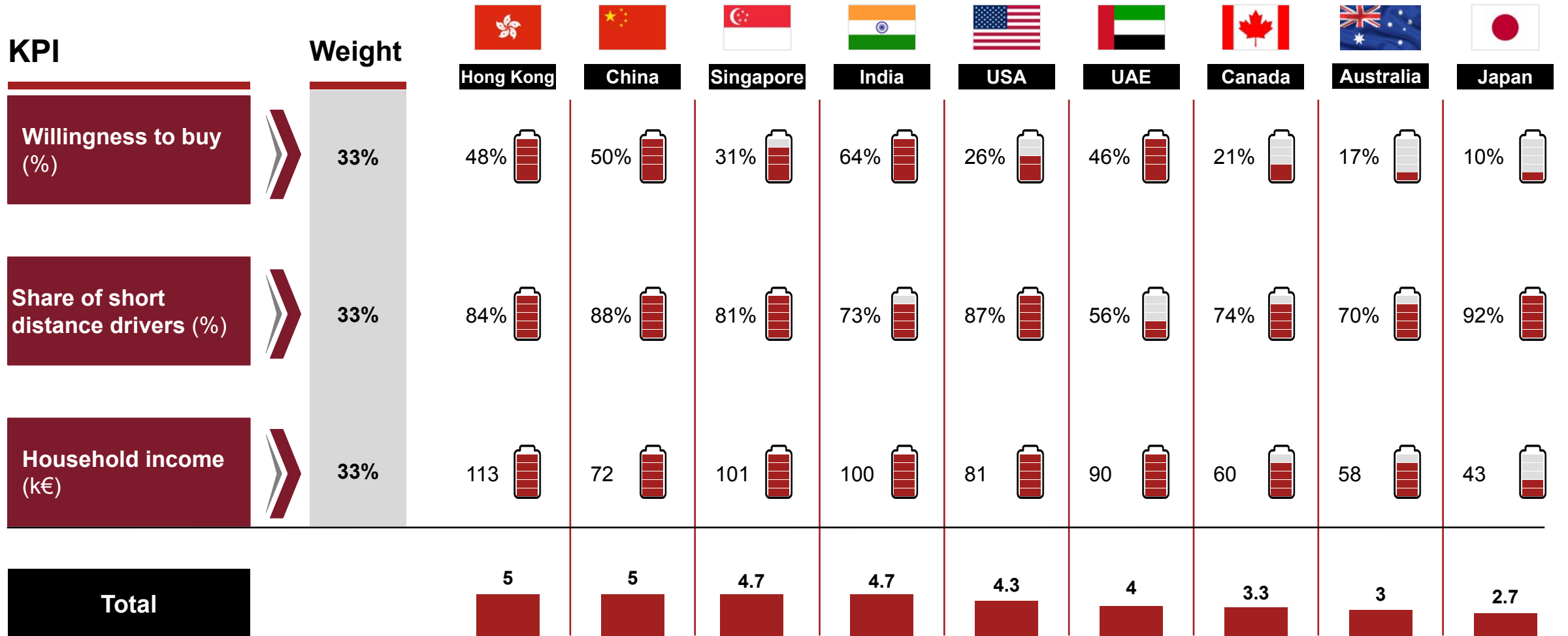
Low (1) High (5)



Emerging markets are characterized by a high willingness to purchase electric cars, as well as short travel distances.

Score & KPI per country – Rest of the World

Low (1) High (5)



04.

# Recommendations on the way forward



# We have shortlisted 5 short-term actionable improvements for e-mobility players to untap the full potential of the EV market

## Recommendations for e-mobility players (1/2)

### Recommended actions

### Rationale

	OEMs	Retailers	Utility companies & CPO	Public Authorities
Design <b>financially flexible offerings</b> that reduce upfront costs, provide additional services, and protect residual value to increase EV conversion from more hesitant prospects	✗	✗		
Build partnerships with third-party providers (including clear SLAs and incentives) to provide end-to-end support and orchestration of <b>home chargepoint installation</b> and offer <b>related products &amp; services</b> (e.g. green energy contracts, energy storage, photovoltaic panels, integrated on-the-go charging etc.) to EV customers at point of sale	✗	✗	✗	
Review and refresh the <b>used-vehicle business proposition</b> with pre-owned programs that leverage telematic data and include battery health certification to protect residual values and more effectively and profitably manage EV second-hand trade.	✗	✗		

Design **financially flexible offerings** that reduce upfront costs, provide additional services, and protect residual value to increase EV conversion from more hesitant prospects



- Upfront costs and low residual value are key purchasing barriers for 40% and 33% of EV prospects respectively
- Majority of EV owners, in particular in APAC and NA, purchased insurance services, an after sales maintenance plan and extender warranty together with the car to ensure their peace-of-mind

Build partnerships with third-party providers (including clear SLAs and incentives) to provide end-to-end support and orchestration of **home chargepoint installation** and offer **related products & services** (e.g. green energy contracts, energy storage, photovoltaic panels, integrated on-the-go charging etc.) to EV customers at point of sale



- Limited charging infrastructure knowledge (42%) and delays in process (25%) are the key issues experienced during the home charging installation
- 10-40% of consumers purchased additional EV-related products and services within a short time frame after purchasing their EV.

Review and refresh the **used-vehicle business proposition** with pre-owned programs that leverage telematic data and include battery health certification to protect residual values and more effectively and profitably manage EV second-hand trade.



- 60% of EV Owners would be willing to consider a pre-owned EV, this is driven mainly by the lower upfront costs.
- The lack of a battery state-of-health certification / warranty and the fear of reduced battery capacity are among the top barriers for 45-60% of customers.

# We have shortlisted 5 short-term actionable improvements for e-mobility players to untap the full potential of the EV market

## Recommendations for e-mobility players (2/2)

### Recommended actions

Redesign **end-to-end customer experience** to address prospective customers' EV qualms (e.g. long or multi-day test drives including public charging experience) and effectively onboard them to EV features, educate them about options & settings, and provide EV driving guidance

Review processes to **grant access to relevant public spaces** suitable for public EV charging locations and **speed-up permitting approval** to accelerate for new high-power connections to prioritize charging infrastructure build up

### Rationale

- EV owners' satisfaction continues to be lower than for ICE owners (11 p.p.) – as the EV market is shifting into a mass market, new EV owners are less tech-savvy and expect support throughout the entire customer journey
- Limited charging infrastructure knowledge (42%) and delays in process (25%) are the key issues experienced during the home charging installation

- Only 6 out of the 18 countries analyzed is above average in terms of public charging network development with more than 2.3 points for 1,000 circulating cars
- Local and national governments or their agencies have access to real estate with potential to be utilized for public EV charging

OEMs	Retailers	Utility companies & CPO	Public Authorities
✘	✘		
		✘	✘



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# Thank you

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